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REPORT NO. 138

Interaction Between Groundwater and Surface  
Water Regimes and Mining-Induced Acid Mine  
Drainage in the Stockett-Sand Coulee Coal  
Field

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TECHNICAL COMPLETION REPORT

Interaction Between Groundwater and Surface  
Water Regimes and Mining-Induced Acid Mine  
Drainage in the Sackett-Sand Coulee Coal  
Field

Project A-129MONT

to

Montana Joint Water Resources Research Center  
Montana State University  
Bozeman, Montana 59715

and

Montana Department of State Lands  
Helena, Montana

by

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## ABSTRACT

Abandoned underground coal mines in the Stockett and Sand Coulee, Montana region have been discharging acid water for many years, causing severe pollution of Sand Coulee Creek and tributaries, and ground-water resources. A two-year investigation of the hydrogeology of the Sand Coulee Creek basin was conducted to formulate acid mine drainage mitigation techniques base on hydrologic systems controls and de-centralized neutralization.

Periodic field inventories in 1980-83 located at least 17 acid discharge points flowing either perennially or ephemerally. The measured total rate of acid discharge ranged from 1-3.3 ft<sup>3</sup>/s. Most acid discharges were of very poor quality with field pH ranging from 2.2 to 5.4, acidity from 108 to 6002 mg/l as CaCo<sub>3</sub> and specific conductance from 1038 to 15,966 microsiemens per centimeter. Water types were mostly ferrous-allumimum sulfate with dissolved iron concentrations from 12 to 1065 mg/l.

Two stream gaging stations were installed on Sand Coulee Creek and one on Straight Creek. Although the watershed area of Straight Creek is only 4% that of Sand Coulee Creek, it had longer duration and sometimes greater magnitude baseflow, primarily composed of acid mine drainage. Acid water comprises roughly 60-90 % of the baseflow of Sand Coulee Creek. Most baseflow is lost to evapotranspiration and subsurface seepage.

A regional inventory of 46 domestic wells indicated that approximately one-half utilized the Madison Limestone aquifer as the primary water source with most of the remainder equally divided between Kooten-

ai sandstone and Jurassic sandstone aquifers. Most alluvial ground water is polluted and has not been utilized by residents for many years. Vertical ground-water gradients are primarily downward which has allowed mine drainage contamination to reach the Jurassic and Madison aquifers. Water quality analyses and chemical modeling indicated the probable contamination of seven of sixteen sampled wells in these aquifers. Mine drainage water reaches lower bedrock aquifers through stream seepage, alluvial ground-water leakage and well bore leakage.

Proposed mitigation techniques included, infiltration control through cultivation of water consumptive crops and grain re-cropping in recharge areas, vertical connector wells or horizontal wells to dewater the Kootenai aquifer overlying the old coal mines, injection and neutralization of acid water in the Madison limestone and small-scale neutralization pits using flyash and alkaline Kootenai ground water.

Key words: Acid mine drainage, streamflow seepage, surface water-ground-water interaction, ground-water contamination, infiltration control, drainage wells.

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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## TABLES

1	Correlations of Mine Designations Used in the Sand Coulee Drainage	40
2	Acid Discharge Characteristics, 1980-83	41
3	Major Element Water Chemistry for Modeling AMD Contribution to Impacted Wells	42
4	Selected Well Inventory Data for the Sand Coulee Area	43

## FIGURES

1	Location of study area.	44
2	Location of springs and acid discharges.	45
3	Spring discharge on 5-28-81.	46
4	Specific conductance of springs in microsiemens/cm on May 28, 1981.	47
5	Schematic cross section through a coulee.	48
6	Location of domestic wells inventoried by MBMG, 1982.	49
7	Frequency distribution of total dissolved solids (calculated, mg/l) for water samples from the Madison aquifer, sand Coulee area, Montana.	50
8	Piper plot of water analyses from Madison Group wells, Stockett-Sand Coulee area, Montana.	51
9	Piper plot of water analyses from Jurassic and Kootenai wells, Stockett-Sand Coulee area, Montana.	52
	REFERENCES	53

## APPENDICES

A.	Spring and Acid Discharge Data	A-1
B.	Geology	B-1
C.	Hydrogeological Data	C-1
D.	Surface Water Data	D-1
E.	Proposed AMD Mitigation Alternatives	E-1



## 1. INTRODUCTION

This report presents results of the Montana Water Resources Research Center project no. A-129MONT, Interaction between ground water and surface water regimes and mining-induced acid mine drainage (AMD) in the Stockett-Sand Coulee Coal Field. The second year of the project was 50% funded by the Montana Department of State Lands, Helena, Montana. The project was conducted by the Montana Bureau of Mines and Geology, Butte, Montana in 1981-83.

### 1.1 Problem Description

Coal in the Stockett-Sand Coulee area, near Great Falls, Montana, occurs within the upper part of the Morrison Formation (Jurassic) and is exposed along outcrops in the valley of Sand Coulee Creek and its tributaries. Unlike the Eastern Montana Tertiary coal deposits, the coal in this area is higher in grade (bituminous) as well as in sulfur content (0.5-5.5%) and is moderately high in ash (about 20%) (Silverman and Harris, 1967). Mining in the area commenced before the turn of the century via numerous adits which were constructed along the bottoms and sides of the major coulees. The last large-scale mine closed in 1952, but some recent exploratory drilling has been concentrated in the area between Great Falls and Stanford, where these coal deposits occur generally within 100-300 feet of land surface.

The extensive underground mining activity has allowed easy access for oxygen and water to enter the system of abandoned mines, and as a result, the area now has an extensive acid mine drainage problem. Ground water infiltrates through the overlying Kootenai Formation into the Morrison Formation, oxidizing pyrite within the abandoned mines and



discharging at low pH (2.3-5.0) from abandoned mine portals or through mine spoil backfill materials.

While the existing problem is primarily the result of mining activities, it is possibly being enhanced by non-water conservative summer-fallow cropping practices on the upland benches, which increase the amount of water that moves into the subsoil and then into the Kootenai Formation. Any future mining operations which become active in this area will have to confront the hydrologic impacts of their activities during and after mining. In light of the proposed construction of coal-fired generating facilities in the Great Falls area within 20 miles of this old mining district, the probability of new mines being established somewhere in the Great Falls-Lewistown coalfield, although remote, is as great as it has been in the last 30 years. A location map is shown in Figure 1.

## 1.2 Previous Work

Fisher (1909) published the first report on this area, describing the geology and coal resources in some detail and including a brief description of the mining operations active at that time. A chemical analysis of spring water near Stockett was made, which indicated that the water was alkaline and unpolluted.

Goers (1964) performed a geological study of the Stockett-Smith River area, which included field inventory of a number of water wells in this area.

Silverman and Harris (1967) described the geology and stratigraphy of the Great Falls-Lewistown Cretaceous coal field. A generalized stratigraphy and detailed isopachs of coal sequence were presented.



Also, geochemical characterization of a limited number of coal samples was performed.

McArthur (1970) performed a detailed short-term study of the environmental aspects of acid mine drainage in the Stockett-Sand Coulee area. He performed a detailed spring inventory and measured flows and pH over an eight month period for selected springs and surface-water stations. His work included an assessment of the hydrologic system, some water quality analyses and presentation of some alternatives for mine water neutralization, including limestone or lime treatment and mine flooding.

Hydrometrics (1982) submitted an extensive and comprehensive report on abandoned mine lands in the Belt-Sand Coulee area, concentrating on, but not limited to, the hydrology of acid mine water in this area. They provided a complete literature review, an assessment of amelioration alternatives and a re-inventory of the springs in this area. Some hydrologic data was collected, although only over a four month period.

### 1.3 Study Rationale

This project was designed to collect sufficient data to allow assessment of alternatives to centralized treatment of acid mine drainage. An ideal alternative to treatment would dispose of and/or prevent acid mine discharge in an inexpensive manner, easily applied over an extensive area, with reasonable maintenance. This investigation focused on the hydrogeologic background of two general amelioration techniques which may meet these criteria:

- 1) Infiltration control; whereby the amount of water infiltrating the old mine workings is reduced by minimizing ground-water recharge or dewatering the overlying aquifer; and
- 2) On-site neutralization methods involving surface neutralization of the numerous small acid seeps in small ponds or by gravity injection and neutralization of acid water within the underlying limestone of the Madison group rocks.

#### 1.4 Project Objectives

Project objectives for the first year of study (FY 81) were as follows:

- 1) Initiation of a comprehensive inventory of all springs and water wells in the study area, including a re-inventory of springs recorded by McArthur (1970);
- 2) Establishment of 1-3 permanent stream gaging stations in the Sand Coulee drainage, including Straight (No-Name) Creek;
- 3) Initial monitoring of springs in the area for flow, pH and specific conductance;
- 4) Water quality analysis, to characterize ground- and surface-water quality and to support investigation of their interaction.

Project objectives in the second year included:

- 1) Continuation of acid discharge monitoring;
- 2) Streamflow monitoring via the gaging stations and seepage runs;
- 3) Completion of a comprehensive domestic well inventory, aquifer identification, static water levels and field water quality characteristics;

- 4) Collection and analyses of ground-water quality data;
- 5) Preparation of a proposal for implementation of AMD mitigation techniques using hydrologic systems controls.

### 1.5 Study Site Reference System

All springs and streamflow stations were numbered using an arbitrary sequential reference system, organized by drainage basin. Acid discharge reference codes used in this and previous investigations are shown in Table 1.

Straight Creek, as it is called by local residents, is not named as such on the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) quadrangle map, but refers to the drainage through the town of Sand Coulee that is tributary to Sand Coulee Creek. This drainage is referred to by McArthur (1970) as "No-Name Creek".

Hereafter, the term "study area" is used to refer to the drainage area of Sand Coulee Creek from its headwaters to a point about two miles north of Tracy, Montana, where the creek enters the abandoned Missouri River channel. The principal towns of the study area are from north to south, Tracy, Sand Coulee, Centerville and Stockett, shown in Figure 1.

## 2. RESULTS

### 2.1 Springs

#### 2.1.1 Spring Inventory and Monitoring

During the first year of the project, 17 springs were found to be discharging acid water from mine portals or spoil piles either perennially or intermittently (Figure 2). Nine springs flowed perennially,

while eight flowed only during or after spring precipitation and snow-melt periods. These springs in general corresponded to those observed by McArthur (1970) to be active in 1969. Five springs which flowed in 1969 (McArthur's 36-3, 36-6, 7-8, 7-9 and 18-5) were not observed to flow in 1980-81. Another seep in a spoil pile (13-2) found by McArthur has apparently become plugged in recent years. A large seep area near the old Giffen mine was not included in MacArthur's inventory, possibly because the pH is not below 4 at all times of the year.

Table 2 describes the active springs; ranges of flow, conductance and pH.

These springs were monitored on a periodic basis, to evaluate annual variability in flow and water quality. The results are included in Appendix A. During the period from 6-1-80 through December 1981, results for the monitoring may not be representative of the average year. The winters of both 1979-80 and 1980-81 were very dry in the study area, despite ensuing wet spring seasons. However, the patterns of variability and response of the acid springs to precipitation events are probably typical. The net discharges of acid mine water for this two-year period may be slightly below the long-term average.

Based on the monitoring to date, the acid springs can, with several exceptions, be separated into two arbitrary groups. The first group consists of springs with high flow variability (those which have a ratio of high flow to low flow greater than 5 and very rapid response to major springtime precipitation or snowmelt events, usually responding within a few days). These springs are usually associated with mine adits located less than 150 vertical feet below the top of the overlying bench. The second group also exhibits springtime increases in

flow but to a much lesser degree. These adits are located a greater vertical distance from the adjacent uplands where the ground-water flow system is recharged.

Springs in the first group (variable discharge) are in all cases located north of the town of Stockett, including the springs near the towns of Sand Coulee and Centerville. Some of these springs with exceptionally high variability include AS-01 (from 43-500 gallons per minute (gpm)), AS-07 (from 12.5-250 gpm) and CS-10 (from 0-80 gpm). In May 1981, peak flows at springs were obtained within two weeks of the end of the period of most intense precipitation. The pH in springs of the first group ranges from 2.29-4.20, with most in the range 2.3-2.9. Most springs (AS-03, AS-02, AS-04, AS-01, AS-07) tend to become only slightly more alkaline during high flow periods in the spring, probably due to dilution by alkaline recharge. Others (AS-06, CS-10) become more acid, probably due to flushing of pockets of stagnant water of high acidity from the mines due to an increased flow caused by infiltration on the upland benches. Recharge water infiltrating into the mines must not be of sufficiently high alkalinity or volume to reduce the acidity of the discharge.

Figure 3 shows spring discharge measured on 5/28/81, immediately after intense spring rains. The flows are, in all cases, the highest observed for each acid spring during 1980-1981 and in some cases represented an order of magnitude increase over discharge at low flow. Actively discharging acid springs are common along the west side of the upland bench separating Straight Creek from Sand Coulee Creek and are east of this bench relatively scarce in the Centerville area. This suggests that the springs in the town of Sand Coulee are locally re-



charged and that ground water flows in these mines to the northwest, possibly conforming to the dip of the Morrison and Kootenai beds beneath this bench. The total measured acid discharge from all springs was a minimum of about 358 gpm ( $0.8 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}$ ) on 3-5-81 and a maximum of about 1479 gpm ( $3.3 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}$ ) on 5-28-81.

Specific conductance (S.C.) values of mine discharge (Figure 4), taken at the same date, are in most cases not greatly lower than at other times of the year and in several springs is actually higher than at low flow. S.C. ranges from 476-10,306 microsiemens per centimeter (us/cm), with the springs discharging water of less than 1000 us/cm being either alkaline or dominated by alkaline recharge. Most spring discharges are in the range from 2000-7000 us/cm. Dissolved ferrous iron concentrations and concentrations of suspended ferric hydroxide have a large influence on the S.C. of these waters, and for this reason S.C. is probably less indicative of other water quality characteristics than it is for most natural waters. Spatial patterns are not apparent in this S.C. data, but generally springs which emit from backfilled minespoil materials are of poorer water quality and higher conductance than those discharging from open adits.

Specific conductance variations indicate that, despite the large increases in flow in the spring, very little dilution by recharge water is taking place. Most conductance values decreased by less than 25% in May 1981, in response to over 6 inches (in.) of local precipitation. Several springs (AS-06, AS-07) actually increased in conductance, suggesting again that isolated pockets of poor quality water in the mines are being flushed in the spring and lie stagnant during much of the rest of the year.

The very rapid hydrologic response of most acid springs suggests substantial interconnection between the surface and the mine workings, probably along vertical joints and fractures sometimes visible along valley walls. The morphology of stream and coulee orientations in the region suggests structural control which may be another expression of this joint system.

Several open adits were found in the bottom of Mining Coulee, south of Sand Coulee, where high water marks indicated that large volumes of surface runoff pour directly into the old mine workings. The rapid response of AS-01, in particular, may be related to this apparent surface water infusion.

From well records, saturated sandstone strata occur throughout the Kootenai Formation although only the basal sandstone unit shows extensive continuity and saturation. Recharge along fractures may increase the pressure head within these beds and augment the rate of leakage from these perched aquifers through fractures into the underlying basal Kootenai. The conglomeratic sandstone unit at the base of the Kootenai probably forms the roof of many of the mine adits and is the primary source of ground-water leakage into the old workings.

Increase of seepage rates from the basal Kootenai into the mines increases ponding of water within the mines and flushes pools of acid mineralized water towards the portals. Due to the slope of the adits, they drain freely and oxygen has ready access, allowing pyrite oxidation to occur at a high rate.

The recharge-discharge relationship for most acid springs is believed to be quite local. For example if the mean annual flow rate from AS01, AS02, AS03 and AS07 is estimated to equal 300 gpm (0.668

cubic feet per second ( $\text{ft}^3/\text{s}$ )), assuming the approximately 3 square miles ( $\text{mi}^2$ ) bench area south of Sand Coulee to be the recharge area, the annual recharge rate would equal 3 in. This represents about 19% of the mean annual precipitation, a reasonable estimate for this area.

Only a few springs fall into the second, low-variability category. They include CS-09, along Cottonwood Coulee two miles south of Stockett, and BS-01, the Giffen Mine East outflow. Both occur at elevations nearly 200 feet below the surrounding upland benches where ground water is recharged. This additional separation from recharge apparently dampens the spring response to rainfall and snowmelt infiltration. The Giffen Spring increased in flow by a factor of about 1.5 in May 1981; its water quality decreased considerably, with pH decreasing more than a whole unit and conductance increasing from 6000 to 8600. During fall and winter, at low flow, both pH and water quality improve somewhat.

The Giffen Spring (BS-01) produces relatively consistent baseflow, averaging 250 gpm (3040 acre-feet/year) during the 1981 water year. Local precipitation was probably slightly higher than the local average of 15 in./year, although no accurate precipitation data are available from this specific locality. Assuming 16 in. total for the year and assuming, quite liberally, that 50% (8 in.) of this precipitation contributed to ground water as infiltration rather than contributing to crop use, runoff, or evapotranspiration, then discharge from these mine workings was recharged from an area at least as big as  $7.12 \text{ mi}^2$ , an area greater than the  $3\text{--}4 \text{ mi}^2$  available for recharge along the upland bench immediately to the east of the mine. It is probable that groundwater flow in the Kootenai moving down gradient from its recharge area towards the Belt Mountain foothills is being intercepted by the old



mine workings and discharging from the north-westerly sloping Giffin adit.

#### 2.1.2 Spring Water Quality

Water quality data collected from springs in 1980 and 1981 are listed in Appendix A (A-2). Field pH for spring waters ranges from 2.38-3.98 for all sites except BS-01, the Giffen mine, where it ranges from 3.8-5.4. While none of these springs are alkaline, acidity shows a broad range, from 108 (BS-01) to 6002 (AS-03) milligrams per liter (mg/L) as  $\text{CaCO}_3$ . The waters are ferrous-aluminum-sulfate dominant, with minor calcium and magnesium. Iron (Fe) (12-1065 mg/L) and aluminum (Al) (1.72-752 mg/L) are the most abundant metals, although there are also high concentrations of trace metals including nickel (Ni) (0.24-5.31 mg/L) and zinc (Zn) (0.60-21.5 mg/L). Lesser (<1 mg/L) but detectable concentrations of cadmium (Cd), chromium (Cr), copper (Cu), and in some cases molybdenum (Mo) also occur. Both arsenic (As) (<80 parts per billion (ppb)) and selenium (Se) (<21 ppb) are at low concentrations.

Ferrous iron is dominant over ferric at the mine mouths, although some minor amounts of iron in excess or dissolved iron were recovered--probably ferric hydroxides in suspension in the water.  $\text{FeSO}_4^0$ ,  $\text{AlSO}_4^+$ , and  $\text{Al}(\text{SO}_4)_2^-$  are all strong complexes in this solution. Sulfate activities are probably at a plateau in some of these waters, due to the fact that the majority of any sulfate added to the water is probably complexed by either iron, aluminum, or alkaline earths and many waters are saturated with respect to gypsum. As the iron oxidizes and drops out of solution downstream, the sulfate activities might be

expected to increase and possibly cause other sulfate species to attain saturation.

These waters are undersaturated with respect to all but a few mineral phases. One is gypsum; another is chalcedony, which becomes supersaturated in neutralized waters due to dissolution of silicates under acid conditions.

## 2.2 Ground Water

Ground water occurs in most all of the permeable rock units in the Stockett-Sand Coulee area. A description of the geologic formations in the area is given in Appendix B. From oldest to youngest age, aquifers are known to yield water to wells from the Mission Canyon formation of the Madison Group (Mississippian), the Swift Sandstone (Jurassic), sandstone beds in the lower Kootenai formation (Lower Cretaceous), glacio-fluvial and glacio-lacustrine deposits (Quaternary) and stream alluvium (Quaternary). Figure 5 is a schematic hydrogeologic section. Vertically stacked aquifers separated by shale aquitards frequently occur, and surface water-ground water interaction is a common phenomenon. Ground water movement is primarily horizontal within specific aquifers, in response to the hydraulic gradient. Vertical movement of ground water can occur when two aquifers are in direct contact with each other, when natural rock fractures or man-made features such as well bores allow vertical movement, or by slow leakage through aquitards.

An inventory of domestic water wells in the study area was completed in summer 1982. Field data are presented in Appendix C (C-1) and included owner, location, static water level, field specific con-

ductance and pH and water use information. Measured static water levels, and S.C.'s are shown in Table 4 and are referenced to a location map in Figure 6. Field data were correlated with the Montana Ground Water Appropriation forms which gave useful information on well completion, yield and the lithology encountered in drilling. A total of 46 domestic wells were inventoried on at least one occasion. The Madison limestone aquifer supplied 24 wells, Jurassic sandstones 11, Kootenai sandstones 10, and alluvium only 2. Five wells were completed in multiple aquifers and the water bearing source of two wells could not be estimated at all.

#### 2.2.1 Madison Aquifer

The Mission Canyon Formation of Mississippian Age is the principal aquifer in the Madison Group Rocks. It is composed of massive light-gray limestone and thin dolomite interbeds which have been extensively karstified. Ground water flows through fractures and solution cavities that may occur from near ground surface to depths of at least 700 feet. The aquifer appears unconfined to moderately confined in the study area based on water level data, and some Madison wells in the Centerville and Tracy area expel and suck air with considerable force. Horizontal ground-water flow is generally from south to north (Feltis, 1980, 2). Vertical ground-water flow in the study area is downward with some deeper Madison wells having lower static water levels than shallower ones.

The primary recharge area for the Madison aquifer is on the flanks of the Little Belt Mountains where many square miles of Madison Group rocks are exposed to relatively high precipitation (20 in. or more

annually). Additionally, streams are reported to lose water as they traverse portions of the Madison outcrop. More limited recharge occurs in the study area where local doming of the Madison results in exposures of fractured limestone in the Centerville-Stockett area. Streamflow from Number Five Coulee and Cottonwood Coulee directly infiltrates Madison rocks. The Madison also probably receives recharge as leakage from overlying saturated alluvium. Results of water quality analyses indicates that some of this recharge is acid mine drainage water.

The best known discharge point for the Madison aquifer is Giant Springs just east of the city of Great Falls. Approximately 300 ft<sup>3</sup>/s of ground water issues from large springs near and in the Missouri River (Patton, 1983). Between Tracy and Great Falls, the Madison aquifer may develop upward vertical leakage and discharge to overlying aquifers and to the pre-glacial Missouri River Channel south of Great Falls. Water quality and head data from the Madison, Swift and Kootenai aquifers is often similar, suggesting a high degree of inter-aquifer connectivity just north of the study area.

#### 2.2.2 Swift Aquifer

The Madison Group is unconformably overlain by Jurassic marine sediments of the Ellis Group. Sandstone of the Swift Formation directly overlays the Mission Canyon Formation in much of the study area. The Swift is a fine- to medium-grained, well-cemented quartz sandstone from 0-40 feet thick. It appears cross-bedded or massive in outcrop, weathering to a pale orange to brown color. Beds of chert-pebble and brachiopod shell hash conglomerate may occur in the lower part. The Swift occurs over most of the study area and is well exposed

in the coulee bottoms of Cottonwood Creek north of Stockett and Number Five Coulee southwest of Stockett.

The Swift sandstone is known to yield water to three wells in the Tracy vicinity south of Stockett, and it is the probable source of two springs issuing near the bottom of Cottonwood Creek below the Morrison coal seam. Relatively little is known concerning the extent, thickness and water-yielding characteristics of the Swift sandstone between Stockett and Tracy. In the Sand Coulee Creek Valley north of Center-ville, water wells drilled to the Madison sometimes do not encounter the Swift sandstone, indicating it is probably removed by erosion. One Swift well just northwest of Tracy was sampled and has a TDS of 1,994 mg/l, indicating potential contamination from AMD in nearby Sand Coulee Creek. Data are too sparse to construct a potentiometric map of the Swift, although flow is believed to occur from south to north.

The recharge-discharge regime of the Swift aquifer is not well known. Like the Madison, it is probably recharged where exposed along the flanks of the Little Belt Mountains and to a lesser extent in the study area, where local doming and erosion in coulees bring the ground surface close to the elevation of the Swift Sandstone. Since there is no observable confining bed between the Swift and Madison aquifers, they may act as a unit north of Tracy where the Madison becomes fully saturated. Similar heads and water quality between Tracy and Great Falls further suggest the inter-connectivity of the Madison and Swift aquifers.

The Swift Formation is overlain by the Morrison Formation which consists of 100-200 feet of gray shale with interbedded sandstone, limestone and coal. The Morrison coal bed or beds occur near the top



of the Jurassic section and were the target of mining in the area.

### 2.2.3 Kootenai Aquifer

The Lower Cretaceous freshwater Kootenai Formation is present at land surface over most of the study area and unconformably overlays the Morrison Formation. The basal unit of the Kootenai is a resistant, cross-bedded, coarse, salt and pepper sandstone bed, from 2-80 feet thick (Walker, 1974). Above this basal sandstone, the Kootenai consists of numerous, lenticular, poorly continuous sandstone beds, 1-50 feet thick, interbedded with green, gray and maroon mudstone. The Kootenai is typically 100-300 feet thick in the study area with 100-300 feet of the upper Kootenai member having been removed by erosion. The basal conglomeratic sandstone unit directly overlays the Morrison coal bed and is a relatively continuous aquifer supplying wells throughout the study area. More discontinuous sandstone beds occur stratigraphically higher on the Kootenai and occasionally yield water to wells and springs.

Horizontal ground-water flow in the basal Kootenai aquifer is generally from the topographically high benchlands to nearby coulees bisecting the Kootenai formation. There is a regional bedrock dip of approximately 3-6 degrees to the north-northwest and ground water migrates down dip, commonly resulting in springs and seeps on the northwest terminus of benches. Southern and eastern Kootenai outcrops are usually drier. In unmined areas, natural springs are common at the contact of the basal Kootenai with the less permeable Morrison Formation.

The many thin sandstone and shale beds in the Kootenai are quite

brittle and flexure of the South Arch in Tertiary time resulted in extensive fracturing of the Kootenai rocks. These fractures and related joint systems readily allow vertical ground-water movement and recharge from surface sources. The limited data available from domestic wells indicates that the basal Kootenai aquifer is sometimes confined in the middle of benches, and is frequently unconfined in wells near the edge of benches where the Kootenai section is bisected.

In relation to acid mine drainage, the removal of the coal bed underlying the basal Kootenai sandstone aquifer has resulted in leakage of ground water into the old mine workings. The old tunnels and rooms are efficient ground-water drains, which locally dewater the basal Kootenai sandstone and allow water to be conveyed down-gradient to old mine portals situated at the outcrop areas in the principal coulees. The normally alkaline Kootenai ground water is exposed to atmospheric oxygen and pyrite in the old mines where the chemical oxidation process occurs, producing AMD.

#### 2.2.4 Quaternary Aquifers

Ground water occurs in stream alluvium deposits of Sand Coulee Creek and tributaries in the study area. These deposits are relatively thin south of Sand Coulee and Centerville, typically 10 to 30 feet thick. North of these towns, the valleys of Sand Coulee Creek have been filled with a combination of alluvial, glacial, and lacustrine deposits to thicknesses of up to 150 feet as recorded by water well drillers. The alluvial deposits are typically sand and fine-medium size gravel, gravelly clay, sandy loam, and sandy clay, brown to yellow-brown in color.

Evidence of glacial and lacustrine deposits comes from the widespread influence of Pleistocene continental glaciation throughout the Great Falls area as described by Alden (1932) and Walker (1974). Several water well logs in the Tracy vicinity record alternating deposits of yellow, sandy clay and gray silt, consistent with a postulated sequence of glacial deposits and lacustrine deposits from ice-marginal glacial lakes.

Water wells in the abandoned pre-glacial Missouri River Valley north of the study area are reported to obtain good yields of ground water from scattered sand and gravel lenses (Walker, 1974). But the lateral occurrence and depth of these deposits are unpredictable. Wilke (1983) inventoried at least 5 water wells completed in Quaternary deposits found in the pre-glacial channel.

Although most of the alluvial deposits in the study area are saturated, little use is currently made of alluvial ground water due to AMD contamination. Only south of Stockett, above the highest elevation AMD source, is significant use made of alluvial ground water. The town of Stockett obtains a portion of its water supply from an alluvial infiltration gallery about 2 miles south of town. However, local residents report high iron problems occur in the spring when ephemeral AMD sources discharge upgradient from the collector.

The alluvial deposits of Sand Coulee Creek and tributaries are the intermediate receptor of most visible AMD in the study area. Stream channels cut into the alluvium carry most of the AMD discharge. However, in the Sand Coulee and Centerville vicinity, as the alluvial deposits deepen, streamflow is partially or entirely lost to the alluvium. AMD is therefore a continued source of recharge to the alluvium.



North of Tracy, the alluvium is apparently in direct contact with the Madison limestone. Reports from drillers indicate that the vertical gradient is downward, thereby allowing AMD contaminated alluvial ground water to recharge the Madison aquifer. Local residents also report that the acid alluvial ground water has caused failures of cement grout and steel casing in the alluvium and that downward leaking alluvial ground water has contaminated formerly good quality Madison aquifer ground water.

### 2.2.3 Ground Water Quality

The chemical quality of ground water in the Stockett-Sand Coulee area is quite variable due to the different types of rocks comprising the multiple aquifers, the effects of AMD, the hydraulic connections between aquifers and surface water-ground water interactions.

In general, it is possible to discuss each aquifer as having its own "characteristic" water quality and intra-aquifer trends. Variations from the typical condition are most often due to inter-aquifer mixing or to chemical reactions imparted by acid mine drainage water. Water quality data from laboratory analyses of sampled wells are presented in Appendix C (C-2).

#### 2.2.5.1 Madison Aquifer

Water wells tapping the Madison aquifer southeast of the Missouri River near Great Falls usually have total dissolved solids (TDS, calculated) concentrations usually in the range of 400-600 mg/l. Giant Springs, several miles northeast of Great Falls, is thought to be a regional discharge point for the Madison aquifer. The spring has been

sampled 11 times between 1890 and 1983 and has had a TDS of 369 to 498 mg/l and approximately equal milliequivalence of  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Mg}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{HCO}_3^-$ , and  $\text{SO}_4^{2-}$  (Patton, 1983). Feltis (1980, 1) mapped TDS concentrations of Madison wells throughout northern Montana which showed a concentration gradient of less than 1000 mg/l near mountain uplifts to over 10,000 mg/l in the Williston basin. The density of wells sampled, however, except in the Great Falls and oil field areas, is quite low.

The chemical quality of Madison wells sampled in the Sand Coulee area is quite variable and does not fit expected patterns. Figure 7 is a histogram indicating that seven of twelve Madison samples were less than 600 mg/l, and five ranged from 600 to 2,413 mg/l. The five high TDS samples had milliequivalent ratios of sulfate to bicarbonate of from 1.7 to 7.7. Figure 8 is a Piper plot which graphically illustrates the progression of increased sulfate concentrations among the samples. An analysis of Giants Springs is included for comparison.

Since the high TDS wells are scattered throughout the study area, there is little evidence to support a water quality trend of this magnitude based on length of ground-water flow path. Anhydrite beds known to occur in the Charles Formation which, in places, overlies the Mission Canyon Formation, could be a source of sulfate and TDS increases. However, the Charles Formation is not known to occur in this area and lithologic logs of water-well drillers have not indicated any evaporitic zones in the study area.

Although natural sources cannot entirely be ruled out, at this time a plausible explanation for the anomalously high TDS and sulfate concentrations is the infiltration and mixing of AMD water with native Madison aquifer ground water. Higher TDS and sulfate concentrations

are a byproduct of the acid producing metal oxidation reactions that take place in the old mines and during surface water or ground-water transport of AMD. It is believed that the contaminated Madison wells are generally down-gradient from an AMD source, particularly if the well is in a tributary coulee bottom. The downward gradient and possible fractures associated with the coulee may provide the conditions favorable for contamination. Figure C-3 (Appendix C) shows the proximity of AMD sources to the Madison aquifer wells in the study area. Chemical models of the AMD and Madison ground-water interaction are presented in section 3.3.

#### 2.2.5.2 Jurassic Aquifers

The Swift Formation is the most prevalent Jurassic aquifer in the study area, however, other water-bearing sandstones occur regionally in the Morrison Formation which overlies the Swift sandstone. Four Jurassic aquifer samples were collected in this investigation but lack of well log information prevented differentiating the specific water-bearing zones.

Three of the Jurassic aquifer samples are calcium-magnesium-bicarbonate types with TDS of 277 to 433 mg/l, and one, the Lyman well, is a calcium-magnesium-sulfate type, with a TDS of 1737 mg/l. The analyses are plotted on a Piper diagram in Figure 9.

Wilke (1983) reported analyses from three Morrison wells and two Swift wells in the Great Falls vicinity. Morrison wells had TDS (sum of constituents) range of 908-1480 mg/l and had mixed water types. The Swift wells had TDS values of 846 and 1020 mg/l and were calcium-sulfate and sodium-sulfate water types respectively.

The proximity and hydraulic connectivity of Swift and Morrison aquifers to each other and to adjacent aquifers may give reason to expect water quality variability. The Lyman well appears anomalously high in TDS and sulfate and may be affected by AMD water. No log exists for the well but it is drilled on the very edge of the Sand Coulee Creek Valley which is known to be a source of AMD leakage to lower bedrock aquifers.

#### 2.2.5.3 Kootenai Aquifer

The Kootenai aquifer is the surficial bedrock aquifer over most of the study area and receives recharge directly from precipitation and surface sources. Four water samples from the Kootenai aquifer were collected in this investigation.

Three samples were collected from the basal Kootenai sandstone aquifer, two from wells and one from a spring. The two well samples had TDS values of 369 and 433 mg/l and were a magnesium-bicarbonate type. The spring was located about 400 meters north of the Giffen mine works and had a TDS of 295 mg/l, and was a calcium-magnesium-bicarbonate type.

One sample came from a well also near the Giffen mine but located on the bench. The water-bearing zone was a limey sandstone about 65 feet below ground surface and about 50 feet above the basal Kootenai sandstone. The TDS was 369 mg/l and it was a calcium-magnesium-bicarbonate type. The analyses are plotted along with the Jurassic well samples on a Piper diagram in Figure 9.

These results are similar to those of Wilke (1983) who sampled five Kootenai wells in the Great Falls vicinity and reported a TDS

range of 558 to 1,550 mg/l, with magnesium and bicarbonate being the principal constituents in three of the samples.

Total field alkalinity in the Kootenai samples ranged from 269 to 433 mg/l as  $\text{CaCO}_3$  and field pH ranged from 6.63 to 7.48. Kootenai aquifer ground water is thought to be the principal source of leakage into old mine workings and hence is the water that becomes acidized. These analyses indicate that native Kootenai ground water is alkaline and of relatively good quality. The undisturbed Morrison coal bed is thought to be an aquitard and hence does not transmit appreciable quantities of ground water.

#### 2.2.5.4 Quaternary Aquifers

The alluvial valleys of Sand Coulee Creek and tributaries contain ground water, although in most of the study area, it is not used domestically because of AMD contamination. Residents long ago abandoned alluvial wells and consequently there are very few existing alluvial wells. No alluvial wells could be found north of Stockett, and so no data could be collected on alluvial water quality.

The town of Stockett's alluvial collector well 2.5 miles south of Stockett was field checked in spring, 1981 and found to have a pH of 5.3. The alluvium there is up-gradient from most perennial AMD discharges, however, ephemeral AMD sources apparently discharge during wet weather, causing some seasonal contamination. Stockett residents complained of iron staining and bad taste during these occasions and in 1981 drilled a deep well to the Madison aquifer for a public supply. This has been the trend throughout the study area. Shallow alluvial wells have been replaced by deeper bedrock wells to escape AMD contam-



ination problems. However, as previously indicated, both Jurassic and Madison aquifers show evidence of contamination in selected wells.

Further suggestion of alluvial ground-water contamination came from rancher O. G. Johnson who lives about 2 miles north of Tracy. He reports that a number of shallow wells drilled across his property in Section 31 (T. 20 N., R. 5 E.) and Section 6 (T. 19 N., R. 5 E.) encountered only AMD affected water. As a result, they drilled deeper wells to the Madison aquifer but in at least one case, acid water disintegrated the cement grout and steel casing causing the well to be contaminated and abandoned.

Contamination of alluvial ground water may extend along the entire reach of the pre-glacial Missouri River, now occupied by Sand Coulee Creek. The extent of contamination will be mapped in a subsequent investigation by the MBMG and Montana Department of State Lands.

## 2.3 SURFACE WATER

### 2.3.1 Gaging Stations

Three gaging stations were installed within the Sand Coulee drainage in Fall, 1980. The three locations (Appendix D) are Sand Coulee Creek at Centerville, below the confluence with Cottonwood Creek (CF-03); Sand Coulee Creek at Tracy, above the confluence with Straight Creek (CF-02); and Straight Creek north of the town of Sand Coulee (AF-01). The stations were installed with modified 90 degree V-notch weir plates, having a 30 degree cutout at the base to a gage height of 1.12 feet. The 30 degree modification was designed to increase the resolution of low-flow determinations, up to a discharge of about 1 cfs.

Stevens Type A recorders were employed in the stilling wells. The Centerville weir accommodated flows up to  $50 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}$  (gage height 4.24 ft), while the Tracy and Straight Creek weirs could measure up to  $13.4 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}$  (gage height 2.83 ft). Design plans and rating equations used for the weirs are included in Appendix D (D-1).

Daily discharge data and stream hydrographs for the gaging stations are displayed in Appendix D (D-7). The short term data allow only tentative generalizations to be drawn, including:

- 1) Sand Coulee Creek shows high annual variability in discharge. During late winter and spring, its flow is dominated by runoff from snowmelt and spring rainstorms in the Sand Coulee area and in the upper reaches of the watershed in the Belt Mountains. In 1981, intense spring rainstorms in May caused flash flooding along Sand Coulee Creek in the Tracy-Centerville area, washing away the two original stilling well installations at CF-02 and CF-03. Peak flows fell gradually, and by October the main watercourse was essentially dry. It would not be unusual for Sand Coulee Creek to be dry by August in a year of "normal" precipitation and earlier in dry years. Bank and bed materials around these two stations were washed out a second time in May, 1982, again following a spell of very wet weather. The instability of the channel materials and limitations on station construction forced the abandonment of the sites. They could be reinstalled as open channel stations. Peak flows topped the weirs by over one foot (gage heights >5.0 feet).

Low flow periods exhibited both streamflow losses and gains between the Centerville and Tracy weirs. Concurrent streamflow records in November, 1981 indicated a possible loss of 5-15 gpm in that reach. An eleven day period in latter August, 1981 indicated very little change in flows at about 300 gpm.

- 2) Straight Creek, despite having a watershed area of only about 4 percent the size of Sand Coulee Creek, has baseflows similar in magnitude and sometimes of longer duration. Sand Coulee Creek was dry from November through March in water year 1981, while Straight Creek had base flows of 0-10 gpm. The AMD from the many abandoned mines tributary to Straight Creek is primarily responsible. During low flows most of the water in Straight Creek infiltrates to the alluvium before the confluence with Sand Coulee Creek.

<sup>3</sup> Peak flow in 1981 occurred on May 16 and reached  $21.6 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}$ . Summer flows generally ranged from 5.0 to  $0.2 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}$ .

### 2.3.2 Seepage Profiles

A seepage profile can be viewed as an instantaneous detailed summary of variations in stream discharge throughout a watershed, although in practice the collection of this data takes as long as several days. In a stream like Sand Coulee Creek dominated by acid mine drainage, changes in water quality (pH, specific conductance, metal concentrations) also reflect variations in stream discharge and can point out stream gains or losses.

Acid mine drainage discharges into surface water systems and undergoes changes in both quality and quantity early in its downstream flow. Changes in surface-water quantity include losses, primarily streambed infiltration, and gains, primarily inflow from tributary drainages and seepage from shallow ground-water discharge. Changes in quality are primarily due to mixing with tributary streams and to precipitation reactions caused by oxidation of the acid water. Seepage profile data were collected to investigate these downstream changes in discharge and water quality and to relate them to the interaction of the ground water and surface water. All stream seepage profile sites are shown in Appendix D (D-2).

#### 2.3.2.1 Number Five Coulee

The seepage profile on Number Five Coulee, conducted March 14, 1981 was terminated prematurely when a temporary restraining dam was breached. However, eleven measurements were made beforehand between the Giffen mine and the confluence with Cottonwood Creek. Streamflow measurements were made with a hand-held pressure-diaphragm current meter, readable to 0.1 ft/sec.



There were both gains and losses, but there appeared to be a tendency for decreasing streamflow possibly indicating losses to alluvium and bedrock. The net loss between successive measurements along the approximately four stream miles ranged from 24 to 104 gpm, and is depicted in Appendix D (D-3). The pH and specific conductance at the 11 sites remained relatively constant, with pH values from 6.05 to 6.68 and specific conductance values from 1159 to 1228 us/cm (see Appendix D (D-4 and D-5)).

#### 2.3.2.2 Sand Coulee-Cottonwood Creek

Seepage characteristics of Sand Coulee and Cottonwood Creeks were determined with 21 seepage run stations established from 8-26-81, 1500 hrs., to 8-29-81, 1000 hrs. (see Appendix D). These included tributary flows entering at DF01 (Sand Coulee Creek), BF01 (Number Five Creek), and AF01 (Straight Creek), as well as 18 temporary stations installed along the main drainage of the area formed by Cottonwood and Sand Coulee Creeks (CF01-CF18). The three permanent gaging stations were included in the seepage profile. Discharge was measured at each station except these three using a portable reinforced plywood 90-degree V-notch weir, graduated in hundredths of a foot. At each station the weir was installed and leveled across the channel using clay and mud. The water level was allowed to rise to equilibrium behind the weir, at which time the gage height was noted. At stations where the stream gradient was high, equilibrium was achieved within a few minutes; under gentler gradients, slow rise in water level persisted for up to four hours. At all stations except one (CF01), an equilibrium gage height was attained. The relative error of the technique is estimated at  $\pm 5$

percent. The field pH and S.C. were measured at each station. In addition, seven water quality samples were collected and analyzed for major element chemistry and for both total recoverable and dissolved metals (Appendix D, D-6). The discharge at AF01 had been sampled and analyzed six weeks earlier, on 7-17-81, and in light of the low variability of discharge, conductance and pH between these two dates, the data from this earlier analysis were considered representative of AF01 during the seepage profile.

The results indicate that about 1078 gpm of surface water was input and about 1065 gpm was lost from Sand Coulee Creek as channel seepage and evapotranspiration between the uppermost point 5 miles south of Stockett and the mouth of the creek at the Missouri River.

Evapotranspirational losses in warm months complicate the interpretation of seepage profile data. Diurnal fluctuations of hydrographs from gaging stations on Sand Coulee Creek and Straight Creek indicate peak evapotranspirational withdrawals of 20 to 30 gpm and average daily withdrawals of 9 to 14 gpm. An estimate of the total direct evapotranspirational withdrawal over the entire stream length under study was made by using an average stream width of 4.7 feet, a length of 24 miles (DNRC, 1979) and the August, 1981 average daily corrected evaporation rate of 0.0168 ft/day, a mean of the U.S. Weather Bureau's Canyon Ferry and Moccasin experiment station pan data (U.S. Dept. of Commerce, 1982). The average evapotranspirational loss rate from the stream was thus estimated to be 52 gpm, or about 2.17 gpm per stream mile.

The total net streamflow losses to ground water, by difference, equalled 1013 gpm. Using more conservative criteria, stream losses to

infiltration and ground water would be occurring, when between two consecutive measurements, a loss remains after obtaining the minimum difference of each pair of measurements  $\pm 5\%$ , to allow for possible measurement error, minus 2.17 gpm/mi due to evapotranspirational effects.

Based on these criteria, seven of the eleven measured stream segments exhibited streamflow losses to infiltration ranging from rates of 7 to 108 gpm per stream mile. Losses to infiltration using the above criteria for all seven stream segments totaled 958 gpm. If all the gains in streamflow and evapotranspiration losses for the other four segments are subtracted, a net minimum overall streamflow loss to infiltration of 815 gpm remains.

A set of current meter measurements were made in August, 1982 to re-check stream seepage losses from several segments of Sand Coulee and Cottonwood Creeks. The results again confirmed a loss of about 100 gpm between Stockett and No. 5 Coulee on Cottonwood Creek. A very small gain was measured between No. 5 Coulee and CF03 and a gain of 168 gpm measured between CF03 and CF02.

A flow measurement was made on upper Sand Coulee Creek (T. 17 N., R. 5 E., 7, BA) about 17.5 stream miles above Centerville. At that point the flow was 2.9 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, pH was near 7.0 and S.C. equaled 672 us/cm. Sand Coulee Creek at Centerville just above Cottonwood Creek discharged only 1-2 gpm, indicating that the mainstem of Sand Coulee Creek also loses substantial amounts of water to subsurface seepage.

Water quality data collected during seepage profiles (Appendix D (D-7)) indicate the major impact which AMD had on streamflow. Cottonwood Creek above AMD influence had a pH of 7.33 to 8.26 and a

specific conductance of 418 to 476 us/cm. Downstream at Stockett, pH was 3.16 and S.C. equaled 1,641 us/cm. Just above Centerville, Cottonwood Creek had a pH of 3.34 and an S.C. of 1,233 us/cm.

Sand Coulee Creek below Centerville had pH values ranging from 3.42 to 2.60, and S.C. values of 1,267 to 3,151 us/cm. The pH decreased below the confluence with Straight Creek, and S.C. showed a tendency to increase in the downstream direction, with the highest value just above the confluence with the Missouri River.

Effects of both evapotranspiration and acid neutralization reactions will increase the total dissolved solids concentration of the stream. Stream pH is affected markedly by both the influx of more acid or alkaline tributary water and by oxidation of dissolved ferrous iron to the rust-red ferric hydroxide precipitate which coats the channel of Sand Coulee Creek and produces additional acid.

## 2.4 Hydrologic Summary

The Sand Coulee Creek watershed has a dynamic hydrologic system in which the effects of acid mine drainage from abandoned underground coal mines plays a significant role in terms of volume and water quality impacts. Peak stream flows are of short duration and influenced primarily by spring and early summer rainstorms over the entire basin which extends to the Little Belt Mountains. Baseflow in streams originates primarily as ground-water discharge from the surficial Kootenai Formation, which is extensively fractured, and transmits meteoric recharge as ground-water flow to the contact with the underlying less permeable Morrison Formation, where springs and seeps contribute to streamflow. Where the Morrison coal seam has been mined, ground water leaks into the old workings where pyrite is oxidized, creating acid water which discharges to streams from old mine portals. From Stockett and Sand Coulee to the Missouri River, the baseflow of Sand Coulee Creek is primarily composed of acid mine drainage water. Very little of the acid baseflow leaves the watershed as streamflow, most of the water leaving either as evapotranspiration or being lost to subsurface seepage to alluvial and bedrock aquifers.

## 3. Chemical Modeling of Ground-Water Quality

### 3.1 Introduction

One of the significant discoveries of this project was the unanticipated poor chemical quality of ground-water sampled from some domestic wells in the study area. The dissolved solids, sulfate, and occasionally trace metal content of some Madison aquifer wells were much higher than the Madison ground water typically possessed even



farther down the flow system, namely, in the Great Falls vicinity.

The predominately downward vertical gradients, regional fracturing and solution permeability associated with the area create conditions favorable for leakage of acid mine drainage from contaminated streams and alluvium into lower aquifers, principally the Swift and Madison.

Chemical modeling calculations were conducted in an attempt to explain the mechanisms and dynamics of potential AMD contamination of the alluvial, Swift and Madison aquifers.

The primary objective of the modeling calculations was to provide some ideas on the constraints that equilibrium or near equilibrium mineral-aqueous phase relationships place upon the chemical composition of ground water. These results are then used to evaluate the mixing of various "type" waters. The result is a minimum and maximum value for the amount of acid mine drainage responsible for the impacted water quality of wells in the (deeper) Madison aquifer. The methodology employed is similar to that described by Plummer et al. (1983), using the program PHREEQE (Parkhurst et al., 1980). Acid-mine drainage from adit AS-03 was used as an end member type water. Two water samples, from the Kunesh and Net wells, were used as end member "uncontaminated" Madison type waters. The following sections describe the results of a pure mixing model and two different reaction models. We will compare the predicted product phases with cuttings from the planned 1983 drilling program to evaluate which of these models most closely resembles the natural system for further predictive input.

### 3.2 Mixing Model

The product of a mixing model is simply a synthetic water analysis

in which  $X$  percent of water A is mixed with  $Y$  percent of water B ( $X + Y = 100$ ) to yield a hypothetical water C, which is the best possible approximation of an observed water quality (water D). In order to accomplish this calculation, at least one constituent must be treated as "conservative," i.e., no additions or subtractions of this parameter occur. AS-03 drainage and the Kunish well water were used as waters A and B; sulfate, which constitutes the major anion species, was treated conservatively. The calculated mixing ratio is 19 percent AS-03 water and 81 percent Kunesh well water. Results of these calculations may be found in Table 3.

### 3.3 Reaction-Mixing Model 1

Because the mixing-model results provide a very poor correlation in terms of Fe, Ca, Mg, pH, and  $\text{HCO}_3$ , a reaction model was used to evaluate the dissolution of limestone and dolomite by the acid mine drainage. Reaction steps for this model are: (1) precipitation of gibbsite and amorphous ferric hydroxide; (2) dissolution of calcite and dolomite plus precipitation of  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  and  $\text{Fe}(\text{OH})_3$ ; (3) degassing to atmospheric partial pressure of carbon dioxide ( $P_{\text{CO}_2}$ ); and (4) mixing 19 percent modified AS-03 water with 81 percent Knox water and increasing the  $P_{\text{CO}_2}$  to atmospheric. Results of this approach, shown as analysis E in Table 3, provide a reasonably good match with the water in the Knox well.

### 3.4 Reaction-Mixing Model 2

The major drawback to the first reaction-mixing model is that it ignored the supersaturation of the water with respect to gypsum.

Gypsum precipitation would remove sulfate from the water, thereby requiring a greater percentage of acid mine drainage to result in hypothetical mix water similar to that from an impacted well.

For this model, a low total dissolved solids well water (Net well), was used, and a less severely impacted Madison aquifer well (Senior Citizens well, Centerville) was the control well. Mass balance calculations were not used to control the mixing ratio. Instead, the modeling steps were: (1) react AS-03 water with limestone precipitating  $\text{Fe}(\text{OH})_3$ ,  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$ , and fluorite at saturation levels, precipitating gypsum at slightly supersaturated levels, releasing  $\text{CO}_2$  once  $P_{\text{CO}_2} = 10^{-0.75}$  atmosphere, and dissolving calcite until slightly undersaturated; (2) mixing water from the previous step with Net well water, dissolving a small amount of dolomite and precipitating small amounts of chalcedony and calcite. This procedure required 45 percent modified AS-03 water and 55 percent Net well water to approximately match the water quality in the Senior Citizens well.

### 3.5 Discussion

The models provide insight as to the probable range of mixing within the Madison aquifer of acid mine drainage waters with "pristine" ground water. The authors hypothesize that plumes of significantly degraded water within the Madison aquifer are probably restricted to the areas immediately down gradient from discharging mines, in the vicinity of leaky Madison well bores and near acid contaminated streams traversing Madison outcrops or alluvial subcrops.

## 4. Evaluation of Proposed Mitigation Alternatives

Previous analyses of acid mine drainage treatments for the Sand Coulee area (McArthur, 1970; Hydrometrics, 1982) focused on centralized neutralization or mine manipulation methods. Knowledge of the hydrodynamics and hydrogeology of the AMD problem gained in this investigation allows new evaluations of old techniques and the suggestion of some new mitigation alternatives.

Five AMD control techniques were proposed for field testing in the Stockett-Sand Coulee area based on this and previous work by the Montana Bureau of Mines (MBMG) and others. In addition to being summarized below, the five methods were presented on a proposal to the Montana Department of State Lands (DSL) (Appendix E). They subsequently agreed to provide funding for field testing of two methods: infiltration control through increased evapotranspiration and drainage wells.

An investigation of the extent of acid mine drainage contamination in the alluvium of the lower Sand Coulee Creek watershed was proposed and also funded by DSL for 1983-84.

#### 4.1 Infiltration Control

A minimum of two test sites are proposed to monitor the effectiveness of perennial deep-rooted crops (eg. alfalfa and sanfoin) and flexible-cropping techniques in reducing ground-water recharge to the Kootenai aquifer overlying the old coal mine workings. Research in dryland saline-seep control has shown intensive cropping techniques to be an effective tool in the control of shallow ground-water flow systems, when applied with a sound farm management plan. An organization such as the Triangle Conservation District, Conrad, Montana, would supply the required farm plan expertise to the farmers involved. Moni-

toring of ground-water level trends and of key AMD discharges would quantify the effectiveness of this approach.

#### 4.2 Drainage Wells

Dewatering of the Kootenai aquifer with vertical wells may be possible, but is undesirable due to long-term pumpage requirements. We propose that horizontal test wells be drilled into the basal Kootenai sandstone aquifer upgradient from old mine workings at two sites. Gravity drainage of Kootenai ground water will eliminate pumpage, may substantially reduce AMD discharge of the test sites and will make more fresh water available for dilution of remaining AMD in receiving streams. Horizontal dewatering wells have been used successfully in Montana for highway construction and mining purposes in the past. Vertical connector wells which would allow gravity drainage of Kootenai ground water to the Madison aquifer, are another alternative which may be tested once detailed information on the aquifers and old mine workings is developed. Vertical test hole drilling and geophysical techniques would be used to map the location of old mine workings.

#### 4.3 Subsurface Injection of AMD

Madison limestone rocks underlie the entire Sand Coulee watershed and could be an effective decentralized, disposal and neutralization medium for AMD. However, the Madison is also an important aquifer that must not be adversely impacted. Logging, sampling and analyses of Madison rocks from several test wells will indicate its physical characteristics. Aquifer testing and water quality sampling will be done to determine initial permeability characteristics estimate end products of



mixing AMD and Madison water. An initial 10-day injection test, and a second 100-day test would be conducted during which time extensive water quality and ground water level monitoring would be done. Following the tests, geophysical logs would be re-run on the test holes, aquifer test re-run to determine permeability changes and at least two new bore holes drilled and cored to sample precipitates. Hydrochemical modeling would be done to predict the long-term feasibility and impacts of an injection program.

#### 4.4 Flyash Neutralization

MBMG studies have documented the effectiveness of flyash in neutralizing pyrite induced acidity and reducing iron mobility of mine tailing waters (Sonderegger and Donovan, 1982). A field test of the effectiveness and maintenance requirements of a small flyash pit in neutralizing small acid discharges in the Sand Coulee area would be conducted. Pits of about 200 ft<sup>3</sup> in size would be filled with flyash and acid inflows of 1 gpm or less allowed to seep upward through the pits, being neutralized prior to discharge from the lower end. Water quality sampling and pit excavations would establish the effectiveness of the technique.

#### 4.5 Kootenai Neutralization

A simple and possibly effective AMD neutralization technique would be to mix naturally alkaline Kootenai ground water with small volumes of acid mine water. Mixing would occur in a pit where metals would be allowed to precipitate prior to discharge of the effluent. Typical AMD acidity and Kootenai ground-water alkalinity requires a 1 to 10

volumetric mix for theoretical neutralization. The technique will be evaluated by taking water quality samples and field measurements of the inflow and outflow.

#### 4.6 Alluvial Ground-Water Contamination Mapping

The alluvial valley of Sand Coulee Creek joins an abandoned pre-glacial channel of the Missouri River. Residents all along lower Sand Coulee Creek abandoned alluvial wells years ago due to AMD contamination and even the Madison aquifer is contaminated in places. The many years of AMD seepage losses along the seven miles of old Missouri River alluvium have had a so-far undocumented impact on shallow ground-water supplies in the Great Falls area. It is proposed to conduct a reconnaissance shallow well drilling and sampling program in the old channel to document the extent of AMD contamination. Ground water flow gradients and the extent and severity of water quality conditions would be mapped.

#### 5. Summary

The numerous abandoned underground coal mines in the Stockett-Sand Coulee area discharge a combined rate of 1-4 ft<sup>3</sup>/s of acid water (pH = 2-5) with a high dissolved and suspended metal load. The sources of the water is primarily downward leakage from the surficial Kootenai formation. The acid water comprises 60-90 percent of the total flow of Sand Coulee Creek in baseflow periods. Most of this flow is lost to evapotranspiration and leakage to alluvial and deeper bedrock aquifers, namely, the Swift sandstone (Jurassic) and Mission Canyon limestone (Mississippian) of the Madison group rocks.

Ground-water quality in the Kootenai aquifer is good, with TDS in the 300 to 450 mg/l range and alkalinity averaging about 340 mg/l as  $\text{CaCO}_3$ . Water in the alluvium, downgradient from discharging acid sources is mostly contaminated such that very few domestic wells utilize this source. Water quality in the Swift and Madison aquifers is variable with unexpectedly high TDS and sulfate concentrations (maximum TDS = 2,413 mg/l, maximum sulfate = 1,580 mg/l) sampled in some domestic wells. This is believed to be caused by mixing with downward leaking AMD water from alluvium, well bores and places where contaminated streams traverse outcrops of Madison rocks.

A combination of AMD treatment techniques may prove to be the best long range mitigation approach. Five control measures were recommended for field testing: 1) infiltration control using intensive cropping methods in recharge areas; 2) connector and horizontal wells to dewater the Kootenai aquifer overlying the old mines; 3) injection and neutralization of acid water in the Madison limestone; 4) neutralization of small AMD sources in flyash pits; 5) neutralization of small AMD sources in pits with naturally alkaline Kootenai ground water.

TABLE 1

Correlations of Mine Designations Used in the Sand Coulee drainage.

<u>MBMG No.</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>McArthur No.</u> <sup>5</sup>	<u>Hydrometrics No.</u>
<sup>1</sup> AS-01	19N04E23ADCB	Upper Carbon Mine	23-6	SCM-2
AS-02A	19N04E23ADAB	Lower Carbon Mine	23-5	SCM-3
AS-02B	19N04E23ADAB	Lower Carbon Mine	23-5	
AS-04	19N04E14DDED	Brown Mine	14-1	SCM-5
AS-06	19N04E13CBA			
AS-07	19N04E13CBD	Nelson Mine	13-3	SCM-6
<sup>2</sup> BS-01	18N04E14ACD	Giffen Mine	14-16	SCM-4
<sup>3</sup> CS-01A	19N05E07CACD	Tracy Mine	7-2	SCM-8
CS-01B	19N05E07CACD	Tracy Mine	7-2	SCM-8
CS-02	19N05E07DBC			
CS-03	19N05E18A			
CS-04	19N05E18DDC			
CS-05	19N05E19ACD			
CS-06	19N05E18DCC		13-6	SCM-11
CS-07	19N05E19BAA			
CS-08	19N05E19ABB			
CS-09A	18N05E06CDB	Number 6 Mine	6-1	SCM-9
CS-09B	18N05E06CDB	Number 6 Mine	6-1	
<sup>4</sup> DS-01	19N05E20BBB			
SCM-7	19N05E07ABD	Badwater Johnson Mine	7-9	SCM-7
SCM-15	19N05E07AAAA	Goodwater Johnson Mine	7-8	SCM-15

<sup>1</sup> A: Straight Creek<sup>2</sup> B: Number Five Coulee<sup>3</sup> C: Sand Coulee Creek below Centerville<sup>4</sup> D: Sand Coulee Creek above Centerville<sup>5</sup> McArthur, 1970<sup>6</sup> Hydrometrics, 1982

TABLE 2

## Acid Discharge Characteristics, 1980-83

<u>Site</u>	<u>Flow (gpm)</u>	<u>Observed Range</u>	
		<u>pH</u>	<u>S.C. us/cm</u>
AS-01	43-500	2.21-3.01	4679-5349
AS-02a	7-26	1.99-2.82	2316-8047
AS-03	0-5	2.48-2.79	5363-6974
AS-04	45-67	3.84-4.20	3083-3487
AS-05	0-50	2.90-3.42	3352-3406
AS-06	0-38	2.80-3.10	1701-3469
AS-07	12.5-250	2.21-3.67	5023-10,306
BS-01	150-351	3.44-5.41	1038-8652
CS-01	14.3-39.7	2.28-2.88	1487-2103
CS-02	0-4.8	2.85	1387-1817
CS-06	0-0.61	3.45	8892
CS-07	1.1	2.27	15,732
CS-09	10.0-38.1	2.25-2.60	4865-7365
CS-10	0-80	1.50-2.55	10,114-10,591
DS-01	0-6	2.80	2283
SCM-7	5-15	2.3-2.35	2820-4243
SCM-15	3.8-7	3.02-6.3	1004-1100



Table 3. Major Element Water Chemistry for Modeling  
AMD Contribution to Impacted Wells.

Lab No.	A 81Q0057	B Kunesh Well	C Synthetic Mix	D Knox Well	E Reaction Path 1	F Net Well	G Senior Citizens Well	H Reaction Path 2
	81Q0057	79M3253		81Q1088		82Q0499	83Q0001	
Ca	292.	79.9	120.2	487.	456.	65.5	241.	204.
Mg	190.	32.	62.	146.	121.	23.6	135.	123.
Na	17.1	10.1	11.4	28.9	11.4	7.1	23.1	11.7
K	1.1	2.3	2.07	7.5	2.1	3.1	4.1	2.2
Fe	944.	0.05	179.	0.15	0.045	0.018	<.002	0.012
Mn	2.84	0.00	0.54	0.016	0.53	0.002	0.004	1.292
SiO <sub>2</sub>	116.	10.9	30.9	19.8	30.6	15.7	16.9	12.0
HCO <sub>3</sub>	---	235.	190.	261.	343.	271.	440.	636.
Cl	2.0	4.9	4.3	5.1	4.4	3.1	23.3	2.6
SO <sub>4</sub>	7700.	145.	1580.	1580.	1562.	65.7	755.	747.
NO <sub>3</sub> (as N)	1.7	0.32	0.58	9.04	---	5.69	12.4	---
F	12.8	0.57	2.89	0.66	0.46	0.50	1.1	0.85
pH	3.38	7.4	4.10 <sup>*</sup>	6.33	7.60	7.12	5.7	6.82
TDS	9280.	402.	2087.	2413.	2358.	324.	1411.	1417.

\* pH = - log<sub>10</sub> (0.19 x 10<sup>-pH</sup><sub>A</sub>) + (0.81 x 10<sup>-pH<sub>B</sub></sup>)

TABLE 4

## Selected Well Inventory Data for the Sand Coulee Area

NO. <sup>1</sup>	AQUIFER	LAND ELEVATION ft, msl	TOTAL DEPTH ft	STATIC WATER LEVEL ft, msl	S.C. us/cm	DATE MEASURED <sup>2</sup>
01	Alluvium	3800	35	3784.02	983	6-4-82
1	Kootenai	4303	90	4228.12		8-19-82
2	Kootenai	4075	131	4057.32	677	6-21-82
3	Kootenai		75	4356.18	506	8-19-82
1	Jurrassic	3695	58	3665.52		6-2-82
2	Jurrassic	3390	100	3365.27	1336	5-27-82
1	Madison Limestone	3440	158	3338.64	612	6-9-82
2	Madison Limestone	3430	168	3320.22	700	6-18-82
3	Madison Limestone	3457	175	3374.44	595	6-5-82
4	Madison Limestone	3455	220	3448.67	1667	6-4-82
5	Madison Limestone	3460	185	3311.32	617	6-10-82
6	Madison Limestone	3455	175	3375.24	597	6-19-82
7	Madison Limestone	3475	200	3352.08	2292	6-9-82
8	Madison Limestone	3510	290	3313.1	826	6-20-82
9	Madison Limestone	3490	258	3408.3	2911	6-2-82
10	Madison Limestone	3400	125	3334.19	1698	5-28-82
11	Madison Limestone	3418	200	3345.85		5-28-82

<sup>1</sup> Refers to Figure 6.

All measurements by MBMG.

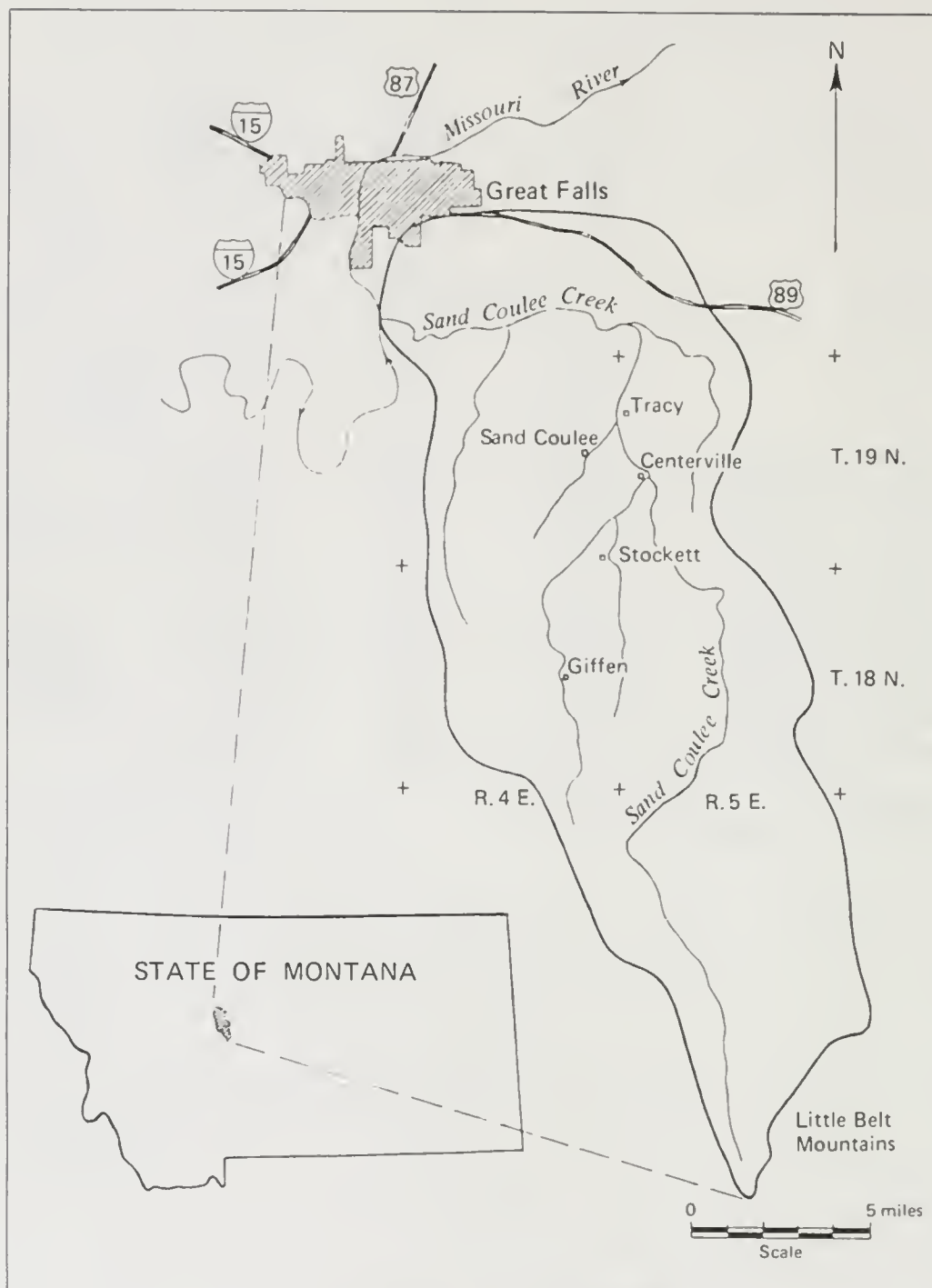


Figure 1. Location of study area.

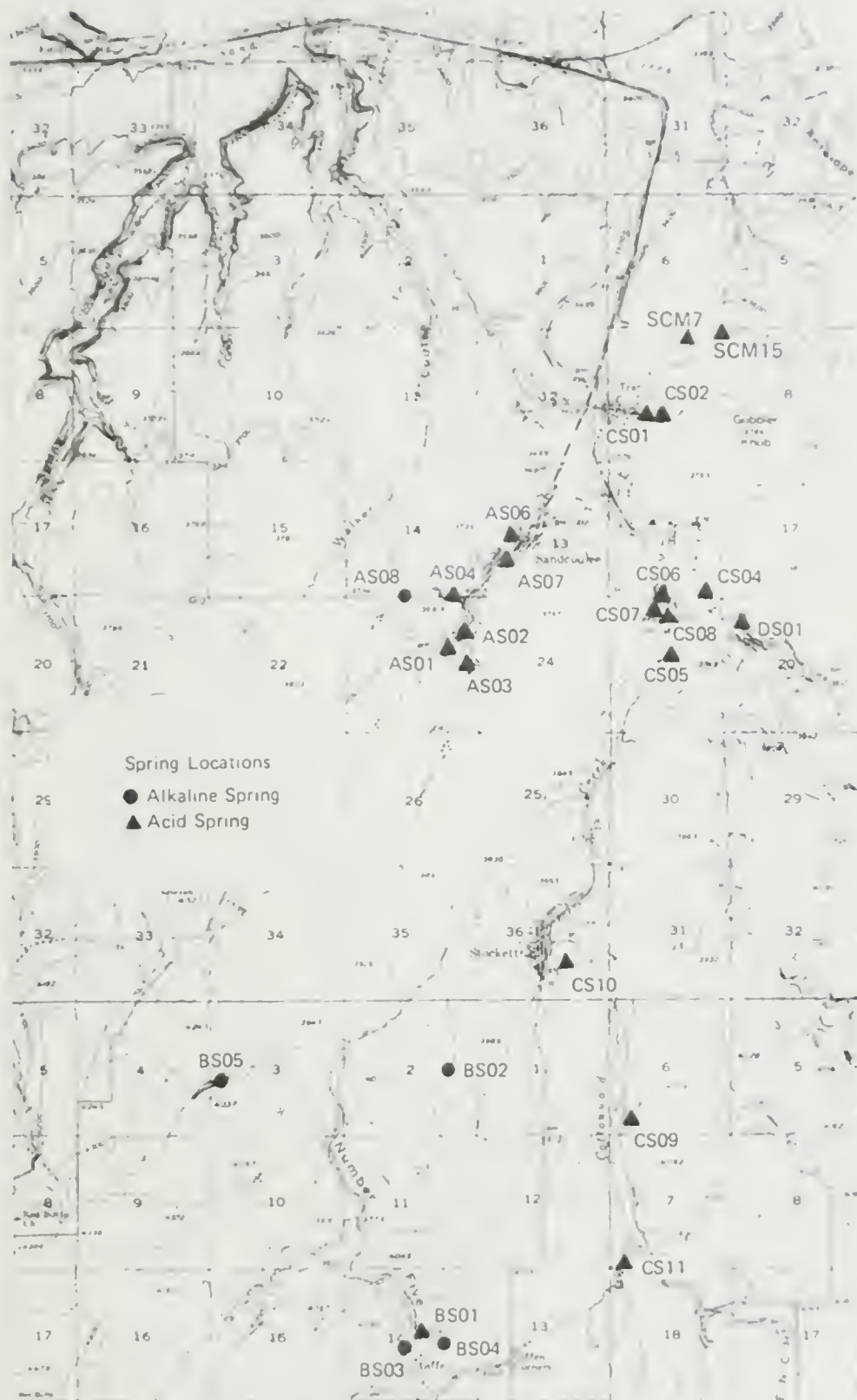


Figure 2. Location of springs and acid discharges.





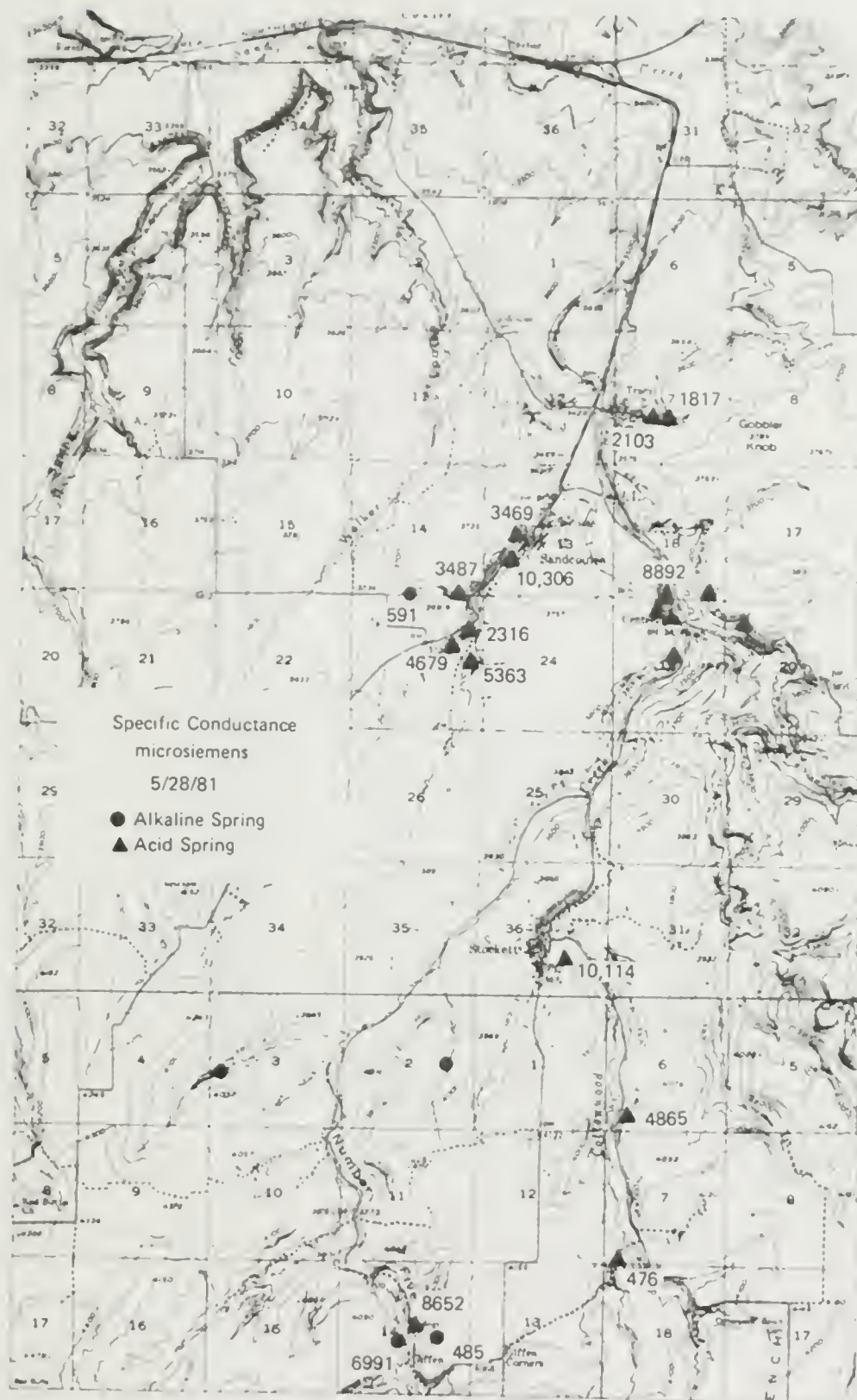


Figure 4. Specific conductance of springs in microsiemens/cm ( $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ ) on May 28, 1981.



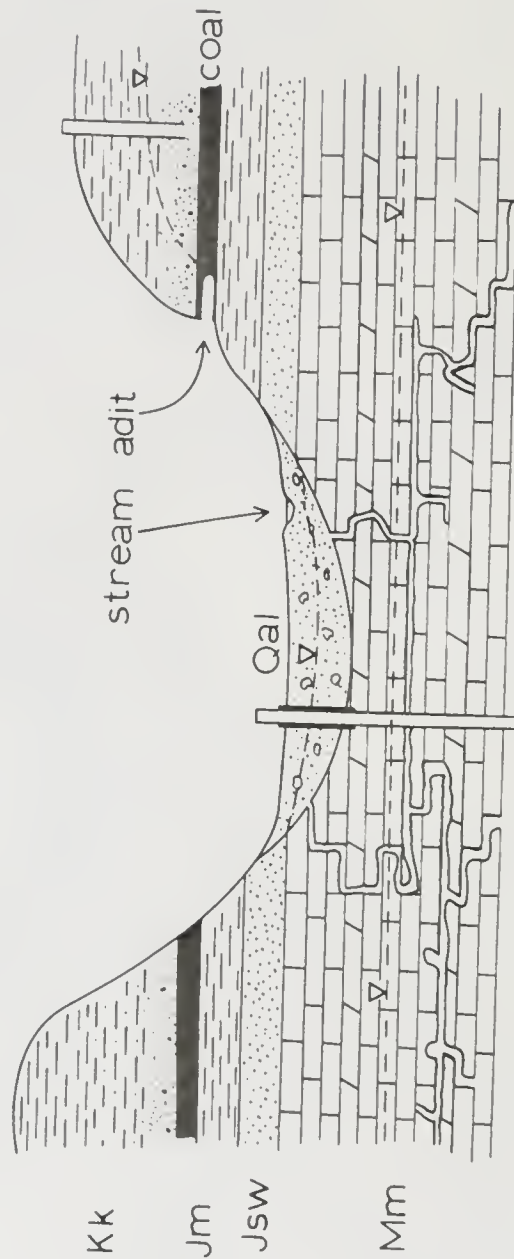


Figure 5. Schematic cross section through a coulee. Not to scale. Kk = Kootenai Formation; Jm = Morrison Formation; Jsw = Swift Formation; Mm = Madison Group. Thickness of the coal and the Swift Formation are exaggerated. The symbol ∇ represents the water table.

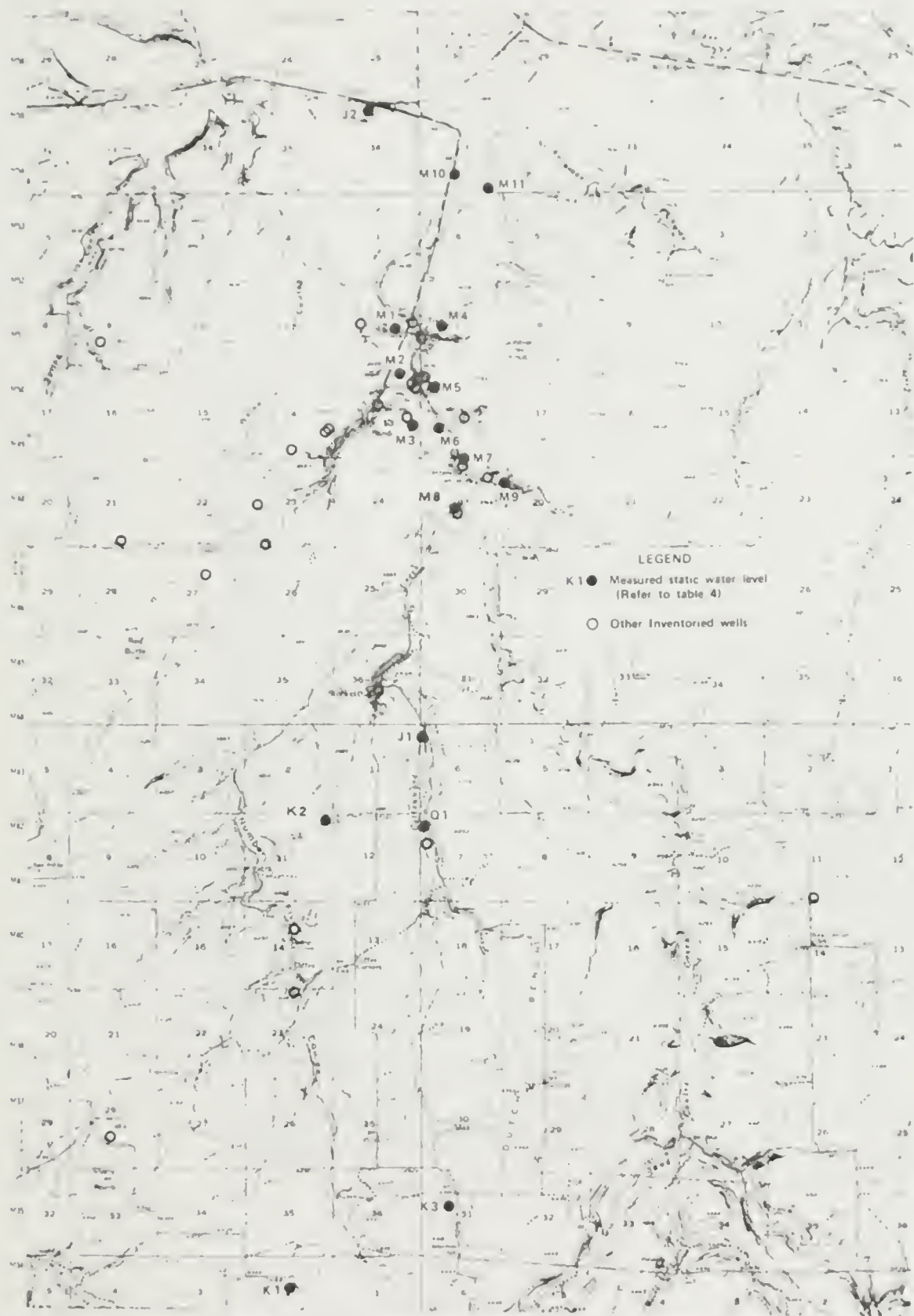


Figure 6. Location of domestic wells inventoried by MBMG, 1982.

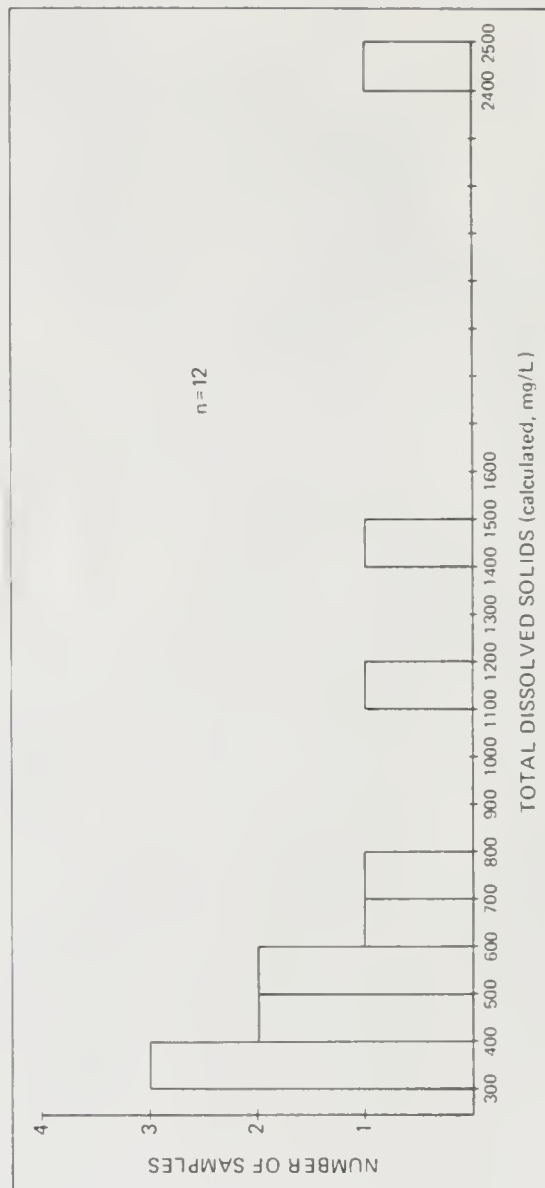


Figure 7. Frequency distribution of total dissolved solids (calculated, mg/L) for water samples from the Madison aquifer, Sand Coulee area, Montana.

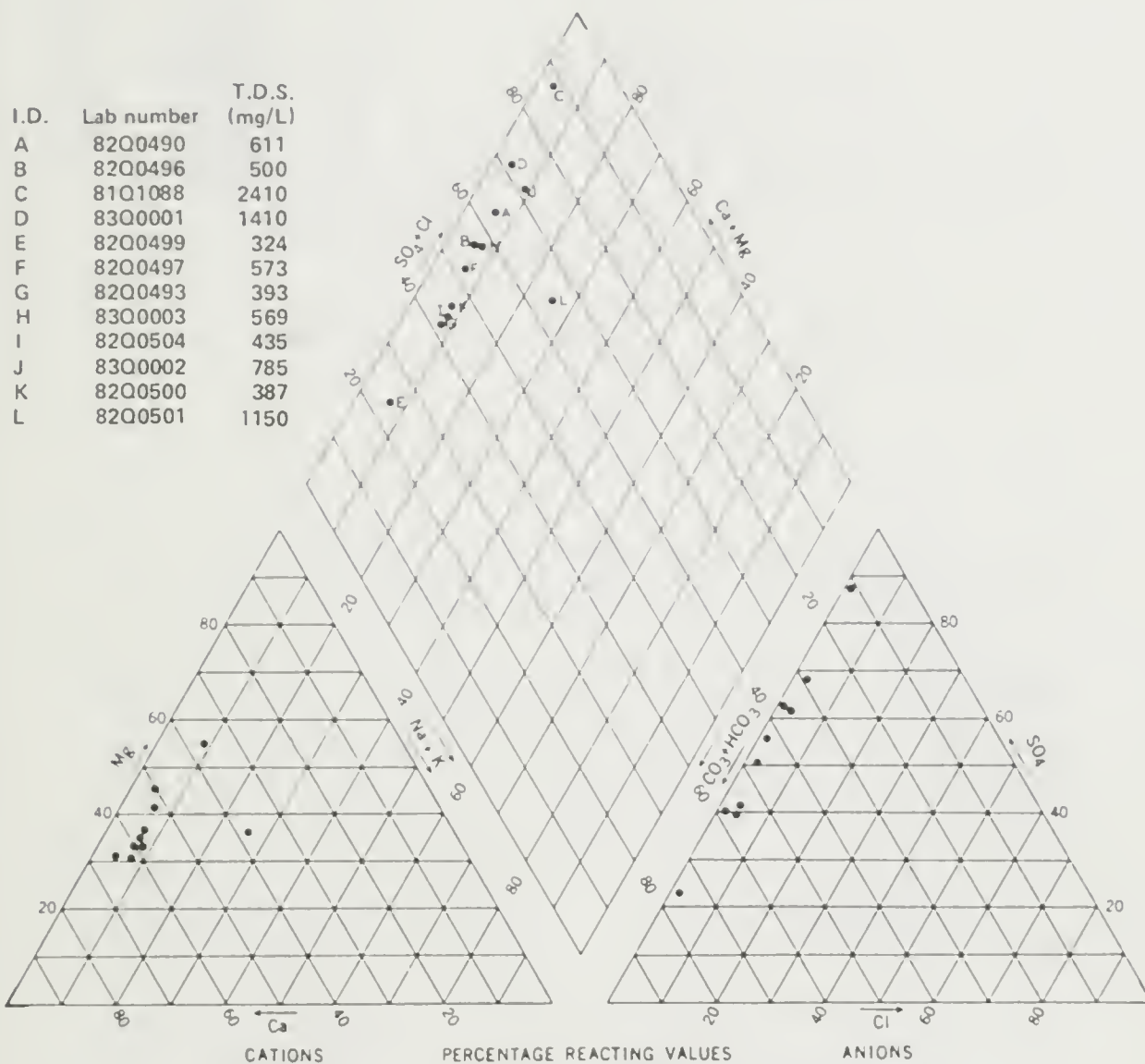


Figure 8. Piper plot of water analyses from Madison Group wells, Stockett - Sand Coulee area, Montana.

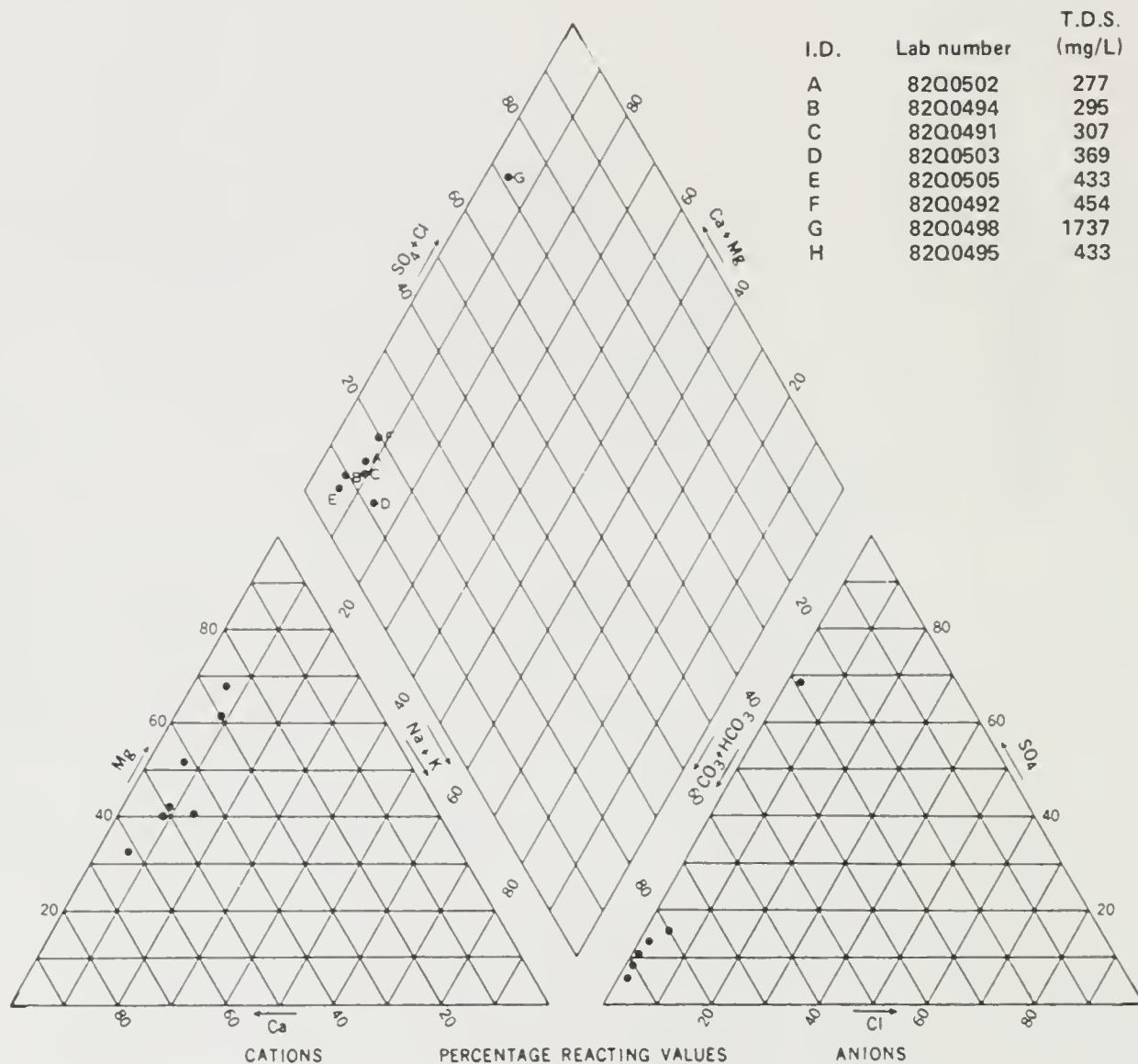


Figure 9. Piper plot of water analyses from Jurassic and Kootenai wells, Stockett - Sand Coulee area, Montana.



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APPENDIX A

SPRING AND ACID DISCHARGE DATA



A-1

SPRING MONITORING DATA











Well No. Sand Coulee - Area

CS10 = Valve above GS  
 SC = Hole sited in  
 PH = Dry hole  
 FLOW = Flowing well  
 DS01 = Hole plugged by ice or snow  
 S = Siphon in hole

Remarks: Spring Monitoring Data

Reference point

Well No	CS10				DS01				CS08				SCM-7				SCM-15			
	FLOW GPM	PH	SC		FLOW GPM	PH	SC		Flow GPM	PH	SC		Flow GPM	PH	SC		Flow GPM	PH	SC	
6/1-6/3/80		DRY			--	--														
9/21/80		DRY		40																
3/5/81		DRY				DRY		DRY												
5/28/81	80	2.29	6800																	
8/18/81	14.1	2.55	1059																	
2/5/82	0.3	1.50	10545																	
12/30/82																				
3/6/83				6.0	2.80	2283	Dry		13.7	2.35	4243	3.8	5.55	1100						

A-2

SPRING WATER QUALITY LABORATORY ANALYSES





MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 8002316

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CASCADE
LATITUDE-LONGITUDE	47°23'12"N 111°10'49"W	SITE LOCATION	19N 4E 23 ADCE
UTM COORDINATES	212 NS247870 E486410	MINE SITE	SC-AS01
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1	STATION ID	47231211104901
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	221MRGN*	SAMPLE SOURCE	MINE DRAINAGE
DRAINAGE BASIN	RR	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3500. FT 10
AGENCY & SAMPLER	MBMG*JJD	SUSTAINED YIELD	
BOTTLE NUMBER	AS-01	YIELD MEAS METHOD	
DATE SAMPLED	20-SEP-80	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL	
TIME SAMPLED	09:00 HOURS	SWL ABOVE (-) OR BELOW GS	
LAB & ANALYST	MBMG*FNA	CASING DIAMETER	
DATE ANALYZED	09-MAR-81	CASING TYPE	
SAMPLE HANDLING	4120	COMPLETION TYPE	*
METHOD SAMPLED	GRAB	PERFORATION INTERVAL	
WATER USE	UNUSED		

SAMPLING SITE SAND COULEE MINING DISTRICT\*NO-NAME CREEK  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE MORRISON FORMATION

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	190.	9.48	BICARBONATE (HCO3)		
MAGNESIUM (MG)	122.	10.04	CARBONATE (CO3)		
SODIUM (NA)	19.4	0.84	CHLORIDE (CL)	5.1	0.09
POTASSIUM (K)	.5	0.01	SULFATE (SO4)	4600.	95.77
IRON (FE)	712.	38.25	NITRATE (AS N)	.01	0.00
MANGANESE (MN)	2.03	0.07	FLUORIDE (F)	4.20	0.22
SILICA (SiO2)	88.6		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 58.69 TOTAL ANIONS 96.08

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)

LABORATORY PH	2.70	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	976.58
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	10.0 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS		SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.27
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT		RYZMAR STABILITY INDEX	
LAB SPEC.COND.(MICROMHOS/CM)	4568.	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	13.0 C	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	5102.
FIELD PH	2.62	ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	393.
NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	3.96	SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	0.002
LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	0.04	BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.16
STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	.95	CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.041
TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.065	CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	.27
VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.34	COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.15
ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	17.6	LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.52
ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.040	MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	.03
ARSENIC, DISS (UG/L AS AS)	30.4	MERCURY, DISS (UG/L AS HG)	0.03
SELENIUM, DISS (UG/L-SE)	1.7	ACIDITY, TOT (MG/L-CAC03)	4695.

REMARKS: FINE WHITE PRECIPITATE IN WATER - BECOMES ORANGE PRECIPITATE UPON  
 REACHING CREEK \* MINE OUTFLOW - HEAD OF NO-NAME COULEE (SITE AS-01) \*  
 LAB: H+=41.1 MG/L \* 40.7 MEQV/L, SIGMA =10.3, 114 TOTAL CATION MEQV/L \*

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L =  
 MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER. FT = FEET, MT = METERS. (M) = MEASURED, (E) =  
 ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, 1R = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

QW WA S2 WJ OW PW AT OTHER

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 04-MAY-81 BY: TP \*CLG  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 46.5 49.3 4.1 0.0 0.1 29.9 0.0 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 8002316

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
LAB NO. 81Q1086

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CASCADE
LATITUDE-LONGITUDE	47D23'12"N 111D10'49"W	SITE LOCATION	19N 04E 23 ADCE
UTM COORDINATES	712 N5247890 E486410	MBMG SITE	AS01
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1	STATION ID	472312111104901
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	221MRSN*	* SAMPLE SOURCE	MINE DRAINAGE
DRAINAGE BASIN	BB	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3500. 10
AGENCY + SAMPLER	MBMG*ADM	SUSTAINED YIELD	
BOTTLE NUMBER	AS-01	YIELD MEAS METHOD	
DATE SAMPLED	14-JUL-81	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL	
TIME SAMPLED	11:00 HOURS	SWL ABOVE(-) OR BELOW BS	
LAB + ANALYST	MBMG*FNA	CASING DIAMETER	
DATE ANALYZED		CASING TYPE	
SAMPLE HANDLING	4220	COMPLETION TYPE	*
METHOD SAMPLED	GRAB	PERFORATION INTERVAL	
WATER USE	UNUSED		

SAMPLING SITE SAND COULEE MINING DISTRICT\*NO-NAME CREEK  
GEOLOGIC SOURCE MORRISON FORMATION

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	173.	8.63	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	.0	
MAGNESIUM (MG)	122.	10.04	CARBONATE (CO3)	.0	
SODIUM (NA)	16.1	0.70	CHLORIDE (CL)	6.5	0.10
POTASSIUM (K)	.27	0.01	SULFATE (SO4)	4839.	100.75
IRON (FE)	861.	46.25	NITRATE (AS N)	.85	0.06
MANGANESE (MN)	1.95	0.07	FLUORIDE (F)	8.12	0.43
SILICA (SiO2)	71.6		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 65.70 TOTAL ANIONS 101.42

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)

LABORATORY PH	2.56	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	934.13
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	12.1	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS		SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.23
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT		RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	5157.	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	20.0	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	5357.
FIELD PH	2.71	ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	463.
NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	4.32	SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	<.002
LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	<.004	BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.27
STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	.93	CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.004
TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.024	CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	.26
VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.35	COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.31
ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	18.7	LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.52
ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	<.004	MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	<.02
IRON, TR (MG/L AS FE)	865.	SELENIUM, TR (UG/L AS SE)	2.4
ALUMINUM, TR (MG/L AS AL)	466.	ACIDITY, TOT (MG/L-CAC03)	4060.

REMARKS: WATER VERY FROTHY AND FOAM COVERED AFTER DISCHARGE  
MINE OUT FLOW, HEAD OF NO-NAME COULEE (SITE AS-01)  
HT OF 81.73 MG/L GIVES 100.5 MEQ CATIONS GIVES .6 SIGMA

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L = MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER, FT = FEET, MT = METERS. (H) = MEASURED, (E) = ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA Y  
OTHER FILE NUMBERS: 80Q2316

PROJECT: COST:  
LAST EDIT DATE: 19-FEB-82 BY: TP \*JMS  
PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
44.6 51.8 3.6 0.0 0.2 99.8 0.0 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 81Q1086

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. B002317

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CASCADE
LATITUDE-LONGITUDE	47°23'21"N 111°10'39"W	SITE LOCATION	19N 4E 23 AANC
UTM COORDINATES	712 NS248190 E484575	HRMG SITE	AS-02
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1	STATION ID	472321111103601
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	221NRSN*	* SAMPLE SOURCE	MINE DRAINAGE
DRAINAGE BASIN	BB	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3570. FT ± 10
AGENCY + SAMPLER	MBMG*JJJ	SUSTAINED YIELD	
BOTTLE NUMBER	AS-02	YIELD MEAS METHOD	
DATE SAMPLED	20-SEP-80	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL	
TIME SAMPLED	09:30 HOURS	SWL ABOVE (-) OR BELOW GS	
LAB + ANALYST	MBMG*FNA	CASING DIAMETER	
DATE ANALYZED	09-MAR-81	CASING TYPE	
SAMPLE HANDLING	4120	COMPLETION TYPE	*
METHOD SAMPLED	GRAB	PERFORATION INTERVAL	
WATER USE	UNUSED		

SAMPLING SITE SAND COULLEE MINING DISTRICT\*ND NAME CREEK  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE MORRISON FORMATION

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	190.	9.48	BICARBONATE (HCO3)		
MAGNESIUM (MG)	118.	9.71	CARBONATE (CO3)		
SODIUM (NA)	15.9	0.69	CHLORIDE (CL)	2.5	0.07
POTASSIUM (K)	<.15		SULFATE (SO4)	5400.	112.43
IRON (FE)	502.	26.97	NITRATE (AS N)	<.01	
MANGANESE (MN)	2.54	0.09	FLUORIDE (F)	4.97	0.26
SILICA (SiO2)	104.0		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 46.94 TOTAL ANIONS 112.76

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)

LABORATORY PH	2.49	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	960.12
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	9.6 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS		SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.22
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT		RYZMAR STABILITY INDEX	
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	5292.	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	14.0 C	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	5689.
FIELD PH	2.46	ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	481.
NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	4.6	SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	<.002
LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	<.04	BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.19
STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	.74	CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.11
TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.067	CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	.20
VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.15	COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.23
ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	19.5	LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.63
ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.039	MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	.03
ARSENIC, DISS (UG/L AS AS)	<.1	MERCURY, DISS (UG/L AS HG)	<.03
SELENIUM, DISS (UG/L-SE)	1.4	ACIDITY, TOT (MG/L-CaCO3)	4560.

REMARKS: WATER IS PALE YELLOW - BECOMES ORANGE UPON REACHING CREEK \*  
 SPRING DRAINAGE FROM MINE ADIT AS-02 \* JUST ABOVE LANDFILL - SAND  
 COULLEE \* DISCHARGE FROM ADIT (CAVED) AND OLD WOOD DRAIN PIPE \*  
 LAB: H+46.6 MG/L \* 46.2 MEQVS/L, SIGMA .97, 111.0 TOTAL CATION MEQVS/L \*

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L  
 MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER. FT = FEET, MT = METERS. (M) = MEASURED, (E) =  
 ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED. TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE. TOT = TOTAL.

QW NA S2 W1 OW PW AT OTHER  
 OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 04-MAY-81 BY: TP \*CLC  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 47.7 48.8 3.5 0.0 0.1 99.7 0.0 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: B002317



MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 80Q2318

STATE MONTANA	COUNTY CASCADE
LATITUDE-LONGITUDE 47D23'20"N 111D10'32"W	SITE LOCATION 17N 4E 23 ADD
UTM COORDINATES 212 N5248180 E486755	HRMG SITE AS-03
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1	STATION ID 472320111103201
GEOLOGIC SOURCE 221NRSN*111LNFL*	* SAMPLE SOURCE MINE BRAINAGE
DRAINAGE BASIN BE	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE 3530. FT ± 10
AGENCY 1 SAMPLER HRMG*JJD	SUSTAINED YIELD
BOTTLE NUMBER AS-03	YIELD MEAS METHOD
DATE SAMPLED 20-SEP-80	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL
TIME SAMPLED 10:00 HOURS	SWL ABOVE(-) OR BELOW GS
LAB + ANALYST HRMG*FNA	CASING DIAMETER
DATE ANALYZED 09-MAR-81	CASING TYPE
SAMPLE HANDLING 4120	COMPLETION TYPE *
METHOD SAMPLED GRAB	PERFORATION INTERVAL
WATER USE UNUSED	

SAMPLING SITE SAND COULEE MINING DISTRICT\*NO-NAME CREEK  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE MORRISON FORMATION

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	426.	21.26	BICARBONATE (HCO3)		
MAGNESIUM (MG)	186.	15.30	CARBONATE (CO3)		
SODIUM (NA)	20.2	0.88	CHLORIDE (CL)	5.8	0.16
POTASSIUM (K)	<.15		SULFATE (SO4)	6520.	135.75
IRON (FE)	674.	36.21	NITRATE (AS N)	.04	0.00
MANGANESE (MN)	9.67	0.35	FLUORIDE (F)	6.7	0.35
SILICA (SiO2)	117.0		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		
TOTAL CATIONS		74.00	TOTAL ANIONS		136.27

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)

LABORATORY PH	2.65	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	1829.30
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	13.8 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS		SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.21
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT		RYZMAR STABILITY INDEX	
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	5726.	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	14.0 C	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	5414.
FIELD PH	2.62	ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	552.
NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	5.31	SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	.006
LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	<.04	BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.29
STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L AS SR)	1.26	CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.057
TITANIUM, DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.11	CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CR)	.20
VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.06	COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.059
ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	21.1	LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.78
ZIRCONIUM, DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.041	MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L AS MO)	<.02
ARSENIC, DISS (UG/L AS AS)	<.1	MERCURY, DISS (UG/L AS HG)	<.03
SELENIUM, DISS (UG/L AS SE)	1.2	ACIDITY, TOT (MG/L-CaCO3)	4675.

REMARKS: WATER IS PALE CRANSE - BECOMES BRIGHT RED UPON REACHING CREEK \*  
 SPRING AS-03 - FLOWING THRU SAND COULEE LANDFILL \*  
 SAMPLE TAKEN JUST BELOW LANDFILL \*  
 LAB: H+36.7 MG/L \* 36.4 MEQ/L, SIGMA .65 \* 130 TOTAL CATION MEQVS/L \*

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, US/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L  
 MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER. FT = FEET, MT = METERS. (M) = MEASURED, (E) =  
 ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED. TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE. TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 04-MAY-81 BY: TP \*CLG  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 56.8 40.9 2.3 0.0 0.1 99.9 0.0 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 80Q2318



MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406) 496 4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 8100057

STATE MONTANA COUNTY CASCADE  
 LATITUDE-LONGITUDE 47°23'14"N 111°10'39"W SITE LOCATION 12N 4E 23 ADAC  
 UTM COORDINATES 212 NS247990 E486620 MEMO SITE AS-03  
 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1 STATION ID 472314111103901  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE 221HRSN\* \* SAMPLE SOURCE MINE DRAINAGE  
 DRAINAGE BASIN BB LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE 3570. FT ± 50  
 AGENCY & SAMPLER MEMO\*JJD SUSTAINED YIELD  
 BOTTLE NUMBER AS-03 YIELD MEAS METHOD  
 DATE SAMPLED 03-MAR-81 TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL  
 TIME SAMPLED 11:00 HOURS SWL ABOVE(-) OR BELOW SC  
 LAB & ANALYST MEMO\*FNA CASING DIAMETER  
 DATE ANALYZED 22-APR-81 CASING TYPE  
 SAMPLE HANDLING 4120 COMPLETION TYPE \*  
 METHOD SAMPLED GRAB PERFORATION INTERVAL  
 WATER USE UNUSED

SAMPLING SITE STOCKETT - SAND COULEE MINING DISTRICT  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE MORRISON FORMATION

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	292.	14.57	BICARBONATE (HCO3)		
MAGNESIUM (MG)	190.	15.63	CARBONATE (CO3)		
SODIUM (NA)	17.1	0.74	CHLORIDE (CL)	2.0	0.06
POTASSIUM (K)	1.1	0.03	SULFATE (SO4)	7700.	160.31
IRON (FE)	944.	50.71	NITRATE (AS N)	1.70	0.12
MANGANESE (MN)	2.84	0.10	FLUORIDE (F)	12.8	0.67
SILICA (SIO2)	116.0		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		
TOTAL CATIONS		81.79	TOTAL ANIONS		161.17

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)

	LABORATORY PH	2.77	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	1511.16
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	8.1 C		TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS			SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.19
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT			RYZMAR STABILITY INDEX	
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	6710.		LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	10. C	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	8510.
FIELD PH	3.38	ALUMINUM, TR (MG/L AS AL)	752.
ARSENIC, TR (UG/L AS AS)	<2.1	IRON, TR (MG/L AS FE)	1210.
SELENIUM, TR (UG/L AS SE)	.8	ACIDITY, TOT (MG/L-CaCO3)	6002.
ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	579.	NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	5.16
SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	.02	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	<0.04
BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.22	STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	1.16
CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.077	TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.003
CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	.252	VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.226
COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.144	ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	21.5
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.651	ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.061
MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	.83	ARSENIC, DISS (UG/L AS AS)	<2.1
SELENIUM, DISS (UG/L-SE)	.5		

REMARKS: WATER TURBID-FILTERS CLEAR\*ORGANIC MATTER: AL-HYDROXIDE IN FILTERATE \*  
 SAMPLE TAKEN AT ADIT MOUTH - ABOVE SAND COULEE LANDFILL \*  
 LAB: 150.0 TOTAL CATION MEQVS, 2.95 SIGMA, EST H+ 48 MG/L \*

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L =  
 MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER. FT = FEET, M = METERS. (M) = MEASURED, (E) =  
 ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED. TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE. TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA QW WA S2 W1 OW PW AT OTHER  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 22-APR-81 BY: TP \*CLO  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 47.0 50.5 2.4 0.1 0.0100.0 0.0 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 8100057

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
LAB NO. 80R2319

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CASCADE
LATITUDE--LONGITUDE	47D23'34"N 111D10'46"W	SITE LOCATION	19N 4E 14 NDCD
UTM COORDINATES	Z12 NS248670 E486570	MRMG SITE	AS-04
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1	STATION ID	472334111104601
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	221MRSN*	* SAMPLE SOURCE	MINE DRAINAGE
DRAINAGE BASIN	EE	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3540. FT ± 50
AGENCY & SAMPLER	MRMG*JJJ	SUSTAINED YIELD	
BOTTLE NUMBER	AS-04	YIELD MEAS METHOD	
DATE SAMPLED	20-SEP-80	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL	
TIME SAMPLED	12:00 HOURS	SWL ABOVE( ) OR BELOW GS	
LAB & ANALYST	MRMG*FNA	CASING DIAMETER	
DATE ANALYZED	09-MAR-81	CASING TYPE	
SAMPLE HANDLING	4120	COMPLETION TYPE	*
METHOD SAMPLED	GRAB	PERFORATION INTERVAL	
WATER USE	UNUSED		

SAMPLING SITE SAND COULEE MINING DISTRICT\*ND-NAME CREEK  
GEOLOGIC SOURCE MORRISON FORMATION

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	171.	8.53	BICARBONATE (HCO3)		
MAGNESIUM (MG)	133.	10.94	CARBONATE (CO3)		
SODIUM (NA)	23.5	1.02	CHLORIDE (CL)	4.9	0.14
POTASSIUM (K)	4.4	0.11	SULFATE (SO4)	3540.	74.12
IRON (FE)	436.	23.42	NITRATE (AS N)	<.02	
MANGANESE (MN)	1.63	0.06	FLUORIDE (F)	3.31	0.17
SILICA (SiO2)	54.5		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		
TOTAL CATIONS		44.09	TOTAL ANIONS		74.43

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)

LABORATORY PH	3.04	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	974.42
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	12.0 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS		SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.33
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT		RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	3438.	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	14. C	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	3329.
FIELD PH	3.84	ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	243.
NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	2.10	SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	<.002
LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	<.04	BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.07
STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	1.02	CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.027
TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.052	CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	.064
VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.14	COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.041
ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	8.34	LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.57
ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.028	MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	.03
ARSENIC, DISS (UG/L AS AS)	40.5	MERCURY, DISS (UG/L AS HG)	<.03
SELENIUM, DISS (UG/L-SE)	.5	ACIDITY, TOT (MG/L-CACO3)	2077.

REMARKS: WATER IS TURBID - MILKY - BECOMES ORANGE UPON REACHING CREEK \*  
KATE'S COULEE AT MINE ADIT (SITE AS-04) \* ABOVE OLSON HOUSE \*  
SAMPLE TAKEN AT TOP POOL OUTSIDE ADIT - FLOW JUST BELOW \*  
LAB: H+9.1 MG/L, SIGMA 5.54, TOTAL CATION MEQVS/L 52 \*

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L  
MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER. FT = FEET, M = METERS. (M) = MEASURED, (E) =  
ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
LAST EDIT DATE: 04-MAY-81 BY: TP \*CLG  
PROCESSING PROGRAM: F173CP V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
41.4 53.1 5.0 0.5 0.2 99.8 0.0 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 80R2319

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 81G0050

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CASCADE
LATITUDE-LONGITUDE	47°23'34"N 111°10'43"W	SITE LOCATION	19N 4E 14 DDCR
UTM COORDINATES	710 NS248600 E486505	HRMG SITE	AS-04
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1	STATION ID	472334111104301
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	721HRSN*	* SAMPLE SOURCE	MINE DRAINAGE
DRAINAGE BASIN	ED	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3560. FT ± 50
AGENCY + SAMPLER	HRMG*JJD	SUSTAINED YIELD	
BOTTLE NUMBER	AS-04	YIELD MEAS METHOD	
DATE SAMPLED	03-MAR-81	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL	
TIME SAMPLED	08:30 HOURS	OW: ABOVE(-) OR BELOW GS	
LAB + ANALYST	HRMG*FNA	CASING DIAMETER	
DATE ANALYZED	22-APR-81	CASING TYPE	
SAMPLE HANDLING	4120	COMPLETION TYPE	*
METHOD SAMPLED	GRAB	PERFORATION INTERVAL	
WATER USE	UNUSED		

SAMPLING SITE STOCKETT SAND COULEE MINING DISTRICT  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE MORRISON FORMATION

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	167.	8.43	BICARBONATE (HCO3)		
MAGNESIUM (MG)	138.	11.35	CARBONATE (CO3)		
SODIUM (NA)	22.6	0.98	CHLORIDE (CL)	5.3	0.15
POTASSIUM (K)	4.7	0.12	SULFATE (SO4)	3222.	67.08
IRON (FE)	466.	25.03	NITRATE (AS N)	.05	0.06
MANGANESE (MN)	1.57	0.06	FLUORIDE (F)	3.02	0.16
SILICA (SiO2)	51.2		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 45.98 TOTAL ANIONS 67.45

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)

LABORATORY PH	3.00	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	990.00
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	11.0 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS		SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.31
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT		RYTHAR STABILITY INDEX	
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	3573.	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	8. C	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	4105.
FIELD PH	3.98	ALUMINUM, TR (MG/L AS AL)	456.
IRON, TR (MG/L AS FE)	1.54	ACIDITY, TOT (MG/L-CaCO3)	2315.
ARSENIC, TR (UG/L AS AS)	41.1	SELENIUM, TR (UG/L AS SE)	.4
ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	248.	NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	2.12
SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	.023	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	0.04
BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.24	STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	1.15
CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.027	TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.047
CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	.067	VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.168
COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.026	ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	8.12
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.55	ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.050
MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	.19	ARSENIC, DISS (UG/L AS AS)	39.0
SELENIUM, DISS (UG/L-SE)	.4		

REMARKS: SAMPLE CLEAR - LITTLE FILTERATE \*  
 SAMPLE TAKEN AT MINE ADIT ABOVE J. OLSON HOME \*  
 COLD WATER UPSTREAM S.C.=1266 DOWNSTREAM 3818 \*  
 LAB: 67.1 CATION MEQVS, .15 SIGMA, 32.9 MG/L EST HT \*

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L = MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER. FT = FEET, M = METERS. (M) = MEASURED, (E) = ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED. TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE. TOT = TOTAL.

OW WA S2 W1 OW PW AT OTHER

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT:		COST:	
LAST EDIT DATE:	27-APR-81	BY:	TF *CLC
PROCESSING PROGRAM:	F1730P V2 (11/3/81)	PRINTER:	27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 40.4 54.3 4.7 0.6 0.2 99.8 0.0 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 81G0050



MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)476-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 81Q1087

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CASCADE
LATITUDE-LONGITUDE	47°23'34"N 111°10'46"W	SITE LOCATION	17N 04E 14 RDCD
UTM COORDINATES	Z12 N5248670 E486570	MBMG SITE	AS04
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7-1	STATION ID	472334111104601
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	221MRSN*	* SAMPLE SOURCE	MINE DRAINAGE
DRAINAGE BASIN	BB	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3540, FT < 50
AGENCY + SAMPLER	MBMG*ARM	SUSTAINED YIELD	
BOTTLE NUMBER	AS04	YIELD MEAS METHOD	
DATE SAMPLED	15-JUL-81	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL	
TIME SAMPLED	14:00 HOURS	SWL ABOVE(--) OR BELOW GS	
LAB + ANALYST	MBMG*FNA	CASINO DIAMETER	
DATE ANALYZED		CASING TYPE	
SAMPLE HANDLING	4220	COMPLETION TYPE	*
METHOD SAMPLED	GRAB	PERFORATION INTERVAL	
WATER USE	UNUSED		

SAMPLING SITE SAND COULEE MINING DISTRICT\*ND-NAME CREEK  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE MORRISON FORMATION

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	161.	8.03	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	.0	
MAGNESIUM (MG)	118.	9.71	CARBONATE (CO3)	.0	
SODIUM (NA)	17.7	0.77	CHLORIDE (CL)	9.1	0.26
POTASSIUM (K)	1.6	0.04	SULFATE (SO4)	2918.	60.75
IRON (FE)	568.	30.51	NITRATE (AS N)	.32	0.02
MANGANESE (MN)	2.00	0.07	FLUORIDE (F)	3.57	0.19
SILICA (SIO2)	62.1		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 49.14 TOTAL ANIONS 61.22

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)

LABORATORY PH	3.63	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	887.71
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	13.7	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS		SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.26
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT		RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	3337.	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	22. C	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	3284.
FIELD PH	3.85	ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	346.
NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	3.27	SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	<.002
LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	<.04	BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.25
STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	.06	CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.074
TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.030	CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	.17
VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.15	COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.28
ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	13.6	LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.41
ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	<.004	MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	<.02
IRON, TR (MG/L AS FE)	577.	SELENIUM, TR (UG/L AS SE)	1.0
ALUMINUM, TR (MG/L AS AL)	348.	ACIDITY, TOT (MG/L-CaCO3)	1970.

REMARKS: WATER CLEAR BUT GASSY UPON FILTRATION  
 KATE'S COULEE AT MINE ADIT \* SITE AS-04 \* ABOVE OLSON HOUSE \*  
 SAMPLE FROM ADIT MOUTH  
 LAB: H+ 39.63 MG/L GIVES 57.9 MEQ CATIONS GIVES 3.3 SIGMA

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/  
 MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER, FT = FEET, MT = METERS, (M) = MEASURED, (E) =  
 ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

	QW	WA	S2	WI	QW	PW	AT	OTHER
OTHER AVAILABLE DATA	Y							
OTHER FILE NUMBERS:	80Q2319			81Q0050				

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 19-FEB-82 BY: TF \*JKS  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PAPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 43.3 52.3 4.2 0.2 0.4 99.6 0.0 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 81Q1087

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
LAB NO. 8062320

STATE MONTANA COUNTY CASSIA  
LATITUDE 47°23'34"N 111°10'37"W SITE LOCATION 19N 4E 14 D88C  
UTM COORDINATES 712 N5248520 E486620 MRMG SITE AS-05  
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1 STATION 10 472334111103701  
GEOLOGIC SOURCE 221MRON\* \* SAMPLE SOURCE STREAM  
DRAINAGE BASIN FR LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE 3510. FT - 10  
AGENCY + SAMPLER MRMG\*JJD WATER FLOW RATE 50. GPM  
BOTTLE NUMBER AS-05 FLOW MEAS METHOD ESTIMATED  
DATE SAMPLED 20-SEP-80 STAFF GAGE  
TIME SAMPLED 12:00 HOURS STREAM GAGE  
LAB + ANALYST MRMG\*FNA DEPTH TO SAMPLE  
DATE ANALYZED 18-FEB-81 TOTAL DEPTH OF WATER  
SAMPLE HANDLING 1120 STREAM WIDTH  
METHOD SAMPLED GRAB

WATER USE UNUSED

SAMPLING SITE SAND COULEE MINING DISTRICT\*NO NAME CREEK  
DRAINAGE BASIN MISSOURI RIVER BETWEEN MARIAS RIVER AND LITTLE PRICKLY PEAR

	MG/L	MEG/L		MG/L	MEG/L
CALCIUM (CA)	162.	8.43	BICARBONATE (HCO3)		
MAGNESIUM (MG)	141.	11.60	CARBONATE (CO3)		
SODIUM (NA)	23.2	1.04	CHLORIDE (CL)	3.0	0.17
POTASSIUM (K)	4.6	0.12	SULFATE (SO4)	3150.	65.58
IRON (FE)	380.	20.41	NITRATE (AS N)	.03	
MANGANESE (MN)	1.63	0.06	FLUORIDE (F)	3.25	0.17
SILICA (SiO2)	58.0		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		
TOTAL CATIONS		41.66	TOTAL ANIONS		65.92

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)

	LABORATORY PH	2.87	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	1002.35
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	14.1 C		TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS			SODIUM ABSORPTION RATIO	0.33
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT			RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	3566.		LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	15.0 C	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	3352.
FIELD PH	3.42	ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L AL)	242.
NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	2.08	SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	.002
LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	0.04	BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.16
STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L AS SR)	1.08	CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.033
TITANIUM, DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.047	CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CR)	.040
VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.034	COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.016
ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	8.36	LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.55
ZIRCONIUM, DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.025	MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L AS MO)	.02
ARSENIC, DISS (UG/L AS AS)	7.5	MERCURY, DISS (UG/L AS HG)	.23
SELENIUM, DISS (UG/L AS SE)	6.3	ACIDITY, TOT (MG/L - CaCO3)	2262.

REMARKS: WATER IS BRIGHT ORANGE - BECOMES DEEP RED UPON REACHING CREEK \*  
SAMPLE TAKEN AT CONFLUENCE OF KATE'S CREEK WITH NO-NAME CREEK FROM  
KATE'S CREEK \* OWNER REPORTS RAIN CAUSES WHITE PRECIPITATE \*  
LAB: H=15.9 MG/L \* 15.8 MEQVS/L, SIGMA =.46, 66.4 TOTAL CATION MEQVS/L \*

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEG/L =  
MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER. FT = FEET, MI = METERS. (H) = MEASURED, (E) =  
ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED. IR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE. TOT = TOTAL.

QW NA S2 NI OW PW AT OTHER

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
LAST EDIT DATE: 04 MAY 81 BY: TP \*CLC  
PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27 MAY 83

PERCENT MEG/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
39.8 54.7 4.2 0.6 0.3 22.7 0.0 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 8062320

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
LAB NO. 81R0059

STATE MONTANA COUNTY CASCADE  
LATITUDE--LONGITUDE 47°23'33"N 111°10'38"W SITE LOCATION 19N 4E 14 BDDC  
UTM COORDINATES 712 M5248605 E486605 HBMG SITE AS-05  
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7-1 STATION ID 472333111103801  
GEOLOGIC SOURCE \* \* \* SAMPLE SOURCE STREAM  
DRAINAGE BASIN BB LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE 3510. FT < 1  
AGENCY + SAMPLER HBMG\*JJD WATER FLOW RATE 150. GPM  
BOTTLE NUMBER AS-05 FLOW MEAS METHOD ESTIMATED  
DATE SAMPLED 03-MAR-81 STAFF GAGE  
TIME SAMPLED 09:00 HOURS STREAM STAGE  
LAB ANALYST HBMG\*FNA DEPTH TO SAMPLE  
DATE ANALYZED 22-APR-81 TOTAL DEPTH OF WATER  
SAMPLE HANDLING 4120 STREAM WIDTH  
METHOD SAMPLED GRAB

WATER USE UNUSED

SAMPLING SITE STOCKETT - SAND COULEE MINING DISTRICT  
DRAINAGE BASIN MISSOURI RIVER BETWEEN MARIAS RIVER AND LITTLE PRICKLY

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	99.0	4.94	BICARBONATE (HCO3)		
MAGNESIUM (MG)	99.4	6.53	CARBONATE (CO3)		
SODIUM (NA)	12.8	0.56	CHLORIDE (CL)	6.4	0.10
POTASSIUM (K)	3.4	0.09	SULFATE (SO4)	2854.	59.42
IRON (FE)	196.	9.79	NITRATE (AS N)	.09	0.01
MANGANESE (MN)	.98	0.04	FLUORIDE (F)	2.63	0.14
SILICA (SiO2)	30.6		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 22.14 TOTAL ANIONS 59.75

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)

	LABORATORY PH	2.89	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	574.01
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	46.2 C		TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS			SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.23
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT			RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	3319.		LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	8. C	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	3426.
FIELD PH	3.39	ALUMINUM, TR (MG/L AS AL)	127.
IRON, TR (MG/L AS FE)	192.	ACIDITY, TOT (MG/L-CaCO3)	2290.
ARSENIC, TR (UG/L AS AS)	14.4	SELENIUM, TR (UG/L AS SE)	.4
ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L AS AL)	124.	NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	1.22
SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	.06	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	.13
BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.17	STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L AS SR)	.624
CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.034	TITANIUM, DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.025
CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CR)	.063	VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.071
COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.050	ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	4.47
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.305	ZIRCONIUM, DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.065
MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L AS MO)	.57	ARSENIC, DISS (UG/L AS AS)	14.4
SELENIUM, DISS (UG/L AS SE)	.3		

REMARKS: WATER IS ORANGE - TURBID \* FE-HYDROXIDE PRECIPITATE \*  
SAMPLE FROM BELOW CULVERT ABOVE JUNCTION WITH STRAIGHT CREEK \*  
STREAM DRAINAGE FROM ACID SPRING AS-04 \* UPSTREAM S.C. 5192 DOWN 417  
LAB: 57.9 CATION MEQVS, .95 SIGMA, 42.6 MG/L EST H+ \*

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L  
MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER. FT = FEET, MT = METERS. (H) = MEASURED, (E) =  
ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

QW WA S2 NI QW PW AT OTHER

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
LAST EDIT DATE: 27-APR 01 BY: TP \*CLC  
PROCESSING PROGRAM: FL730F V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY 03

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
40.8 53.9 4.6 0.7 0.3 99.7 0.0 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 81R0059



MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496 4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 80R2321

STATE MONTANA COUNTY CASCADE  
 LATITUDE-LONGITUDE 47°23'59"N 111°10'10"W SITE LOCATION 19N 4E 13 CARD  
 UTM COORDINATES 712 NS249350 E487175 HRMS SITE AS 06  
 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1 STATION ID 472359111101001  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE 21MRSN\*111SPRK\* \* SAMPLE SOURCE MINE DRAINAGE  
 DRAINAGE BASIN BR LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE 3500. FT 50  
 AGENCY + SAMPLER HRMS\*JJD SUSTAINED YIELD  
 DOTTLE NUMBER AS-06 YIELD MEAS METHOD  
 DATE SAMPLED 30 SEP-80 TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL  
 TIME SAMPLED 14:00 HOURS GWL ABOVE (-) OR BELOW GS  
 LAB + ANALYST HRMS\*FNA CASING DIAMETER  
 DATE ANALYZED 18 FEB-81 CASING TYPE  
 SAMPLE HANDLING 4170 COMPLETION TYPE \*  
 METHOD SAMPLED GRAV PERFORATION INTERVAL  
 WATER USE UNUSED

SAMPLING SITE SAND CREEK MINING DISTRICT\*AND NAME CREEK  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE MORRISON FORMATION

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	62.0	3.09	BICARBONATE (HCO3)		
MAGNESIUM (MG)	88.8	7.31	CARBONATE (CO3)		
SODIUM (NA)	18.2	0.79	CHLORIDE (CL)	7.6	0.21
POTASSIUM (K)	2.4	0.06	SULFATE (SO4)	1060.	22.07
IRON (FE)	24.1	3.98	NITRATE (AS N)	.00	0.00
MANGANESE (MN)	1.07	0.04	FLUORIDE (F)	2.40	0.13
SILICA (SiO2)	50.5		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 15.27 TOTAL ANIONS 22.41

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)

	LABORATORY PH	2.97	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	520.31
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	10.4 C		TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS			SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.35
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT			RYZMAR STABILITY INDEX	
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	1808.		LANGLIFF SATURATION INDEX	

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	13.0 C	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	1701.
FIELD PH	3.02	ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L AL)	60.6
NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	.42	SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	.0002
LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	.04	BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.17
STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L AS SR)	.36	CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.010
TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.013	CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CR)	.011
VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.027	COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.009
ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	.87	LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.35
ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	<.004	MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L AS MO)	<.02
ARSENIC, DISS (UG/L AS AS)	16.7	MERCURY, DISS (UG/L AS HG)	1.23
SELENIUM, DISS (UG/L AS SE)	.3	ACIDITY, TOT (MG/L -CaCO3)	561.

REMARKS: SAMPLE CLEAR - NO PRECIPITATE \*  
 SPRING DISCHARGES FROM WITHIN SPOIL PILE IN FRONT OF ADIT \*  
 ADIT APPEARS DRY \*  
 LAB: H+5.0 MG/L \* 4.9 MEQVS/L, SIGMA .09, 22.5 TOTAL CATION MEQVS/L \*

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L = MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER, FT = FEET, MT = METERS, (M) = MEASURED, (E) = ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

GW WA S2 WI OW PW AT OTHER

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 04 MAY 81 BY: TP \*CLC  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTER: 27 MAY 83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA S CI SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 27.5 64.9 7.0 0.5 1.0 99.0 0.0 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 80R2321

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
LAB NO. 80Q2322

STATE MONTANA COUNTY CASCADE  
LATITUDE-LONGITUDE 47°23'46"N 111°10'20"W SITE LOCATION 19N 4E 13 C88C  
UTM COORDINATES Z12 NS247020 E486960 MBMG SITE AS-07  
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1 STATION ID 472348111102001  
GEOLOGIC SOURCE 221MRSN\*111SPRK\* \* SAMPLE SOURCE MINE DRAINAGE  
DRAINAGE BASIN BB LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE 3520. FT ± 50  
AGENCY + SAMPLER MBMG\*JJD SUSTAINED YIELD  
BOTTLE NUMBER AS-07 YIELD MEAS METHOD  
DATE SAMPLED 20-SEP-80 TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL  
TIME SAMPLED 17:00 HOURS SWL ABOVE(-) OR BELOW GS  
LAB + ANALYST MBMG\*FNA CASING DIAMETER  
DATE ANALYZED 18-FEB-81 CASING TYPE  
SAMPLE HANDLING 4120 COMPLETION TYPE \*  
METHOD SAMPLED GRAB PERFORATION INTERVAL  
WATER USE UNUSED

SAMPLING SITE SAND COULEE MINING DISTRICT\*NO-NAME CREEK  
GEOLOGIC SOURCE MORRISON FORMATION

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	100.	2.38	BICARBONATE (HCO3)		
MAGNESIUM (MG)	180.	14.81	CARBONATE (CO3)		
SODIUM (NA)	18.2	0.79	CHLORIDE (CL)	4.1	0.12
POTASSIUM (K)	.4	0.02	SULFATE (SO4)	7940.	165.31
IRON (FE)	1004.	53.93	NITRATE (AS N)	.02	0.00
MANGANESE (MN)	4.45	0.16	FLUORIDE (F)	7.2	0.38
SILICA (SiO2)	128.0		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 79.09 TOTAL ANIONS 165.61

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)

LABORATORY PH	2.55	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	1210.32
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	11.9 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS		SODIUM ABSORPTION RATIO	0.23
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT		RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	6238.	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	13.0 C	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	6362.
FIELD PH	2.30	ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	580.
NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	3.58	SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	.007
LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	<.04	BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.18
STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L AS SR)	1.16	CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.034
TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.058	CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CR)	.27
VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.25	COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.37
ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	13.6	LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.65
ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.049	MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L AS MO)	.02
ARSENIC, DISS (UG/L AS AS)	77.6	MERCURY, DISS (UG/L AS HG)	.04
SELENIUM, DISS (UG/L AS SE)	2.1	ACTIVITY, TOT (MG/L-CaCO3)	5195.

REMARKS: CLEAR WATER - NO PRECIPITATE \*  
SPRING RISES FROM WITHIN SPOIL PILE JUST SW OF MINE ABIT - SOUTH OF  
SAND COULEE \* TRICKLE FROM ABIT DISCHARGE \*  
LAB: H+28.1 MG/L \* 27.9 MEQVS/L \* SIGMA 15.5, 128.8 TOTAL CATION MEQVS/L

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L  
MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER. FT = FEET, MT = METERS. (M) = MEASURED, (E) =  
ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED. TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE. TOT = TOTAL.

QW WA S2 W1 OW PW AT OTHER

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
LAST EDIT DATE: 04-MAY-81 BY: TP \*CLC  
PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
37.5 59.2 3.2 0.1 0.1 99.9 0.0 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 80Q2322

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 80R2323

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CASCADE
LATITUDE-LONGITUDE	47°18'47"N 111°11'09"W	SITE LOCATION	18N 3E 14 ALCC
UTM COORDINATES	712 N5239720 E485740	MBMG SITE	RS 01
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	SPRING COULEE 7 1/2'	STATION ID	471847111110701
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	221MRGN*	SAMPLE SOURCE	MINING DRAINAGE
DRAINAGE BASIN	BR	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3860. FT 10
AGENCY + SAMPLER	MBMG*JJD	SUSTAINED YIELD	
BOTTLE NUMBER	RS 01	YIELD MEAS METHOD	
DATE SAMPLED	20 SEP 80	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL	
TIME SAMPLED	15:00 HOURS	SW: ABOVE(-) OR BELOW GC	
LAB J ANALYST	MBMG*FNA	CASING DIAMETER	
DATE ANALYZED	18-FEB-81	CASING TYPE	
SAMPLE HANDLING	4120	COMPLETION TYPE	*
METHOD SAMPLED	GRAB	PERFORATION INTERVAL	
WATER USE	UNUSED		

SAMPLING SITE SAND COULEE MINING DISTRICT AND FIVE CREEK  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE MORRISON FORMATION

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	121.	3.04	BICARBONATE (HCO3)		
MAGNESIUM (MG)	41.6	3.42	CARBONATE (CO3)		
SODIUM (NA)	14.7	0.65	CHLORIDE (CL)	3.5	0.10
POTASSIUM (K)	5.8	0.15	SULFATE (SO4)	548.	11.41
IRON (FC)	37.5	3.36	NITRATE (AS N)	4.02	
MANGANESE (MN)	.39	0.01	FLUORIDE (F)	1.05	0.06
SILICA (SI02)	20.6		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		
TOTAL CATIONS		13.63	TOTAL ANIONS		11.56

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)

LABORATORY PH	3.32	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	473.36
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	9.2 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS		SODIUM ABSORPTION RATIO	0.30
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT		RYZMAR STABILITY INDEX	
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	1209.	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	16.0 C	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	1122.
FIELD PH	5.41	ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	3.04
NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	.30	SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	0.002
LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	0.04	BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.06
STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L AS SR)	.31	CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.005
TITANIUM, DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.018	CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CR)	.004
VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.009	COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.013
ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	1.23	LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.062
ZIRCONIUM, DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	0.004	MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L AS MO)	0.02
ARSENIC, DISS (UG/L AS AS)	1.2	MERCURY, DISS (UG/L AS HG)	.04
SELENIUM, DISS (UG/L AS SE)	.3	ACIDITY, TOT (MG/L-CaCO3)	108.

REMARKS: WATER TURBID - SLIGHTLY MILKY \* BECOMES PALE TO BRIGHT ORANGE UPON  
 MIXING \* GRIFFEN MINE OUTFLOW RS-01 \*  
 SAMPLE TAKEN FROM OUTFLOW FROM ADIT \*  
 LAB: H=0 MG/L, -2.9 SIGMA, 12.4 TOTAL CATION MEQVS/L \*

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L =  
 MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER, FT = FEET, MT = METERS, (M) = MEASURED, (E) =  
 ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

QW WA S2 NI OW PW AT OTHER

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT:		COST:	
LAST EDIT DATE:	04-MAY 81	BY:	TP *CLC
PROCESSING PROGRAM:	F1730P V2 (11/3/81)	PRINTED:	27-MAY 83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 58.2 33.4 6.3 1.5 0.2 22.1 0.0 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 80R2323



MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 81Q0060

STATE MONTANA	COUNTY CASCADE
LATITUDE--LONGITUDE 47D18'47"N 111D11'05"W	SITE LOCATION 18N 4E 14 ACCE
UTM COORDINATES 212 N5239780 E486090	MRMG SITE RS-01
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP STOCKETT 7 1/2'	STATION ID 471847111110501
GEOLOGIC SOURCE 221MRSN*	* SAMPLE SOURCE MINE DRAINAGE
DRAINAGE BASIN BR	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE 3840. FT < 10
AGENCY + SAMPLER MRMG*JJD	SUSTAINED YIELD
BOTTLE NUMBER RS-01	YIELD MEAS METHOD
DATE SAMPLED 03-MAR-81	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL
TIME SAMPLED 15:00 HOURS	SWL ABOVE(-) OR BELOW OS
LAB + ANALYST MRMG*FNA	CASING DIAMETER
DATE ANALYZED 22-APR-81	CASING TYPE
SAMPLE HANDLING 4120	COMPLETION TYPE *
METHOD SAMPLED GRAB	PERFORATION INTERVAL
WATER USE UNUSED	

SAMPLING SITE STOCKETT - SAND COULEE MINING DISTRICT  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE MORRISON FORMATION

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	34.7	3.23	BICARBONATE (HCO3)		
MAGNESIUM (MG)	22.4	1.84	CARBONATE (CO3)		
SODIUM (NA)	7.7	0.33	CHLORIDE (CL)	4.0	0.14
POTASSIUM (K)	4.2	0.11	SULFATE (SO4)	432.	13.16
IRON (FE)	29.1	1.56	NITRATE (AS N)	.11	0.01
MANGANESE (MN)	.221	0.01	FLUORIDE (F)	1.23	0.06
SILICA (SiO2)	10.6		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 7.09 TOTAL ANIONS 13.37

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)

LABORATORY PH	3.62	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	253.75
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	7.9 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS		SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.21
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT		RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	1984.	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	10. C	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	1038.
FIELD PH	5.39	ALKALINITY, FLA (AS CaCO3)	60.4
ALUMINUM, TR (MG/L AS AL)	1.72	IRON, TR (MG/L AS FE)	30.2
ACIDITY, TOT (MG/L-CaCO3)	408.0	ARSENIC, TR (UG/L AS AS)	5.2
SELENIUM, TR (UG/L AS SE)	<.1	ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	1.16
NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	.24	SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	.057
LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	.05	BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.14
STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	.170	CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.029
TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.012	CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	.040
VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.055	COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.042
ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	.600	LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.069
ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.074	MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	.27
ARSENIC, DISS (UG/L AS AS)	6.2	SELENIUM, DISS (UG/L-SE)	<.1

REMARKS: WATER SLIGHTLY TURBID - BUT LITTLE ORANGE FILTERATE \*  
 GIFFEN MINE OUTFLOW - AT ABIT \*

LAB: 13.7 CATION MEQVS. -.25 SIGMA, 12.2 MG/L EST. H4 \*

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L = MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER, FT = FEET, MT = METERS. (M) = MEASURED, (E) = ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED. TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE. TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA	QW	WA	SS	WI	OW	PW	AT	OTHER
OTHER FILE NUMBERS:	Y							

PROJECT:		COST:	
LAST EDIT DATE: 29-APR-81		BY: TP *CLC	
PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81)		PRINTED: 27-MAY-83	

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)							
CA	MG	NA	K	CL	SO4	HCO3	CO3
58.5	33.4	6.1	2.0	1.0	99.0	0.0	0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 81Q0060

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406) 496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 80Q2324

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CASCADE
LATITUDE	47°18'40"N	SITE LOCATION	18N 4E 14 CAD
UTM COORDINATES	712 NS239640 F465850	HRMG SITE	RS-02
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	STOCKETT 7 1/2'	STATION ID	47184011111301
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	221MRSN*	SAMPLE SOURCE	SPRING
DRAINAGE BASIN	RR	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3860. FT ± 10
AGENCY + SAMPLER	HRMG*JJD	SUSTAINED YIELD	
BOTTLE NUMBER	RS-02	YIELD MEAS METHOD	
DATE SAMPLED	21-SEP-80	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL	
TIME SAMPLED	13:00 HOURS	SWL ABOVE ( ) OR BELOW GS	
LAB + ANALYST	HRMG*FNA	CASING DIAMETER	
DATE ANALYZED	05-DEC-80	CASING TYPE	
SAMPLE HANDLING	4120	COMPLETION TYPE	*
METHOD SAMPLED	GRAB	PERFORATION INTERVAL	
WATER USE	UNUSED		

SAMPLING SITE SAND COULFE MINING DISTRICT \* NO. FIVE CR  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE MORRISON FORMATION

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	157.	8.33	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	187.9	3.00
MAGNESIUM (MG)	49.9	4.10	CARBONATE (CO3)	0.	
SODIUM (NA)	21.3	0.93	CHLORIDE (CL)	6.1	0.17
POTASSIUM (K)	5.68	0.15	SULFATE (SO4)	490.	10.20
IRON (FE)	34.8	1.87	NITRATE (AS N)	.59	0.04
MANGANESE (MN)	1.14	0.04	FLUORIDE (F)	.87	0.05
SILICA (SiO2)	8.2		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 15.42 TOTAL ANIONS 13.54

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA) 5.94

LABORATORY PH	6.67	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	622.39
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	11.4 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	154.11
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS	878.14	SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.37
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT	973.40	RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	7.41
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	1144.	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	-0.37

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	10.0 C	CONDUCTVY, FIELD MICROMHOS	1124.
FIELD PH	6.59	ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	.23
STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	.37	SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	<.002
TITANIUM, DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.023	BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.05
ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	1.31	CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.004
ZIRCONIUM, DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	<.004	CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CR)	.002
SELENIUM, DISS (UG/L-SE)	.4	COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.014
ARSENIC, DISS (UG/L AS AS)	<.1	LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.044
MERCURY, DISS (UG/L AS HG)	<.03	MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	<.02
NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	.34	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	<.04
DISSOLVD SOLIDS (CALC MG/L)	878.		

REMARKS: WATER LOOKS PALE ORANGE \* ORANGE AND WHITE PRECIPITATE IN FILTER \*  
 R. SINGLES SPRING - GIFFEN MINE \* SPRING EMITS OVER BROAD AREA NEAR  
 WHERE MINE ADIT WAS PLUGGED TO SHUTOFF ACID MINE DISCHARGE \*  
 LAB: FU FE OF .017 MG/L GIVES -.035 SIGMA \*

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L  
 MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER. FT = FEET, MT = METERS, (M) = MEASURED, (E) =  
 ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED. TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE. TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 02-FEB-83 BY: JKS\*JKS  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 61.7 30.4 6.9 1.1 1.3 75.8 22.9 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 80Q2324

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 80R2325

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CASCADE
LATITUDE-LONGITUDE	47D24'43"N 111D09'03"W	SITE LOCATION	17N SE 7 CACE
UTM COORDINATES	712 N5250740 E488590	MBMG SITE	CS-01
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1	STATION ID	472443111070301
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	221MRSN*	* SAMPLE SOURCE	MINE DRAINAGE
DRAINAGE BASIN	BE	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3490. FT < 10
AGENCY + SAMPLER	MBMG*JJD	SUSTAINED YIELD	
BOTTLE NUMBER	CS-01	YIELD MEAS METHOD	
DATE SAMPLED	21-SEP-80	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL	
TIME SAMPLED	08:00 HOURS	SWL ABOVE(-) OR BELOW GS	
LAB + ANALYST	MBMG*FNA	CASING DIAMETER	
DATE ANALYZED	18-FEB-81	CASING TYPE	
SAMPLE HANDLING	4120	COMPLETION TYPE	*
METHOD SAMPLED	GRAV	PERFORATION INTERVAL	
WATER USE	UNUSED		

SAMPLING SITE SAND COULEE MINING DISTRICT\*SAND COULEE CK  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE MORRISON FORMATION

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	93.5	4.57	BICARBONATE (HCO3)		
MAGNESIUM (MG)	74.7	6.15	CARBONATE (CO3)		
SODIUM (NA)	22.3	0.97	CHLORIDE (CL)	6.3	0.10
POTASSIUM (K)	2.4	0.06	SULFATE (SO4)	780.	20.40
IRON (FE)	12.4	0.57	NITRATE (AS N)	.04	0.00
MANGANESE (MN)	.89	0.03	FLUORIDE (F)	3.4	0.18
SILICA (SiO2)	68.5		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 12.54 TOTAL ANIONS 20.76

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)

LABORATORY PH	2.93	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	540.93
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	10.5 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS		SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.42
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT		RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	
LAB SPEC.COND.(MICROMHOS/CM)	1839.	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	10.0 C	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	1862.
FIELD PH	2.90	ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	47.5
NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	.54	SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	<.002
LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	<.04	BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.12
STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	.68	CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.018
TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.016	CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	.005
VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.006	COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.030
ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	1.66	LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.17
ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	<.004	MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	<.02
ARSENIC, DISS (UG/L AS AS)	1.7	MERCURY, DISS (UG/L AS HG)	<.03
SELENIUM, DISS (UG/L-SE)	.4	ACIDITY, TOT (MG/L-CAC03)	432.

REMARKS: CLEAR WATER - COLORLESS \*  
 EFFLUENT FROM WOODEN DRAIN PIPE FROM ADIT - BURIED UNDER SPOIL \*  
 LAB: H+=6.2 MG/L, .68 SIGMA, 20.5 TOTAL CATION MEQVS/L \*

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER. FT = FEET, MT = METERS. (M) = MEASURED, (E) = ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED. TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE. TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA QW WA S2 W1 OW PW AT OTHER  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 04-MAY-81 BY: TP \*CLG  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 37.4 51.7 8.2 0.5 0.2 27.1 0.0 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 80R2325



MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496 4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
LAB NO. 8002327

STATE MONTANA COUNTY CASCADE  
LATITUDE-LONGITUDE 47°20'12"N 111°09'11"W SITE LOCATION 18N 5E 6 CCAC  
UTM COORDINATES 717 N5242350 E408510 HRMG SITE CS 07  
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP STOCKETT 7 1/2 STATION ID 472012111091101  
GEOLOGIC SOURCE 221HRSN\*111SPRK\* \* SAMPLE SOURCE MINE DRAINAGE  
DRAINAGE BASIN BB LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE 3850. FT ± 10  
AGENCY & SAMPLER HRMG\*JJD SUSTAINED YIELD  
BOTTLE NUMBER CS-07 YIELD HEAD METHOD  
DATE SAMPLED 21-SEP-80 TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL  
TIME SAMPLED 15:00 HOURS SWL ABOVE( ) OR BELOW GS  
LAB ANALYST HRMG\*FNA CASING DIAMETER  
DATE ANALYZED 18-FEB-81 CASING TYPE  
SAMPLE HANDLING 4120 COMPLETION TYPE \*  
METHOD SAMPLED GRAB PERFORATION INTERVAL  
WATER USE UNUSED

SAMPLING SITE SAND COULEE MINING DISTRICT\*COTTONWOOD CR  
GEOLOGIC SOURCE MORRISON FORMATION

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	345.	17.27	BICARBONATE (HCO3)		
MAGNESIUM (MG)	149.	12.26	CARBONATE (CO3)		
SODIUM (NA)	14.7	0.64	CHLORIDE (CL)	17.4	0.47
POTASSIUM (K)	.8	0.02	SULFATE (SO4)	2400.	134.91
IRON (FE)	1057.	56.78	NITRATE (AS N)	.02	0.00
MANGANESE (MN)	2.46	0.09	FLUORIDE (F)	.06	0.05
SILICA (SIO2)	113.0		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 87.00 TOTAL ANIONS 135.45

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)

LABORATORY PH	2.90	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	1474.75
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	10.2 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS		SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.17
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT		RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	4287.	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	9.0 C	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	4747.
FIELD PH	2.45	ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L AL)	479.
NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	12.4	SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	.017
LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	<.04	BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.20
STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	1.06	CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.15
TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.079	CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	.11
VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.21	COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.12
ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	62.9	LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.70
ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.090	MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	.05
ARSENIC, DISS (UG/L AS AS)	2.8	MERCURY, DISS (UG/L AS HG)	<.03
SELENIUM, DISS (UG/L-SE)	1.0	ACIDITY, TOT (MG/L-CAC03)	5295.

REMARKS: WATER DUMPING ORANGE AND RED PRECIPITATE \* CLEAR AT SOURCE \*  
1.5 MILES SOUTH STOCKETT \* SPRING EMITS FROM SPOIL PILE IN FRONT OF  
CAVED ADIT \* FLOW MEASURED AT ROAD - GREATER AT SOURCE \*  
LAB: H4=31 MG/L, -.22 SIGMA, 135.9 TOTAL CATION MEQVS/L \*

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L =  
MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER, FT = FEET, M = METERS. (M) = MEASURED, (E) =  
ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

QW WA SS SI WI OW PW AT OTHER

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
LAST EDIT DATE: 04-MAY-81 BY: TP \*CLC  
PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY 83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
57.1 40.7 2.1 0.1 0.4 99.6 0.0 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 8002327  
Ready

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 81G0061

STATE MONTANA	COUNTY CASCADE
LATITUDE-LONGITUDE 47D20'12"N 111D09'10"W	SITE LOCATION 18N 5E 6*CCAC
UTM COORDINATES Z12 N5242395 E488515	HRMG SITE CS-09
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP STOCKETT 7 1/2'	STATION 19 472012111091001
GEOLOGIC SOURCE 221HRGN*111MTLG*	* SAMPLE SOURCE MINE DRAINAGE
DRAINAGE BASIN BE	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE 3855. FT < 10
AGENCY + SAMPLER HRMG*JJD	SUSTAINED YIELD
BOTTLE NUMBER CS-09	YIELD MEAS METHOD
DATE SAMPLED 03-MAR-81	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL
TIME SAMPLED 14:00 HOURS	SWL ABOVE(-) OR BELOW GS
LAB + ANALYST HRMG*FNA	CASING DIAMETER
DATE ANALYZED 22-APR-81	CASING TYPE
SAMPLE HANDLING 4120	COMPLETION TYPE *
METHOD SAMPLED GRAE	PERFORATION INTERVAL
WATER USE UNUSED	

SAMPLING SITE STOCKETT - SAND COULEE MINING DISTRICT  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE MORRISON FORMATION

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	360.	17.96	BICARBONATE (HCO3)		
MAGNESIUM (MG)	155.	12.75	CARBONATE (CO3)		
SODIUM (NA)	14.1	0.61	CHLORIDE (CL)	1.9	0.05
POTASSIUM (K)	2.6	0.07	SULFATE (SO4)	6906.	143.70
IRON (FE)	1065.	57.21	NITRATE (AS N)	.18	0.01
MANGANESE (MN)	2.56	0.09	FLUORIDE (F)	7.46	0.39
SILICA (SIO2)	106.0		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		
TOTAL CATIONS		88.70	TOTAL ANIONS		144.24

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)

LABORATORY PH	2.82	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	1536.90
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	8.6 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS		SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.16
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT		RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	
LAB SPEC.COND.(MICROMHOS/CM)	6251.	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	10. C	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	6826.
FIELD PH	2.53	ALUMINUM, TR (MG/L AS AL)	1290.
IRON, TR (MG/L AS FE)	1290.	ACIDITY, TOT (MG/L - CaCO3)	5431.
ARSENIC, TR (UG/L AS AS)	6.0	SELENIUM, TR (UG/L AS SE)	.0
ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L -AL)	500.	NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	12.8
SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	.092	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	<.04
BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.33	STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L -SR)	.103
CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.112	TITANIUM, DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.014
CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L -CR)	.144	VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.033
COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.154	ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	4.85
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.728	ZIRCONIUM, DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.025
MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L -MO)	1.42	ARSENIC, DISS (UG/L AS AS)	6.0
SELENIUM, DISS (UG/L -SE)	.6		

REMARKS: SAMPLE CLEAR - NO PRECIPITATE \* DOWNSTREAM THERE IS ORANGE AND WHITE  
 PRECIPITATE AND GREEN SLIME \* SAMPLE FROM SPRING AT SPOIL PILE BY T1  
 MINE \* AT ROAD, PH=2.72, S.C.=6725 \*

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L  
 MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER. FT = FEET, MT = METERS. (M) = MEASURED, (E) =  
 ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED. TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE. TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA QW WA S2 WI OW FW AT OTHER  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS: Y

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 19-FEB-82 BY: TP \*JKS  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F173CP V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 57.2 40.6 2.0 0.2 0.0100.0 0.0 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 81G0061  
 ANALYSIS NOT IN FILE: 81G1000

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 80Q2326

STATE MONTANA COUNTY CASCADE  
 LATITUDE-LONGITUDE 47D23'21"N 111D07'59"W SITE LOCATION 19N SE 20 BBBC  
 UTM COORDINATES 712 M5243120 5482750 MRNG SITE 08-01  
 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP SOUTH-EAST GREAT FALLS 7 1 STATION ID 472321111075901  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE 221MRGN\*111SPRN\* \* SAMPLE SOURCE MINE DRAINAGE  
 DRAINAGE BASIN BB LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE 3590. FT ± 50  
 AGENCY + SAMPLER MRMG\*JJJ SUSTAINED YIELD  
 DOTTLE NUMBER CS-05 YIELD MEAS METHOD  
 DATE SAMPLED 21-SEP-80 TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL  
 TIME SAMPLED 10:00 HOURS SWL ABOVE( ) OR BELOW GS  
 LAB + ANALYST MRMG\*FNA CASING DIAMETER  
 DATE ANALYZED 18-FEB-81 CASING TYPE  
 SAMPLE HANDLING 4120 COMPLETION TYPE \*  
 METHOD SAMPLED GRAB PERFORATION INTERVAL  
 WATER USE UNUSED

SAMPLING SITE SAND COULEE MINING DISTRICT\*SAND COULEE CR  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE MORRISON FORMATION

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	181.	7.03	BICARBONATE (HCO3)		
MAGNESIUM (MG)	62.6	5.15	CARBONATE (CO3)		
SODIUM (NA)	13.6	0.57	CHLORIDE (CL)	5.2	0.15
POTASSIUM (K)	2.4	0.06	SULFATE (SO4)	1437.	29.92
IRON (FE)	31.3	1.68	NITRATE (AS N)	.04	0.00
MANGANESE (MN)	.70	0.03	FLUORIDE (F)	3.54	0.19
SILICA (SiO2)	98.2		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 16.54 TOTAL ANIONS 30.25

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)

	LABORATORY PH	2.31	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	709.62
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	11.2 C		TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS			SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.22
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT			RYZMAR STABILITY INDEX	
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	2922.		LANGLIFF SATURATION INDEX	

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	8. C	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	3027.
FIELD PH	2.50	ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	66.6
NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	.36	SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	.006
LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	<.04	BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.10
STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	.73	CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.016
TITANIUM, DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.033	CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	.013
VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.016	COFFER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.035
ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	1.04	LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.17
ZIRCONIUM, DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.005	MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	<.02
ARSENIC, DISS (UG/L AS AS)	<.1	MERCURY, DISS (UG/L AS HG)	<.03
SELENIUM, DISS (UG/L-SE)	.4	ACIDITY, TOT (MG/L-CAC03)	722.

REMARKS: WATER IS MURKY - FILTERS POORLY DUE TO SEDIMENT \* WATER SEEPS OVER  
 BROAD AREA OF MINE SPOIL \* SOME MIXING WITH HIGHER PH \* NATURAL SPRING  
 DISCHARGE (PH FROM 3-5) \* OUTFLOW AT ROAD AT 16PM, PH=2.78 \* WATER  
 LAB: SEEPS RAPIDLY BACK INTO GROUND ALONG DRAINAGE CHANNEL \*  
 LAB: H+=11.3 MG/L, .01 SIGMA, 30.3 TOTAL CATION MEQVS/L \*

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L =  
 MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER. FT = FEET, MT = METERS. (M) = MEASURED, (E) =  
 ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED. TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE. TOT = TOTAL.

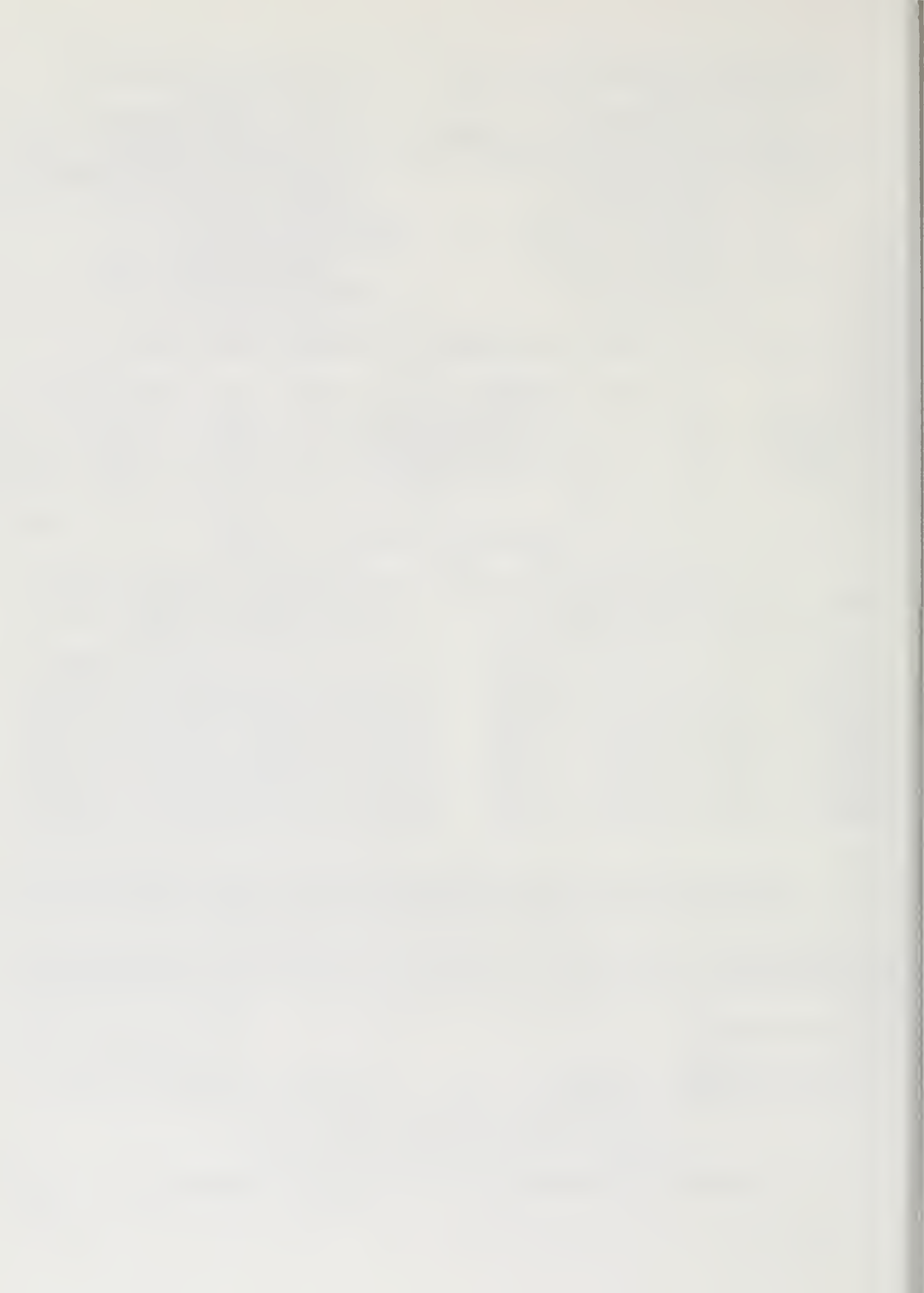
QW NA S2 WI QW PW AT OTHER

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 04-MAY-81 BY: TP \*CLC  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 60.7 34.7 4.0 0.4 0.5 77.5 0.0 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 80Q2326





## APPENDIX B

### GEOLOGY

A comprehensive description of the Mesozoic stratigraphy of the area is presented in Silverman and Harris (1967), and comments regarding the geology of the area are largely derived from their report and from field inspection.

#### B.1 Madison Group (Mississippian)

The Madison Group is the oldest geologic unit exposed in the area. Its top is exposed in several localities along the bottoms of Cottonwood, Number Five and Sand Coulees. Outcrops are not extensive; the largest observed exposure is about thirty feet thick. Feltis (1980, 3) shows the top of the Madison in this area to dip to the north-northwest at a relatively uniform dip of 50-70 feet/mile (about one degree). However, exposures in this area suggest that the top of the formation may be irregular, projecting local domes or knobs. It is probably located at shallow (<300 feet) depth in the subsurface throughout the study.

The Madison is overlain unconformably by Jurassic sediments of the Ellis Group. This unconformity is angular, as exposed 0.5 km north of Stockett, where folded Madison strata dip 25 degrees north-northeast beneath flay-lying sandstone of the Ellis. The Madison may exhibit more complex structure in the subsurface than the gently-dipping Cretaceous and Jurassic sediments which overlie it.

The lithology of the Madison is grey, coarsely-crystalline limestone and dolomitic limestone, with chert grains and a diverse



biohermal fossil assemblage. It occurs both in thin, flaggy beds and in massive biohermal strata. Some fossil casts have been refilled with either calcite or gypsum. Local residents report that the limestone is locally cavernous along Sand Coulee Creek farther south towards the mountains. Water well drillers have reported encountering cavernous zones in the upper Madison in the Stockett and Sand Coulee area.

#### B.2 Swift Formation and Ellis Group (Jurassic)

Sandstone of the Swift Formation, the upper member of the Ellis Group, is distinctive in outcrop as a cemented, cross-bedded, grey, massive- to flaggy-bedded sandstone. Outcrops are found along coulee bottoms in the upper reaches of the Sand Coulee Creek drainage, particularly south of Stockett. In some localities, it unconformably overlies the Madison, but it usually overlies yellow and grey shales and mudstones of the lower Ellis Group. The fine-grained sediments of the Ellis are poorly resistant to erosion and are not well exposed in the area.

#### B.3 Morrison Formation (Jurassic)

The Morrison Formation consists of 50-250 feet of grey mudstone, with interbedded lenses of limestone, sandstone, coal and shale. Coal mined in the Sand Coulee area is from bed(s) at or near the top of the Morrison. The uppermost coal bed is directly overlain by a cemented conglomeratic channel sandstone at the base of the Kootenai Formation (Cretaceous).

Although the upper coal seam was the primary target of mining in this area, at least one other minable seam may occur in the subsurface

of the area. In the Giffin mine workings, local residents report that mining took place at two separate levels separated by approximately 30 feet of interburden material.

Morrison outcrops are found in this area along the mid-slopes of the coulees. The upper part of the Morrison consists of coal, carbonaceous shale and fine-grained sandstone lenses, up to a total thickness of sixty feet. The coal bed ranges from 1-12 feet thick, with varying proportions of interbedded carbonaceous shale. The thickness of these shale strata was one of the controls on the profitability of mining.

Sandstone lenses in the Morrison are up to 35 feet thick. They are clean fluvial deposits and weather orange, making them difficult to distinguish from some of the sandstones in the overlying Kootenai. Perhaps the most diagnostic characteristic of the Morrison is its varied assemblage of interbedded lithologies, including shale, mudstone, coal, sandstone and fresh water limestone.

#### B.4 Kootenai Formation (Lower Cretaceous)

The Kootenai Formation is a sequence of numerous lensaic, discontinuous sandstone beds from one to 50 feet thick, interbedded with green and grey mudstone. It forms the coulee walls and underlies the upland benches between coulees throughout the study area. The basal sandstone unit of the Kootenai, the Third Cat Creek equivalent in this area, overlies the coal in the Upper Morrison with an erosional unconformity. This unit represents the first coarse channel deposits of the major river system which established itself across the Upper Jurassic land surface.

Except for the basal sandstone, the numerous sandstone beds in the

upper Kootenai are relatively discontinuous. Most individual beds cannot be traced over long distances.

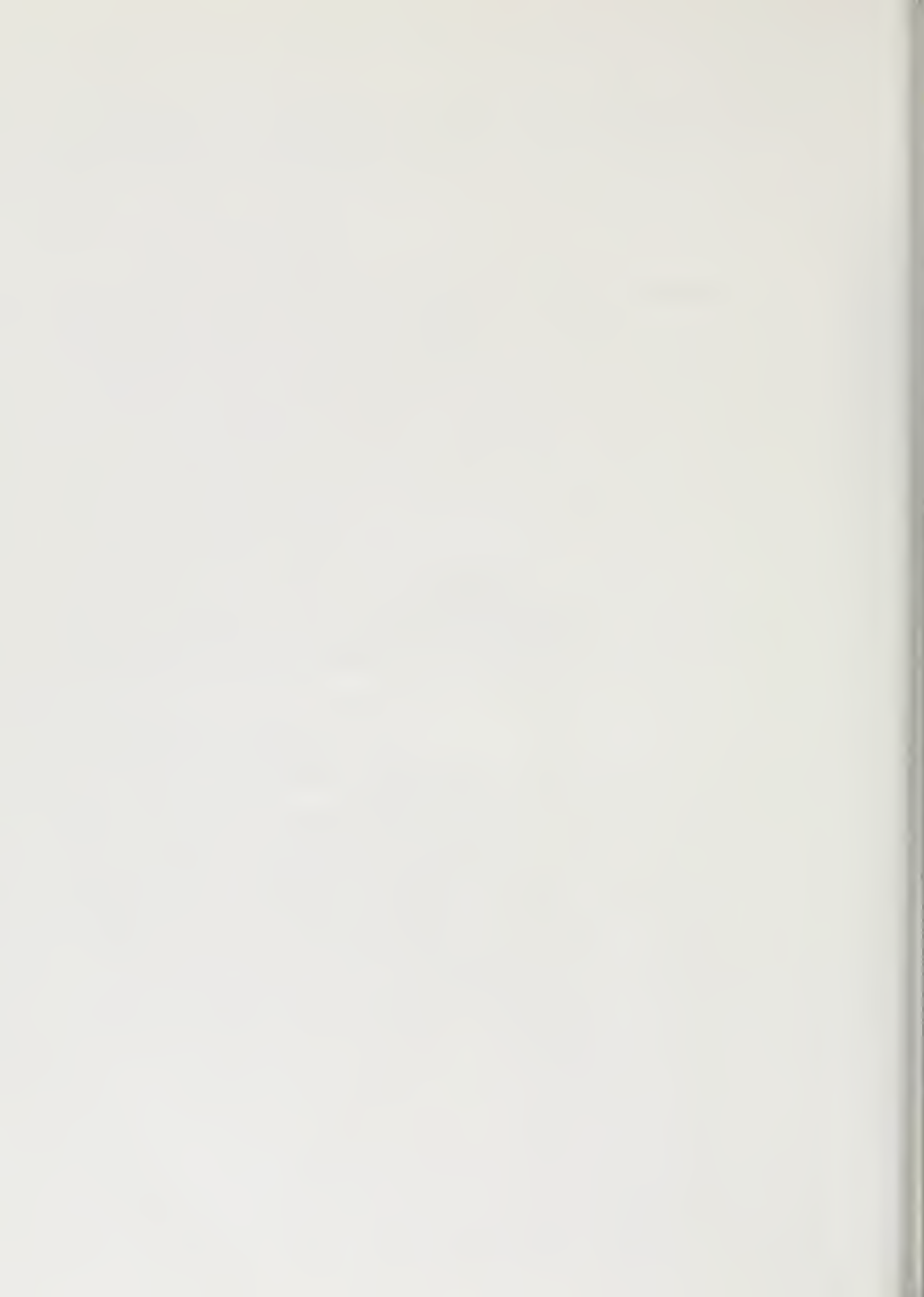
#### B.5 Glacial Deposits

According to Coulton et al. (1961), the limit of Wisconsinan continental glaciation lies just to the north of the Sand Coulee area. No known till or drift deposits occur within the valley. There is a large pre-glacial channel of the Missouri River which runs east-west from the modern Missouri River south of Great Falls, at the Sand Coulee Creek delta, directly west to the town of Fife. The flow of Sand Coulee Creek turns abruptly to the west as it encounters this channel. The channel is filled with sand, gravel, silt and clay deposited by glaciers and glacial lakes over which the lower reach of Sand Coulee Creek flows at a gentle gradient of 9-10 feet/mile (about 2%).

#### B.6 Alluvial Deposits

Thin alluvial deposits of Quaternary and possibly Tertiary age lie along the coulee bottoms of Straight, Cottonwood, Number Five and Sand Coulee Creeks. North of Tracy, these alluvial deposits inter-finger with the outwash and lacustrine deposits of the ancient Missouri channel. Thickness of the alluvial cover is variable. Although little data on its thickness distribution are available, it is probable that nowhere south of Tracy is it greater than 100 feet.

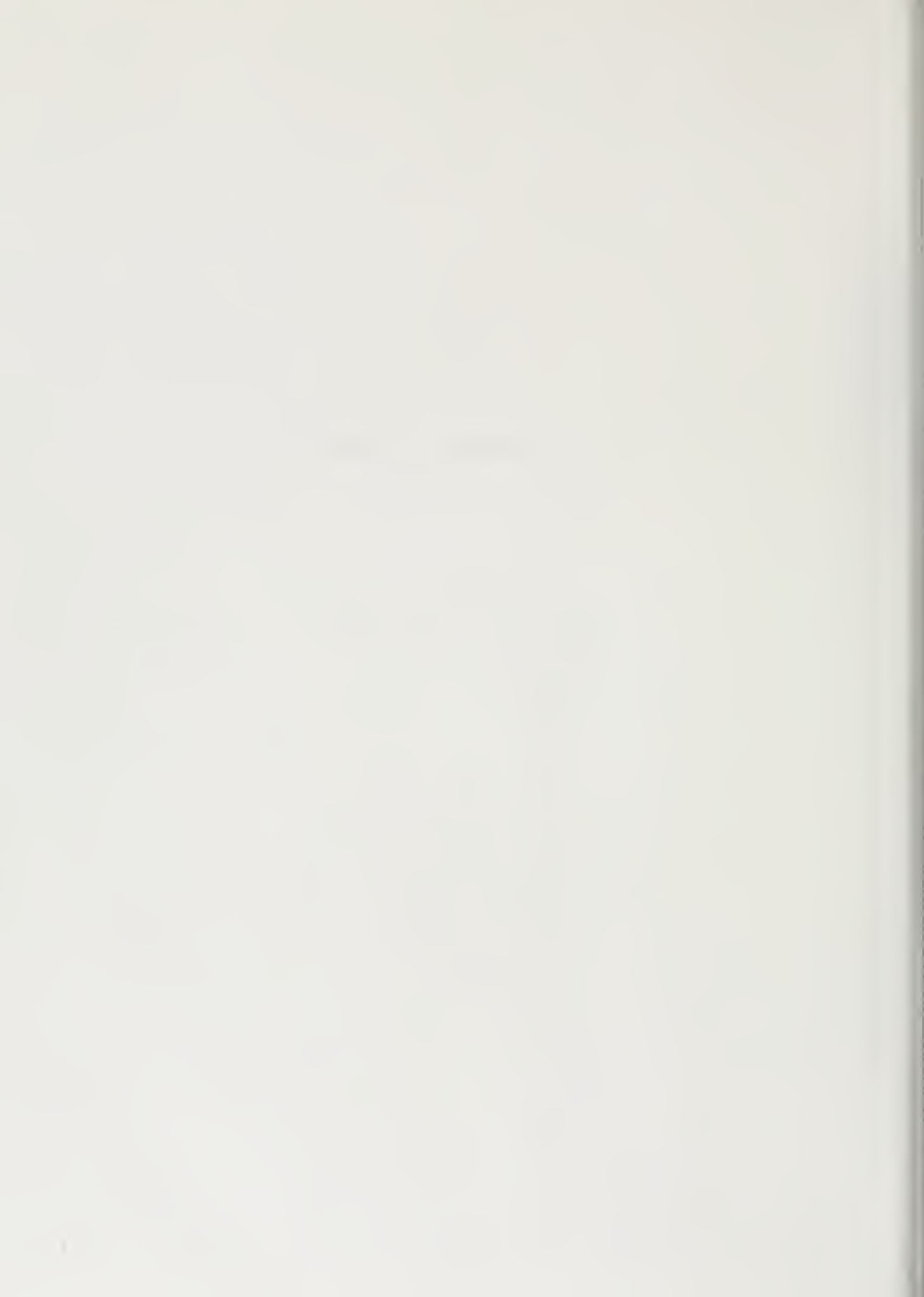
APPENDIX C  
HYDROGEOLOGICAL DATA





C-1

DOMESTIC WELL INVENTORY FIELD SHEETS



TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER'S NAME DONALD JACOBS ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_

PHONE NUMBER	YEAR
214-221-1111	1968
214-221-1111	1969
214-221-1111	1970
214-221-1111	1971
214-221-1111	1972
214-221-1111	1973
214-221-1111	1974
214-221-1111	1975
214-221-1111	1976
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214-221-1111	2081
214-221-1111	2082
214-221-1111	2083

CASING DIA. \_\_\_\_\_ In. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ Ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ Ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ In. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ Ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ Ft.

CASING TYPE \_\_\_\_\_

PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ n. TO \_\_\_\_\_ n.

\_\_\_\_\_ n. TO \_\_\_\_\_ n.

\_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORATION DESC. \_\_\_\_\_

PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_

DATE WELL COMPLETED \_\_\_\_\_

HOW DRILLED \_\_\_\_\_

BY WHOM \_\_\_\_\_ LIC. \_\_\_\_\_

WE'LL USE \_\_\_\_\_

SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. \_\_\_\_\_

DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER \_\_\_\_\_ USQS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_

OTHER:

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED Yes

BY WHOM F Osborne AGENCY MBMG

DATE VERIFIED 8-19-82

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

SWL • BELOW LSD 74.88 n. 8-19-82

YIELD IN GPM \_\_\_\_\_

WATER TEMP. °C \_\_\_\_\_

SPECIFIC COND. at 25 °C

MMMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

DNR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: \_\_\_\_\_

• F = FLOWING

MBMG Form 182 (9/79)

[illegible]

2

Well at white shed 200 yards  
South of House

Well

C-1

COUNTY CASCADE T. 170<sup>N</sup> or S R. 5<sup>E</sup> or W SEC. 7 TRACT CDA

LAT. \_\_\_\_\_ N. LONG. \_\_\_\_\_ W. UTM \_\_\_\_\_ N \_\_\_\_\_ E

TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER'S NAME SCHOTT ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 4210 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD 125 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. \_\_\_\_\_  
HOW TESTED \_\_\_\_\_ TIME (HR.) \_\_\_\_\_  
IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O \_\_\_\_\_

CASING DIA. \_\_\_\_\_ in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 CASING TYPE \_\_\_\_\_  
 PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORMANCE DESC. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE WELL COMPLETED \_\_\_\_\_  
HOW DRILLED \_\_\_\_\_  
BY WHOM \_\_\_\_\_ LIC. \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL USE \_\_\_\_\_  
SOURCE OF INFO; WELL APPROP. \_\_\_\_\_  
DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER \_\_\_\_\_ USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED Yes  
BY WHOM T. Osborne AGENCY MBMG  
DATE VERIFIED 8-19-82  
MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD 3.19 ft. DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD 116.05 ft. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_  
SWL\* BELOW LSD 108.86 ft. 8-19-82  
YIELD IN GPM \_\_\_\_\_  
WATER TEMP. °C \_\_\_\_\_  
SPECIFIC COND. at 25°C 355 8-19-82  
MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
DNR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: 397 @ 30.8°C

PHONE NUMBER	YEAR
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214-343-1111	1982
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214-343-1111	2094
214-343-1111	2095
214-343-1111	2096

[illegible]

	7		

West side of road just off of  
Sand Coulee Crk. Bridge at  
creamery bldg.

N ↑

House ☐  
Barn ☒  
Well ☒

C-2

C-2  
SAND COVE L L C

K2

# MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY WELL-DATA SHEET

COUNTY CASCADE T. 18 N or S R. 40 E or W SEC. 11 TRACT AAAC

LAT. \_\_\_\_\_ N. LONG. \_\_\_\_\_ W. UTM \_\_\_\_\_ N \_\_\_\_\_ E \_\_\_\_\_

TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER'S NAME Donald A. Yurek ADDRESS Stockett Mt. 59480

PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 4075 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD 131 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD 125 ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSD 26 ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. 2

HOW TESTED BAUER TIME (HR.) 1

IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_

GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O SANDY SHALE  
ADOTENAL MARCON

CASING DIA. 6 5/8 in. FROM 0 ft. TO 65 ft.  
\_\_\_\_\_ in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

CASING TYPE STEEL

PERFORATED INTERVAL 31' ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
61' ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
\_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORATION DESC. 25" JUTS

PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_

DATE WELL COMPLETED 2/11/1981

HOW DRILLED CABLE

BY WHOM PAT BYRNE LIC. 318

WELL USE Stock - Domestic

SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. X

DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER \_\_\_\_\_ USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_

OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED Yes

BY WHOM Herman Moore AGENCY MBMG

DATE VERIFIED 6/21/82

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

SWL\* BELOW LSD 7.70 ft. 6/21/82

YIELD IN GPM 7.2 6/21/82

WATER TEMP. °C 12.1 6/21/82

SPECIFIC COND. at 25 °C 677 6/21/82

MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

DNR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

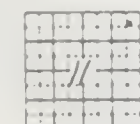
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: \_\_\_\_\_

LITHOLOGIC LOG		
INTERVAL (FT.)		DESCRIPTION
FROM	TO	
0	4	TOP SOIL
4	30	BROKEN SANDSTONE, CLAY AND SANDSTONE BOULDERS
30	38	DARK BROWN-GRAY SHALE
38	41	HARD-GRAY limy SHALE
41	43	LIGHT GRAY SHALE
43	48	MARCON SHALE
48	49	Red Rock
49	58	Red Rock AND SHALE
58	76	VERIGATED limy SANDROCK 2 GPM 65-70
76	81	MARCON SHALE ROCK
81	84	HARD RED limy SANDROCK
84	90	VERIGATED SHALE ROCK
90	96	VERIGATED SHALE
96	102	VERIGATED SAND ROCK
102	105	RED ROCK
105	120	GRAY-GREEN SANDY SHALE ROCK
120	126	SHARP GRAY SANDSTONE
126	129	GRAI
129	131	DARK GRAY SANDY SHALE



C-3

\*F = FLOWING

MBMG Form 182 (9/79)







COUNTY CASCADE T. 18 <sup>N</sup>~~S~~ R. 4 <sup>E</sup>~~W~~ SEC. 28 TRACT CADA

LAT. 0 1 " N. LONG. 0 1 " W. UTM        N        E       

TOWN        SUBDIVISION        BLOCK        LOT       

OWNER'S NAME Eugene Vice ADDRESS EDEN RT. STOCKETT

ALT. LANO SURF. AT WELL MSL 4340 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSO 90' ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSO 39' ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. \_\_\_\_\_  
HOW TESTED \_\_\_\_\_ TIME (HR.) \_\_\_\_\_  
IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O SANDSTONE  
KOOTENAI

CASING DIA. 6 in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 CASING TYPE Steel  
 PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORMANCE DESC. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE WELL COMPLETED \_\_\_\_\_  
HOW DRILLED \_\_\_\_\_  
BY WHOM FRANKLIN LIC. \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL USE DOMESTIC & STOCK  
SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. \_\_\_\_\_  
DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER X USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED Yes  
BY WHOM Herman Moore AGENCY M.B.M.G.  
DATE VERIFIED 6/27/82

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

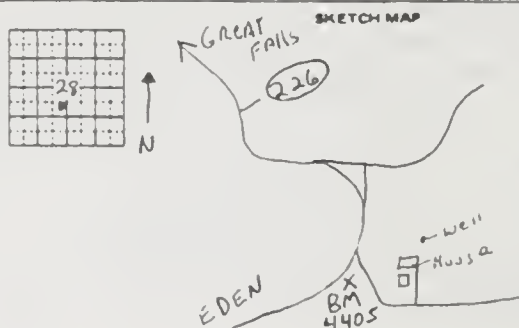
SWL\* BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

YIELD IN GPM	<u>13.3<sup>5</sup></u>	<u>6/07/02</u>
WATER TEMP. °C		
SPECIFIC COND. at 25 °C	<u>1041</u>	<u>6/07/02</u>

MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
DNR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

[illegible]

LAT. \_\_\_\_\_ N. LONG. \_\_\_\_\_ W. UTM \_\_\_\_\_ N \_\_\_\_\_ E \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER'S NAME MATT FRISNEGGER ADDRESS STOCKETT

PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

Placodon

ft. TO ft.

OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

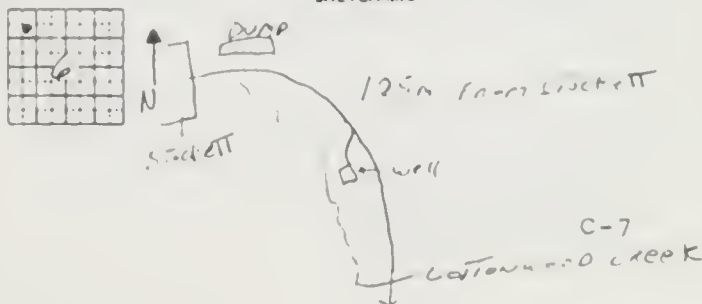
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

• F = FLOWING

MBMG Form 182 (9/79)

[illegible]

### SKETCH MAP





MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
WELL-DATA SHEET

COUNTY CASCADE T. 18 N. 03 R. 5 E. W. SEC. 7 TRACT BBDA

TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER'S NAME ANNA Dolena ADDRESS Box 61 Stockett

PHONE NUMBER	YEAR
214-221-1111	1968
214-221-1111	1969
214-221-1111	1970
214-221-1111	1971
214-221-1111	1972
214-221-1111	1973
214-221-1111	1974
214-221-1111	1975
214-221-1111	1976
214-221-1111	1977
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214-221-1111	2077
214-221-1111	2078
214-221-1111	2079
214-221-1111	2080
214-221-1111	2081
214-221-1111	2082
214-221-1111	2083

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3800 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSO 35 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSO ~~75~~ ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. 10  
HOW TESTED \_\_\_\_\_ TIME (HR.) \_\_\_\_\_  
IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O CLAY  
ALLUVIUM

CASING DIA. 2 in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 CASING TYPE Steel  
 PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORATION DESC. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE WELL COMPLETED \_\_\_\_\_  
HOW DRILLED \_\_\_\_\_  
BY WHOM \_\_\_\_\_ LIC. \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL USE DOMESTIC + STOCK  
SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. \_\_\_\_\_  
DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER X USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

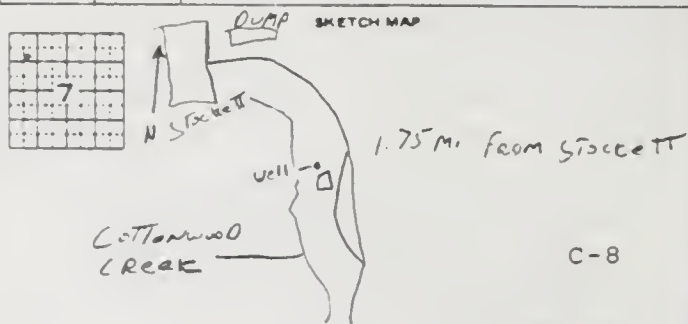
HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED Yes  
BY WHOM Herman Moore AGENCY MBMG  
DATE VERIFIED 6/04/82  
MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_  
SWL\* BELOW LSD 15.98 ft. 6/04/82  
YIELD IN GPM \_\_\_\_\_  
WATER TEMP. °C 5.7° 6/04/82  
SPECIFIC COND. at 25 °C 983 6/04/82  
MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
DNR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER:

REMARKS: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

•F = FLOWING

MBMG Form 182 (9/79)

## LITHOLOGIC LOG

[illegible]



COUNTY CASCADE T. 18 N. 8 R. 5 E. W SEC. 1 TRACT BCAC

TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER'S NAME Felix MENGHINI ADDRESS Box 62 Stockert

PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3818 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD 32 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSD 20 ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. 8  
HOW TESTED \_\_\_\_\_ TIME (HR.) 1  
IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O CLAY  
ALLUVIUM

CASING DIA. 2 in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 CASING TYPE Steel  
 PERFORATED INTERVAL 25 ft. TO 20 ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORMANCE DESC. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE Jet Pump  
DATE WELL COMPLETED 9/11/79  
HOW DRILLED CABLE  
BY WHOM Firestone LIC. 64  
WELL USE Domestic  
SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. X  
DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER \_\_\_\_\_ USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SC5 \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED Yes  
BY WHOM HERMAN MOORE AGENCY MBMG  
DATE VERIFIED 6/04/82

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

SWL \* BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

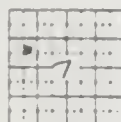
YIELD IN GPM	<u>8.3°</u>	<u>6/4/82</u>
WATER TEMP. °C		
SPECIFIC COND. at 25 °C	<u>228</u>	<u>6/10/82</u>

MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
ONR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS:

• F = FLOWING

## LITHOLOGIC LOG

[illegible]

57016 SKETCH MAP

7 MF

7

155

on

1

17.11

10

607

10

222

1.75 m. 1.75 m. 1.75 m.

C-9

COUNTY CASCADE T. 18 <sup>N</sup> or <sup>S</sup> R. 5 <sup>E</sup> or <sup>W</sup> SEC. 11 TRACT DCCC  
LAT. \_\_\_\_\_ N. LONG. \_\_\_\_\_ W. UTM \_\_\_\_\_ N \_\_\_\_\_ E \_\_\_\_\_  
TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_  
OWNER'S NAME MARY BETH JACOBES ADDRESS BEIT MT.

	PHONE NUMBER	YEAR
1		
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100		

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 4240 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSO 90 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSO 17 ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. 34  
HOW TESTED \_\_\_\_\_ TIME (HR.) \_\_\_\_\_

IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O SANDSTONE  
KOOTENAI

CASING DIA. 6 In. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ In. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

CASING TYPE \_\_\_\_\_

PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

\_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

\_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORMANCE DESC. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE SUBMERSIBLE  
DATE WELL COMPLETED \_\_\_\_\_  
HOW DRILLED \_\_\_\_\_  
BY WHOM \_\_\_\_\_ LIC. \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL USE DOMESTIC + STOCK  
SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. \_\_\_\_\_  
DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER X USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED Yes  
BY WHOM Herman Moore AGENCY MMMC  
DATE VERIFIED 6/07/82

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

SWL\* BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

YIELD IN GPM	<u>7.9</u>	<u>6/67/82</u>
WATER TEMP. °C	<u>588</u>	<u>6/67/82</u>
SPECIFIC COND. at 25 °C		

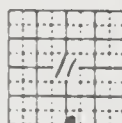
MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
DNR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

\*F = FLOWING

MBMG Form 182 (9/79)

## LITHOLOGIC LOG

[illegible]

SKETCH MAP  
KTO and Cooler

C-10

COUNTY CHANDLER T. 12 N. or S R. 5 E. or W SEC. 31 TRACT EDAC

TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER'S NAME DUKKEE ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_

PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 4380 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD 75 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. \_\_\_\_\_  
HOW TESTED \_\_\_\_\_ TIME (HR.) \_\_\_\_\_

IF F. SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O KOOTENAI  
FORMATION

CASING DIA. \_\_\_\_\_ In. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ In. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

CASING TYPE \_\_\_\_\_

PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORATION DESC. \_\_\_\_\_

PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_

DATE WELL COMPLETED \_\_\_\_\_

HOW DRILLED \_\_\_\_\_

BY WHOM \_\_\_\_\_ LIC. \_\_\_\_\_

WE'LL USE \_\_\_\_\_

SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. \_\_\_\_\_

DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER \_\_\_\_\_ USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_

OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED Yes

BY WHOM T. Osborne AGENCY 14BMB

DATE VERIFIED 8-19-82

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

SWL • BELOW LSD 23.32 n. 8-19-82

YIELD IN GPM \_\_\_\_\_

WATER TEMP. °C \_\_\_\_\_

SPECIFIC COND. at 25°C 506 8-19-8

MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

DNR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

MBMO WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: S.C. 393 @ 13.7°C  
= 505.6 @ 25°C

\*F = FLOWING

MBMG Form 182 (9/79)

## INTERVAL (FT.)

### DESCRIPTION

FROM

TO

No Log

### SKETCH MAP



↑ To stack H

 $\uparrow N$ 

1400' 2

□  
O  
with

C-11

**MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
WELL-DATA SHEET**

COUNTY CASCADE T. 12N R. 7E SEC. 7 TRACT CADB  
LAT. 0 1 11 N. LONG. 0 1 11 W. UTM        N        E       

TOWN        SUBDIVISION        BLOCK        LOT       

OWNER'S NAME JOHN ENLARSSEN ADDRESS SAND LOULEE 11"  
FORMERLY OWNED BY S. J. JENSEN

PHONE NUMBER        YEAR       

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3660 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD        ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD 350 ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSD 100 ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. 3 GPM  
HOW TESTED FOAM TIME (HR.)         
IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI         
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O NATURAL

CASING DIA. 40 in. FROM        ft. TO 330 ft.  
       in. FROM        ft. TO        ft.  
CASING TYPE         
PERFORATED INTERVAL 96 ft. TO 147 ft.  
       ft. TO        ft.  
       ft. TO        ft.

PERFORATION DESC.         
PUMP SIZE (HP.)        TYPE         
DATE WELL COMPLETED 3-5-82  
HOW DRILLED FOAM  
BY WHOM MINI-MAX DRILLING LIC. 51  
WELL USE STOCK  
SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP.         
DRILLER        OWNER        USGS        SCS         
OTHER:       

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED YES  
BY WHOM U. BENTON AGENCY MBMG  
DATE VERIFIED 3-2-90

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD        ft. DATE         
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD        ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD        ft.  
SWL\* BELOW LSD        ft.  
YIELD IN GPM         
WATER TEMP. °C         
SPECIFIC COND. at 25 °C         
MBMG FILE NUMBER         
DNR FILE NUMBER         
WELL FORM NUMBER         
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER         
SYS 2000 NUMBER         
OTHER:       

REMARKS: SEWAGE PUMP  
ASING FROM 11" TO 330'  
SINK HAS NO WATER  
NO PUMP OR OTHER

\*F = FLOWING  
MBMG Form 182 (9/79)

LITHOLOGIC LOG		
INTERVAL (FT.)		DESCRIPTION
FROM	TO	
0	5	SANDSTONE
5	9	CLAY
9	12	SANDSTONE
12	15	SHALE ROCK
15	21	CLAY
21	41	SANDSTONE
41	45	SHALE ROCK
45	49	SANDSTONE
49	65	SHALE ROCK
65	72	LIMESTONE
72	132	SANDSTONE
132	177	SHALE ROCK
177	179	SANDSTONE
179	253	SHALE ROCK
253	267	LIMESTONE QUARTZITE LUCIFER
267	285	LIMESTONE
285	296	CLAY
296	308	LIMESTONE
308	327	CLAY
327	336	LIMESTONE
336	338	CLAY
338	345	LIMESTONE EXPOSED
TOP MAP 3302		



SKETCH MAP



COUNTY Cascade T. 19 N. 05 R. 4 E. 04 W. SEC. 12 TRACT ADDC

LAT. \_\_\_\_\_ N. LONG. \_\_\_\_\_ W. UTM \_\_\_\_\_ N \_\_\_\_\_ E

TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER'S NAME Gordon + Vera Mindt ADDRESS Box 62-A Sand Coulee MT

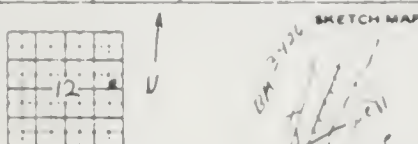
PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3420 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD 136 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD 136 ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSD 115 ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. 15  
HOW TESTED BAILER TIME (HR.) 1  
IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O Sandstone

CASING DIA. 6 in. FROM 0 ft. TO 120 ft.  
       in. FROM        ft. TO        ft.  
 CASING TYPE Steel  
 PERFORATED INTERVAL        ft. TO        ft.  
       ft. TO        ft.  
       ft. TO        ft.

PERFORMANCE DEC. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE WELL COMPLETED JAN. 28, 1974  
HOW DRILLED CABLE  
BY WHOM THOMAS FRANKLIN LIC. 84  
WELL USE DOMESTIC - LAWN + GARDEN  
SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. X  
DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER \_\_\_\_\_ USQS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER:

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED YES  
BY WHOM Herman Moore AGENCY MBMG  
DATE VERIFIED 6/29/82  
MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_  
SWL\* BELOW LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_  
YIELD IN GPM \_\_\_\_\_  
WATER TEMP. °C 13 6/29/82  
SPECIFIC COND. at 25°C 2339 6/29/82  
MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
DNR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_[illegible]

227

C-13



COUNTY CASCADE T. 19 N. 10 E. R. 4 SEC. 12 TRACT BD

TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER'S NAME JOHN PEJKO ADDRESS STOCKETT MT. 59480  
BOX 60A STAR PT. SANDS WLE

PHONE NUMBER	YEAR
214-221-1111	1978
214-221-1111	1979
214-221-1111	1980
214-221-1111	1981
214-221-1111	1982
214-221-1111	1983
214-221-1111	1984
214-221-1111	1985
214-221-1111	1986
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214-221-1111	2090
214-221-1111	2091
214-221-1111	2092
214-221-1111	2093

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3482 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSO 70 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSO 70 ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSO 45 ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. 50  
HOW TESTED \_\_\_\_\_ TIME (HR.) 1  
IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O POOR, SAN

CASING DIA. 6 5/8 in. FROM 0 ft. TO 50 ft.  
5 9/16 in. FROM 49 ft. TO 70 ft.

CASING TYPE \_\_\_\_\_

PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

\_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORATION DESC. \_\_\_\_\_

PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE SUB.

DATE WELL COMPLETED 2/26/1978

HOW DRILLED CABLE

BY WHOM PAT BYRNE LIC. 318

WELL USE Domestic (Wash & GARDEN)

SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. 1

DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER \_\_\_\_\_ USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_

OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED Yes

BY WHOM Heriman Moore AGENCY M.B.M.G.

DATE VERIFIED 6/04/82

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

SWL\* BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

YIELD IN GPM \_\_\_\_\_

WATER TEMP. °C 7.9 104182

SPECIFIC COND. at 25 °C 222 6/04/82

MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

DNR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

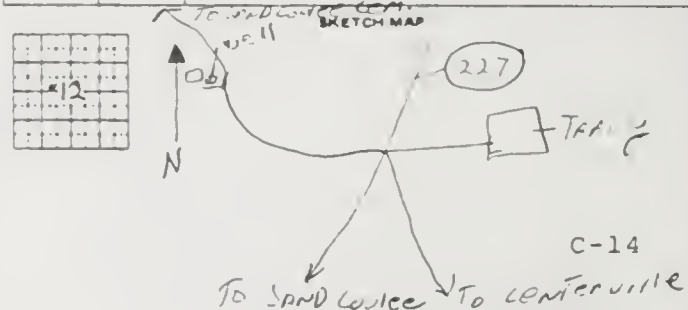
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: \_\_\_\_\_

• F • FLOWING

MBMG Form 182 (9/79)

## LITHOLOGIC LOG

[illegible]

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
WELL-DATA SHEET

COUNTY CASADE T. 19 N. 8 W. R. 4 E. 6 W. SEC. 12 TRACT DBAA  
LAT. \_\_\_\_\_ N. LONG. \_\_\_\_\_ W. UTM \_\_\_\_\_ N \_\_\_\_\_ E \_\_\_\_\_  
TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_  
OWNER'S NAME RICHARD KAJALA ADDRESS SAN JOSE MT

PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3440 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD 58 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. \_\_\_\_\_  
HOW TESTED GRAINED TIME (HR.) 3  
IF F. SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O MADISON  
LIMESTONE

CASING DIA. 2 in. FROM 0 ft. TO 47 ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 CASING TYPE TCN (20 LB/FT)  
 PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORMANCE DESC. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE WELL COMPLETED 7-3-64  
HOW DRILLED CABLE TOOL  
BY WHOM THOMAS FRANKLIN LIC. \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL USE DOMESTIC  
SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. \_\_\_\_\_  
DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER ☒ USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SC3 \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED YES  
BY WHOM W. BENYAMIN AGENCY MBMS  
DATE VERIFIED 6-9-82

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD	_____	ft.	DATE
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD	_____	ft.	_____
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD	_____	ft.	_____
SWL* BELOW LSD	<u>16.32</u>	ft.	<u>6/9/82</u>
YIELD IN GPM	_____		
WATER TEMP. °C	<u>13.1</u>		<u>6/9/82</u>
SPECIFIC COND. at 25 °C	<u>612</u>		<u>6/9/82</u>

MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
DNR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: 57.0-33.9 @ 19.5°C  
47.8 @ 13.1°C

[illegible]

A hand-drawn sketch map titled 'SKETCH MAP' showing the location of the study site. A north arrow points towards the top left. A scale bar indicates a distance of 1 km. A line represents a road or boundary, with a point labeled 'STUDY SITE' marked by a dot. The word 'TOWN' is written near the right side of the map.

COUNTY DADE T. 10 N or S R. 10 E or W SEC. 15 TRACT SACF  
LAT. 0 1 11 N. LONG. 0 1 11 W. UTM        N        E         
TOWN        SUBDIVISION        BLOCK        LOT         
OWNER'S NAME EVELYN A LYMAN ADDRESS SAUL LOUIS N

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 5250 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD 13 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD 130 ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSD 114 ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. 15  
HOW TESTED PACK TIME (HR.) 1  
IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O \_\_\_\_\_

CASING TYPE \_\_\_\_\_  
PERFORATED INTERVAL 126 ft. TO 131 ft.  
\_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
\_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORMANCE DESC. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE WELL COMPLETED 6-26-67  
HOW DRILLED SOFT DRILL  
BY WHOM FA-ENGINE LIC. 135  
WELL USE CONCRETE  
SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. ☒  
DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER ☒ USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED YES  
BY WHOM D. L. WILSON AGENCY MANC  
DATE VERIFIED 6-9-82

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD	_____	ft.	DATE
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD	_____	ft.	_____
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD	_____	ft.	_____
SWL* BELOW LSD	_____	ft.	_____
YIELD IN GPM	_____		
WATER TEMP. °C	<u>125</u>		<u>6/4/82</u>
SPECIFIC COND. at 25 °C	<u>2207</u>		<u>6/4/82</u>
MBMQ FILE NUMBER	_____		
DNR FILE NUMBER	_____		
WELL FORM NUMBER	_____		
MBMQ WQ LAB. NUMBER	_____		
SYS 2000 NUMBER	_____		
OTHER:			

REMARKS: 210-1-217x 51-1-20  
5-L 334 @ 17.5°  
170x10 @ 12.5°

[illegible]

↑ N

SKETCH MAP

NUMBER GIVEN

COUNTY LAC LA PEP T. 19 N of S R. 4 E of W SEC. 13 TRACT AAAD  
LAT. \_\_\_\_\_ N. LONG. \_\_\_\_\_ W. UTM \_\_\_\_\_ N \_\_\_\_\_ E \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER'S NAME Mike KAVULA ADDRESS 1212 Laurel Mt.

PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3470 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD 170 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSD 36 ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. 25  
HOW TESTED BAUER TIME (HR.) 10 MIN  
IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O Live Zone  
Madison

CASING DIA. 2 in. FROM 0 ft. TO 130 ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 CASING TYPE IRON  
 PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORMANCE DESC. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE WELL COMPLETED 6/20/55  
HOW DRILLED CHURN Drill  
BY WHOM E. L. Flood LIC. \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL USE DOMESTIC  
SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. X  
DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER \_\_\_\_\_ USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCSS \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED Yes  
BY WHOM Herman Moore AGENCY MBMG  
DATE VERIFIED 6/10/82

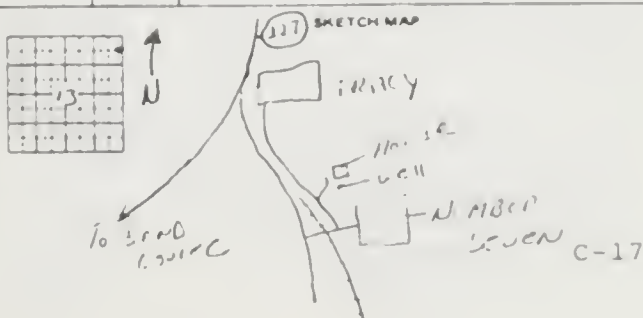
MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD	_____	ft.	DATE
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD	_____	ft.	
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD	_____	ft.	
SWL* BELOW LSD	_____	ft.	
YIELD IN GPM	_____		
WATER TEMP. °C	<u>13.2</u>		<u>6/10/82</u>
SPECIFIC COND. at 25°C	<u>1169</u>		<u>6/10/82</u>

MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
DNR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: \_\_\_\_\_

• F = FLOWING

MBMG Form 182 (9/79)

[illegible]







COUNTY LASCADE T. 19 N or S R. 4 E or W SEC. 13 TRACT AADB

LAT. \_\_\_\_\_ N. LONG. \_\_\_\_\_ W. UTM \_\_\_\_\_ N \_\_\_\_\_ E

TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER'S NAME George SOHA ADDRESS SAND Soulec

PHONE NUMBER	YEAR
214-221-1111	1978
214-221-1111	1979
214-221-1111	1980
214-221-1111	1981
214-221-1111	1982
214-221-1111	1983
214-221-1111	1984
214-221-1111	1985
214-221-1111	1986
214-221-1111	1987
214-221-1111	1988
214-221-1111	1989
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214-221-1111	2089
214-221-1111	2090
214-221-1111	2091
214-221-1111	2092
214-221-1111	2093

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL	<u>3940</u>	ft.
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSO	<u>212</u>	ft.
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSO	_____	ft.
STATIC WATER LEVEL* BELOW LSO	<u>60</u>	ft.
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN.	_____	

HOW TESTED \_\_\_\_\_ TIME (HR.) \_\_\_\_\_

IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_

GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF  $H_2O$  Limestone  
MADISON

CASING DIA. \_\_\_\_ in. FROM \_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_ ft.

\_\_\_\_\_ In. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

CASING TYPE \_\_\_\_\_

PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

\_\_\_\_\_ R. TO \_\_\_\_\_ R.

p. TO \_\_\_\_\_ p.

PERFORATION DESC. \_\_\_\_\_

PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_

DATE WELL COMPLETED \_\_\_\_\_

## HOW DRILLED

BY WHOM \_\_\_\_\_ LIC. \_\_\_\_\_

WE'LL USE

SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. \_\_\_\_\_

DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER ✓ USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_

OTHER: Mike Kavulla

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED Yes

BY WHOM *Hermon Moore* AGENCY *MBMG*

DATE VERIFIED 1/10/92

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

SWL\* BELOW LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

YIELD IN GPM \_\_\_\_\_

WATER TEMP. °C 12° 6/10/82

SPECIFIC COND. at 25°C 619 6110/8

MBMO FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

DNR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS:

•F - FLOWING

MBMG Form 182 (9/79)

## LITHOLOGIC LOG

[illegible]

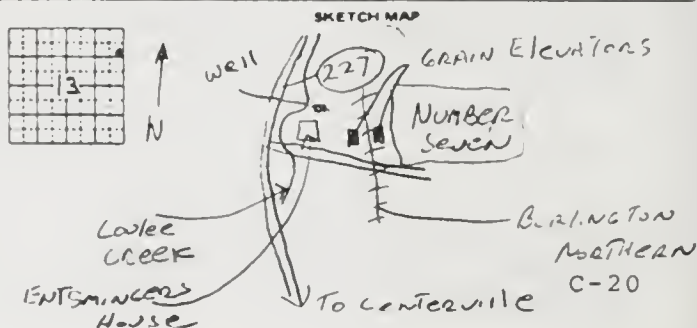
13

COUNTY CASCADE T. 19<sup>0</sup><sub>N</sub> R. 4<sup>0</sup><sub>E</sub> SEC. 13 TRACT AADD

LAT. 0 1 " N. LONG. 0 1 " W. UTM        N        E       

OWNER'S NAME CHARLES ENTSMINGER ADDRESS SAND COULEE MT.

PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_



COUNTY CASCADE T. 25 N. or S R. 17 E. or W SEC. 13 TRACT A113

TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER'S NAME GEORGE KAYULLA ADDRESS SAND BOULEV. MT

PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3960 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSO 228 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL \* BELOW LSO 165 ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. 8  
HOW TESTED \_\_\_\_\_ TIME (HR.) \_\_\_\_\_  
IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O MADISON  
LIME STONE

CASING DIA. — In. FROM 0 ft. TO 53 ft.  
— In. FROM — ft. TO — ft.

CASING TYPE \_\_\_\_\_

PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

\_\_\_\_\_ n. TO \_\_\_\_\_ n.

TO \_\_\_\_\_

PERFORATION DESC. \_\_\_\_\_

PUMP SIZE (HP.) 1 TYPE ELEC. SUBMERS.

DATE WELL COMPLETED 7-30-60

HOW DRILLED KOTARY

BY WHOM \_\_\_\_\_ LIC. \_\_\_\_\_

WELL USE DOMESTIC

SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. ☒

DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER ☒ USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_

DATE: 11-11-68 OWNER: SAUL CODE: 11 11  
OTHER: 11

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED YES

BY WHOM W. BENJAMIN AGENCY NRMG

DATE VERIFIED 6-9-82

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSP \_\_\_\_\_ FL \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

BUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_  
SWL : BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

SWL • BELOW L5D 32 " 6/4/82  
YIELD IN GRM

YIELD IN GPM 13.3 6-4-82  
WATER TEMP. °C 13.3 6-4-82

WATER TEMP. C 12.5  
SPECIFIC COND.  $\pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}$  904 6-4-82

SPECIFIC COND. AT 25 C 107 107  
NMRG FILE NUMBER

MMMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
 ONE FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

DNA FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
WEAL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
MMSAC WCLAB NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_MMMO WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
ONE 2000 MINUTES

SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REF ID: A331621103

REMARKS: D 2510 21/1  
8 x 10 @ 133°

10 x 10 = 100

Dr - list of things given to

SE FLOWING

• F = FLOWING

MBMG Form 182 (9/79)

[illegible]

### SKETCH MAP



Back that it is  
of good value



**MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
WELL-DATA SHEET**

COUNTY CASCADE T. 19 N or S R. 4 E or W SEC. 13 TRACT DADB

LAT. \_\_\_\_\_ N. LONG. \_\_\_\_\_ W. UTM \_\_\_\_\_ N \_\_\_\_\_ E \_\_\_\_\_

TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER'S NAME CHUCK PEO ADDRESS Box 94 STAR. RT. Sand Creek

PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3457 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD 175 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD 175 ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSD 130 ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. 20  
HOW TESTED PUMP TIME (HR.) 1  
IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O Limestone  
Madison

CASING DIA. 7 in. FROM 0 ft. TO 52 ft.  
\_\_\_\_\_ in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
CASING TYPE Steel  
PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
\_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
\_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

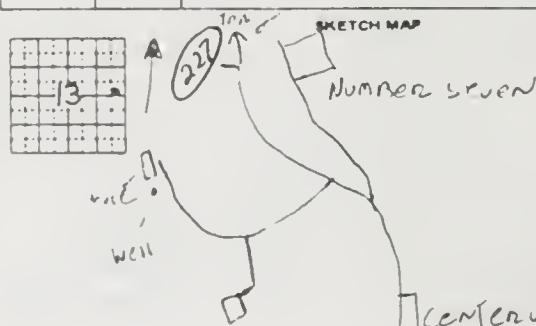
PERFORATION DESC. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMP SIZE (HP.) 1/2 TYPE SUB.  
DATE WELL COMPLETED 12/26/81  
HOW DRILLED \_\_\_\_\_  
BY WHOM BIT Pyroly LIC. 12  
WELL USE Domestic  
SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. X  
DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER \_\_\_\_\_ USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED Yes  
BY WHOM Herman Moore AGENCY MBMG  
DATE VERIFIED 6/05/82  
MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD 2 ft. DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
SWL\* BELOW LSD 82.56 ft. 6/05/82  
YIELD IN GPM \_\_\_\_\_  
WATER TEMP. °C 12.9° 6/05/82  
SPECIFIC COND. at 25 °C 595 6/05/82  
MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
DNR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

\*F = FLOWING  
MBMG Form 182 (9/79)

LITHOLOGIC LOG		
INTERVAL (FT.)		DESCRIPTION
FROM	TO	
0	6	Top Soil
6	12	Dark brown silty clay
12	49	Brown sandstone & siltstone
49	67	Reddish brown siltstone
67	76	Reddish brown sandstone
76	86	Gray sandstone
86	121	Light gray sandstone
121	126	Light gray sandstone
126	170	Light gray sandstone
		Water at 168-173
Top	MBL	3371



COUNTY CASCADE T. 19 <sup>N</sup> or S R. 9 <sup>E</sup> or W SEC. 19 TRACT DAWA

LAT. \_\_\_\_\_ N. LONG. \_\_\_\_\_ W. UTM \_\_\_\_\_ N \_\_\_\_\_ E \_\_\_\_\_

TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER'S NAME SAND COULEE WATER USERS ADDRESS SAND COULEE, MT

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3680 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD 210 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. \_\_\_\_\_  
HOW TESTED \_\_\_\_\_ TIME (HR.) \_\_\_\_\_  
IF F. SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O \_\_\_\_\_

CASING DIA. 5 in. FROM 0 ft. TO 34 ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 CASING TYPE IRON  
 PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORMANCE DESC. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE WELL COMPLETED 2-15-60  
HOW DRILLED \_\_\_\_\_  
BY WHOM \_\_\_\_\_ LIC. \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL USE \_\_\_\_\_  
SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. \_\_\_\_\_  
DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER \_\_\_\_\_ USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCs \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED YES  
BY WHOM W. BENJAMIN AGENCY MEMPHIS  
DATE VERIFIED 6-5-82

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

SWL \* BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

YIELD IN GPM	<u>11.6</u>	<u>6/5/82</u>
WATER TEMP. °C	<u>81.4</u>	<u>6/5/82</u>
SPECIFIC COND. at 25 °C		

MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
DNR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: WELL #2  
STD 340 @ 22.1°C  
54 x 10 @ 11.6°C

PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

[illegible]

### SWITCH MAP



A hand-drawn diagram of a river channel. The river flows from left to right, indicated by an arrow. On the inner curve of the bend, there is a point bar labeled 'Point Bar'. On the outer curve, there is a cut bank labeled 'Cut Bank'.



COUNTY CASCADE T. 17 N. or S. R. 46 E. or W. SEC. 14 TRACT DADC-  
LAT. 0 1 11 N. LONG. 0 1 11 W. UTM        N        E         
TOWN        SUBDIVISION        BLOCK        LOT         
OWNER'S NAME SAND COULEE WATER USERS ADDRESS SAND COULEE 11-

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3680 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD 210 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD            ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSD 150 ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. 60 GPM  
HOW TESTED BAUER TIME (HR.) 1  
IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI             
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O MORRISON  
SANDSTONE

CASING DIA. 0.578 in. FROM 0 ft. TO 31 ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 CASING TYPE IRON  
 PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
None \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORMANCE DESC. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE WELL COMPLETED 10-11-73  
HOW DRILLED CABLE TOOL  
BY WHOM PA. BYRNE LIC. \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL USE SAND GRAVEL WATER SUPPLY  
SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. \_\_\_\_\_  
DRILLER ☒ OWNER \_\_\_\_\_ USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: JOHN MITTAL (PRES. S.C.W.U.)

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED YES  
BY WHOM W. GRIFFIN AGENCY MBMG  
DATE VERIFIED 6-5-82

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD	_____ ft.	DATE _____
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD	_____ ft.	_____
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD	_____ ft.	_____
SWL* BELOW LSD	_____ ft.	_____
YIELD IN GPM	_____	_____
WATER TEMP. °C	_____	_____
SPECIFIC COND. at 25 °C	_____	_____

MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
DNR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: WEC-1  
NOT AVAILABLE

WELL

CANAL

C-24

COUNTY CASCADE T. 19 N. or S. R. 40 or W. SEC. 14 TRACT DCCB

LAT. 0 1 N LONG. 0 1 W UTM    N    E   

TOWN    SUBDIVISION    BLOCK    LOT   

OWNER'S NAME CHARLES FRANTZICH ADDRESS SAND COULCE, MT.

PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3650 FT.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD 216 FT.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD 28 FT.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ FT.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. 13  
HOW TESTED BAUER TIME (HR.) 1  
IF F. SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O 22 MDN

CASING DIA. — in. FROM 0 ft. TO 112.5 ft.  
— in. FROM — ft. TO — ft.

CASING TYPE \_\_\_\_\_

PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

\_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

\_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORMANCE DESC. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE WELL COMPLETED \_\_\_\_\_  
HOW DRILLED \_\_\_\_\_  
BY WHOM \_\_\_\_\_ LIC. \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL USE \_\_\_\_\_  
SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. ☒  
DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER ☒ USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED YES  
BY WHOM W. BENJAMIN AGENCY MPMB  
DATE VERIFIED 6-3-82

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD	_____	ft.	DATE
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD	_____	ft.	_____
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD	_____	ft.	_____
SWL* BELOW LSD	_____	ft.	_____
YIELD IN GPM	_____		_____
WATER TEMP. °C	<u>10.5</u>		<u>6-3-82</u>
SPECIFIC COND. at 25°C	<u>1047</u>		<u>6-3-82</u>

MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
DNR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: 5-A 329 @ 20.5 °C  
74x10 @ 10.5 °C

• F = FLOWING

MBMG Form 182 (9/79)

[illegible]

SKETCH MAP

LOU

C-25

COUNTY LASCADE T. 19 N. 0 R. 4 E. W. SEC. 21 TRACT DCCO  
LAT. 0 1 " N. LONG. 0 1 " W. UTM      N      E       
TOWN      SUBDIVISION      BLOCK      LOT       
OWNER'S NAME CHARLES E. MARIS ADDRESS SAND COULEE MT

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3830 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD ~150ft ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. \_\_\_\_\_  
HOW TESTED \_\_\_\_\_ TIME (HR.) \_\_\_\_\_  
IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O \_\_\_\_\_

CASING DIA. \_\_\_\_\_ in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 CASING TYPE \_\_\_\_\_  
 PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORMANCE DESC. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE WELL COMPLETED \_\_\_\_\_  
HOW DRILLED \_\_\_\_\_  
BY WHOM \_\_\_\_\_ LIC. \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL USE DOMESTIC \_\_\_\_\_  
SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. \_\_\_\_\_  
DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER ☒ USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED YES  
BY WHOM W. BENJAMIN AGENCY MMMG  
DATE VERIFIED 6-9-82

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

SWL\* BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

YIELD IN GPM	<u>13.4</u>	<u>6-4-82</u>
WATER TEMP. °C	<u>91.5</u>	<u>6-4-82</u>
SPECIFIC COND. at 25 °C		

MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
DNR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: S-D 331 @ 21.1°C  
S.L. 1.69 x 10 @ 13.4°C  
WATER LEVEL NO. 111.180

[illegible]

### SKETCH MAP

A hand-drawn sketch map. A horizontal line represents a road or path. Above the left end of the line, the words "SPRING CONES" are written vertically. On the line, there is a point labeled "WELL" with a small vertical tick mark. Below the line, the words "FLOWER ROAD" are written. To the right of the well, the line continues and then turns upwards and to the right, ending with an arrow pointing towards the words "Spring Cones" written at the tip of the arrow.

## C-27



COUNTY JEFFERSON T. 17N R. 4E SEC. 23 TRACT 311  
LAT. 0 1 11 N. LONG. 0 1 11 W. UTM        N        E         
TOWN        SUBDIVISION        BLOCK        LOT         
OWNER'S NAME HARVEY L PRODUCE ADDRESS SALT DOUGLASS, MT

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3680 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSO 1100 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSO 0 ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. \_\_\_\_\_  
HOW TESTED \_\_\_\_\_ TIME (HR.) \_\_\_\_\_  
IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O \_\_\_\_\_

CASING DIA. 6 in. FROM 0 ft. TO 20 ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 CASING TYPE 5-7-1  
 PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORMANCE DESC. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE WELL COMPLETED \_\_\_\_\_  
HOW DRILLED \_\_\_\_\_  
BY WHOM \_\_\_\_\_ LIC. \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL USE LOWERING OF WATER  
SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. \_\_\_\_\_  
DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER ✓ USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED YES  
BY WHOM W. BENNETT AGENCY MBMG  
DATE VERIFIED 6-9-82

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.      DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

SWL \* BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

YIELD IN GPM	<u>14.2</u>	<u>6/9/82</u>
WATER TEMP. °C		
SPECIFIC COND. at 25 °C	<u>627</u>	<u>6/11/82</u>

MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
ONR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: 51 334 @ 1.2°C  
57v 2914 2°C

H<sub>2</sub>O Temp - 11.9°C sampling rate

•F = FLOWING

[illegible]

### SKETCH MAP

Handwritten: *Handwritten*



**MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
WELL-DATA SHEET**

COUNTY CASCADE T. 11 N. R. 1 E. SEC. 2 TRACT 185A  
 LAT. \_\_\_\_\_ N. LONG. \_\_\_\_\_ W. UTM \_\_\_\_\_ N \_\_\_\_\_ E \_\_\_\_\_  
 TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_  
 OWNER'S NAME GEROLD SWAN - BLUNTINGER ADDRESS CAMP 17

PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3775 ft.  
 TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD 586 ft.  
 PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD 586 ft.  
 STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSD 515 ft.  
 YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. 5  
 HOW TESTED PUMP TIME (HR.) 2  
 IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
 GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O  
Kootenai fm. Jurassic Unit  
E Madison

CASING DIA. 6.5 in. FROM 0 ft. TO 20 ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 CASING TYPE 2-20 (STEEL)  
 PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
NONE \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
SPIN END \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORATION DESC. \_\_\_\_\_  
 PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_  
 DATE WELL COMPLETED 6-26-75  
 HOW ORILLED AIR ROTARY  
 BY WHOM AIR DRILLING CO. KEITH MERTON LIC. 275  
 WELL USE DOMESTIC  
 SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. \_\_\_\_\_  
 DRILLER ☒ OWNER ☒ USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_  
 OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED YES  
 BY WHOM W. RENTAMIN AGENCY MBMG  
 DATE VERIFIED 6-2-82

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
 TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 SWL\* BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 YIELD IN GPM \_\_\_\_\_  
 WATER TEMP. °C 12.1 6-2-82  
 SPECIFIC COND. at 25 °C 621 6-2-82

MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
 ONR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
 WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
 MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
 SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
 OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: WATER WOULD NOT RISE  
TO 20-20 SWL  
STL 22.0 @ 20.1 °C  
115 @ 10.1 °C

\*F = FLOWING  
 MBMG Form 182 (9/79)

LITHOLOGIC LOG		
INTERVAL (FT.)		DESCRIPTION
FROM	TO	
0	3	TOP SOIL
3	5	RED SHALE
5	18	GREY SH. BROWN
18	19	YELLOW ST. CLAY
19	24	GREY SHALE
24	49	RED SHALE
49	55	GREY SHALE
55	57	RED SHALE
57	95	GREY SHALE
95	96	YELLOW SANDST. - M.
96	147	GREY SHALE
147	175	RED SHALE
175	178	GREY SHALE
178	187	RED SHALE
187	197	GREY SHALE
197	230	GREY SANDST. - M. - 1
230	239	SAND (SCALE)
239	250	GREY SANDST. - M.
250	415	GREY SHALE
415	456	GREY CHERT - SHARP - 1 ft.
456	515	WHITE LIME (MADISON) - 1 ft. - 1
515	586	SOLID DRILLING - NO RETURN
		NO MUD, NO WATER, NO SAMPLES
		515-586



N

SKETCH MAP

1/4 SECTION

**MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
WELL-DATA SHEET**

COUNTY CASCADE T. 19 N. R. 4 E. SEC. 27 TRACT AC6D

LAT. \_\_\_\_\_ N. LONG. \_\_\_\_\_ W. UTM \_\_\_\_\_ N \_\_\_\_\_ E

TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER'S NAME NORMAN YOUNG ADDRESS SAND BOULE, MT  
FLYER TOWER (MURRY M. GUTHRIE)

PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3825 ft.

TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSO 423 ft.

PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSO 19 ft.

YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. \_\_\_\_\_

HOW TESTED \_\_\_\_\_ TIME (HR.) \_\_\_\_\_

IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_

GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O \_\_\_\_\_

Kootenai Fm and  
Tungsten Limestone

CASING DIA. 1 in. FROM 0 ft. TO 70 ft.

\_\_\_\_\_ in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

CASING TYPE IRON

PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

\_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

\_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORATION DESC. \_\_\_\_\_

PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE ELECTRIC

DATE WELL COMPLETED 4-25-61

HOW DRILLED ROTARY

BY WHOM JOHNICHSEN DRILLING LIC. 5

WELL USE DOMESTIC

SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. \_\_\_\_\_

DRILLER ☒ OWNER ☒ USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_

OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED YES

BY WHOM H. GENTAN N AGENCY MBMG

DATE VERIFIED 6-5-82

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft. DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

SWL\* BELOW LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

YIELD IN GPM \_\_\_\_\_

WATER TEMP. °C \_\_\_\_\_

SPECIFIC COND. at 25 °C \_\_\_\_\_

MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

ONR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

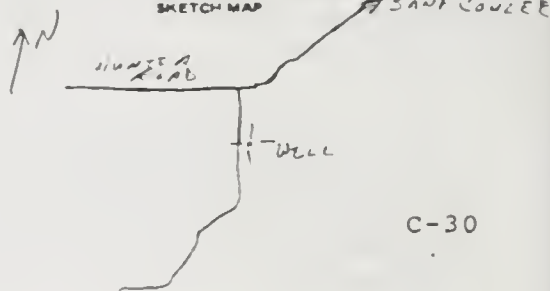
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: WELL WAS UNDER WATER  
IN FLOODED AREA. NO S.C. OR  
SWL AVAILABLE

LITHOLOGIC LOG		
INTERVAL (FT.)		DESCRIPTION
FROM	TO	
0	14	CLAY
14	22	RED BED
22	24	SANDSTONE
24	29	RED BED
29	41	SHALE ROCK
41	47	SHALE-GREY
47	64	SOFT-RED BED
64	99	SHALE ROCK
99	101	SANDSTONE
101	112	SHALE ROCK
112	122	SANDSTONE AND SHALE
122	145	SANDSTONE
145	148	SHALE ROCK
148	163	SHALE ROCK SANDSTONE
163	172	RED BED
172	184	SANDY SHALE ROCK - CLAY
184	214	RED BED
214	223	SANDY SHALE ROCK
223	233	RED BED
233	245	SANDSTONE & WATER - 5 GPM
245	253	COAL
253	260	BLUE SHALE ROCK
260	274	YELLOW SHALE ROCK
274	401	SHALE ROCK CONGLOMERATION
401	423	SANDSTONE



\*F = FLOWING

MBMG Form 182 (9/79)

C-30

COUNTY CASCADE T. 19 N W R. 4 E W SEC. 36 TRACT DEBB  
LAT. \_\_\_\_\_ N. LONG. \_\_\_\_\_ W. UTM \_\_\_\_\_ N \_\_\_\_\_ E \_\_\_\_\_  
TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_  
OWNER'S NAME ROBERT KLASNER ADDRESS STACKETT MT. 59480

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3625 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD 830 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD 101 pumping ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSD 300 ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. 50  
HOW TESTED Air Blower TIME (HR.) \_\_\_\_\_  
IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O Limestone  
Madison

REMARKS: Should Be Working By  
the end of July '32

3

↑ To center line

2

Stückelt



M4

LAT. \_\_\_\_\_ N. LONG. \_\_\_\_\_ W. UTM \_\_\_\_\_ N \_\_\_\_\_ E \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER'S NAME George Heal well 3 ADDRESS SAND COULEE

PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

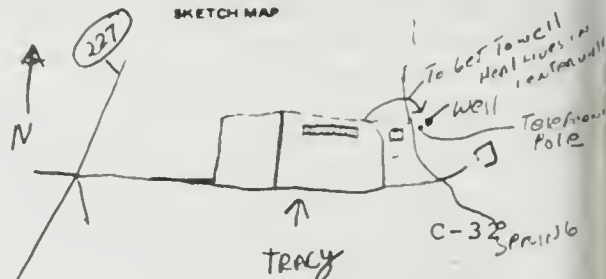
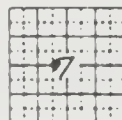
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: 1. The ...  
2. ...  
3. ...

MBMG Form 182 (9/79)

[illegible]

### SKETCH MAP



COUNTY CASCADE T. 4 N of S R. 5 E of W SEC. 7 TRACT 5DB

TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER'S NAME JIM ERICKSON ADDRESS LAND LOVER MT.

PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 2453 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD 214 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. 35  
HOW TESTED \_\_\_\_\_ TIME (HR.) \_\_\_\_\_  
IF F. SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O Limestone  
MADISON

CASING DIA. 6 in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 CASING TYPE Steel  
 PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORATION DESC. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE WELL COMPLETED \_\_\_\_\_  
HOW DRILLED \_\_\_\_\_  
BY WHOM PHI BYRNE LIC. \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL USE \_\_\_\_\_  
SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. \_\_\_\_\_  
DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER X USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED Yes  
BY WHOM Herman Moore AGENCY MBMG  
DATE VERIFIED 6/02/82

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD	_____	ft.	DATE
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD	_____	ft.	_____
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD	_____	ft.	_____
SWL ° BELOW LSD	_____	ft.	_____
YIELD IN GPM	_____	_____	_____
WATER TEMP. °C	_____	_____	_____
SPECIFIC COND. at 25 °C	_____	_____	_____
MBMG FILE NUMBER	_____	_____	_____
DNR FILE NUMBER	_____	_____	_____
WELL FORM NUMBER	_____	_____	_____
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER	_____	_____	_____
SYS 2000 NUMBER	_____	_____	_____
OTHER:	_____	_____	_____

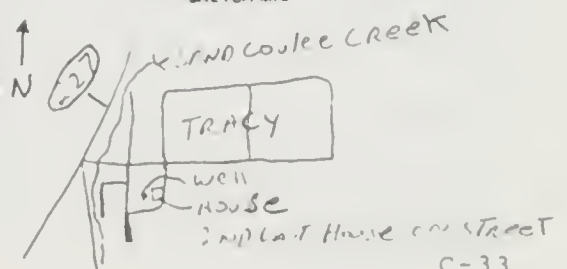
REMARKS: Well is part of Tracy Water System which has two wells in system

• F • FLOWING

MBMG Form 182 (9/79)

[illegible]

### SKETCH MAP





ML

LAT. \_\_\_\_\_ N. LONG. \_\_\_\_\_ W. UTM \_\_\_\_\_ N \_\_\_\_\_ E

OWNER'S NAME ANDY TESINSKY ADDRESS SAND COULEE MT.

PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3460 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD 185 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. \_\_\_\_\_  
HOW TESTED \_\_\_\_\_ TIME (HR.) \_\_\_\_\_  
IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O Limestone (2)

CASING DIA. 6 in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 CASING TYPE Steel  
 PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORMANCE DESC. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE WELL COMPLETED \_\_\_\_\_  
HOW DRILLED \_\_\_\_\_  
BY WHOM \_\_\_\_\_ LIC. \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL USE Domestic \_\_\_\_\_  
SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. \_\_\_\_\_  
DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER X USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED Yes  
BY WHOM Herman Moore AGENCY MBMG  
DATE VERIFIED 6/10/82

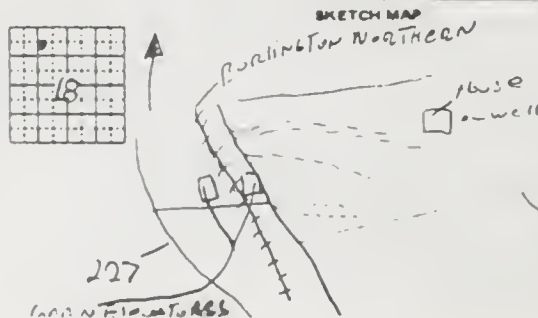
MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD	_____	ft.	DATE
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD	_____	ft.	_____
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD	_____	ft.	_____
SWL* BELOW LSD	<u>148.68</u>	ft.	<u>6/10/82</u>
YIELD IN GPM	_____		
WATER TEMP. °C	<u>15.2</u>		<u>6/10/82</u>
SPECIFIC COND. at 25 °C	<u>617</u>		<u>6/10/82</u>

MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
DNR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

• F = FLOWING

MBMG Form 182 (9/79)

[illegible]

Number  
even  
C-34

**MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
WELL-DATA SHEET**

COUNTY CASCADE T. 19 N R. 5 E SEC. 18 TRACT B3AD

LAT. \_\_\_\_\_ N. LONG. \_\_\_\_\_ W. UTM \_\_\_\_\_ N \_\_\_\_\_ E

TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER'S NAME LARRY McEwen ADDRESS (Number 7) Sand Gulch MT.

PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3457 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD 162 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD 155 ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSD 143 ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. 40  
HOW TESTED BAILER TIME (HR.) 2  
IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O Limestone  
Madison

CASING DIA. 6 in. FROM 0 ft. TO 162 ft.  
\_\_\_\_\_ in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
CASING TYPE \_\_\_\_\_  
PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
\_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
\_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

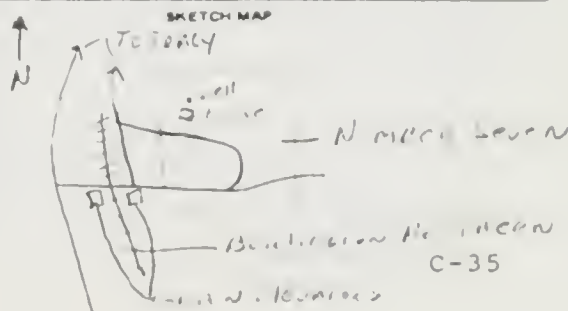
PERFORATION DESC. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE WELL COMPLETED 3/7/82  
HOW DRILLED CHURN DRILL  
BY WHOM PAT Byrne LIC. 135  
WELL USE Domestic  
SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. X  
DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER \_\_\_\_\_ USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED Yes  
BY WHOM Herman Moore AGENCY MBMG  
DATE VERIFIED 6/10/82

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
SWL\* BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
YIELD IN GPM \_\_\_\_\_  
WATER TEMP. °C 11.7° 6/10/82  
SPECIFIC COND. at 25 °C 634 6/10/82  
MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
DNR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: Metall. taste since  
Charles Entminger's old well  
caved in.

LITHOLOGIC LOG		
INTERVAL (FT.)		DESCRIPTION
FROM	TO	
0	20	Top Soil
20	30	Yellow SHALE
30	38	Bentonite
38	48	Yellow SHALE
48	65	HARD SAND ROCK
65	85	GRAY SHALE
85	89	SAND STONE
89	105	GRAY BROKEN SHALE + Sandstone
105	110	GREEN SHALE
110	115	SANDSTONE WATER (2 GPM)
115	123	SANDSTONE LOST WATER
122	130	HARD SAND ROCK
130	136	Gray lime
136	140	SANDSTONE
140	143	QUARTZ
143	147	HARD GRAY SHALE
147	153	SANDSTONE
153	162	limestone
		WATER (40 GPM)
162	162	3304



\*F = FLOWING





COUNTY CASCADE T. 19 or S R. 5 or W SEC. 18 TRACT DBAB

TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER'S NAME KUDY MARKO ADDRESS SAND GULCH

PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 5455 FT.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSO 190 FT.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSO \_\_\_\_\_ FT.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSO 145 FT.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. \_\_\_\_\_  
HOW TESTED \_\_\_\_\_ TIME (HR.) \_\_\_\_\_  
IF F. SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O Lime stone  
Madison

CASING DIA. 6 in. FROM 0 ft. TO 60 ft.  
in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

CASING TYPE Steel

PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

\_\_\_\_\_ R. TO \_\_\_\_\_ R.

\_\_\_\_\_ R. TO \_\_\_\_\_ R.

PERFORATION DESC. \_\_\_\_\_

PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_

DATE WELL COMPLETED 1940

HOW DRILLED \_\_\_\_\_

BY WHOM MARTIN LIC.

WELL USE Domestic & Stock

SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. \_\_\_\_\_

DRILLER\_\_\_ OWNER ~~X~~ USGS\_\_\_ SCS\_\_\_

OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED Yes

BY WHOM HERMAN MOORE AGENCY MBMG

DATE VERIFIED 6/09/82

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

SWL \* BELOW LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

YIELD IN GPM		
100	100	100
200	200	200
300	300	300
400	400	400
500	500	500
600	600	600
700	700	700
800	800	800
900	900	900
1000	1000	1000

WATER TEMP. °C 13.9 6/09/82

SPECIFIC COND. at 25°C 587 1109182

MBMO FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

ONR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

MMMO WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: \_\_\_\_\_

•F = FLOWING

MBMG Form 182 (9/79)

[illegible]

18.

227

SKETCH MAP

1204

HUNTER - JEN

112

□ □ *back*

①-61511

C-37

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
WELL-DATA SHEET

COUNTY CASCADE T. 19 N. R. 5 E. SEC. 18 TRACT DCDC

TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER'S NAME CENTERVILLE SENIOR CITIZENS Bldg. ADDRESS SAND LOULCE

PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3475 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSO 200 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSO 722.92 ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. \_\_\_\_\_  
HOW TESTED \_\_\_\_\_ TIME (HR.) \_\_\_\_\_  
IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O Lime stone  
MANISON

CASING DIA. 6 in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 CASING TYPE PLASTIC  
 PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORMANCE DESC. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE WELL COMPLETED \_\_\_\_\_  
HOW DRILLED \_\_\_\_\_  
BY WHOM \_\_\_\_\_ LIC. \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL USE DOMESTIC  
SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. \_\_\_\_\_  
DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER \_\_\_\_\_ USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: Heal - Present when drilled

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED Yes  
BY WHOM Hermon Moore AGENCY MMMC  
DATE VERIFIED 6/09/52

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD	_____	ft.	DATE
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD	_____	ft.	_____
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD	_____	ft.	_____
SWL * BELOW LSD	<u>122.92</u>	ft.	<u>6/9/82</u>
YIELD IN GPM	_____		
WATER TEMP. °C	<u>13.1°</u>		<u>6/9/82</u>
SPECIFIC COND. at 25°C	<u>2292</u>		<u>6/9/82</u>

MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
DNR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: No water use. After  
1 - Drinking Foddy water  
on the left while in use  
on Hong's (a.)

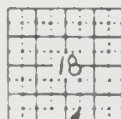
• F • FLOWING

MBMG Form 182 (9/79)

## LITHOLOGIC LOG

[illegible]

### SKETCH MAP



A hand-drawn map on a piece of paper. At the top, an arrow points upwards and to the right, labeled "To Tracy". Below this, a road is drawn. On the left side of the road, there is a building labeled "Centerville Senior Ctr. Building". Further down the road, there is a small circle labeled "well". On the right side of the road, there is a house labeled "CENT". A circled number "227" is written near the top of the road.



COUNTY CASCADE T. 19 (N) or S R. 5 (E) or W SEC. 19 TRACT AADC

TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER'S NAME THOMAS BEHRENT ADDRESS STAR RT SAND COULEE MI

PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3480 ft.

TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD 107 ft.

PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD 95 ft.

STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSD 31 ft.

YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. 7

HOW TESTED Bailer TIME (HR.) 2

IF F. SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_

GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O Limestone  
MADISON

CASING DIA. 5 1/2 In. FROM 0 ft. TO 100 ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ In. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

CASING TYPE STEEL

PERFORATED INTERVAL 31 ft. TO 35 ft.

\_\_\_\_\_ n. TO \_\_\_\_\_ n.

\_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORATION DESC. TORCH

PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_

DATE WELL COMPLETED 3/17/78

HOW DRILLED CABLE

BY WHOM PAT BYRNE LIC. 135

WE'LL USE Domestic

SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. X

DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER \_\_\_\_\_ USQS \_\_\_\_\_ SCS \_\_\_\_\_

OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED yes

BY WHOM HERMAN MOORE AGENCY MBMG

DATE VERIFIED 5/26/82

MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

SWL\* BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_

YIELD IN QPM \_\_\_\_\_

WATER TEMP. °C \_\_\_\_\_

SPECIFIC COND. at 25 °C \_\_\_\_\_

MBMQ FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

DNR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

MBMQ WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

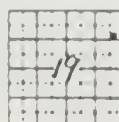
REMARKS: \_\_\_\_\_

•F = FLOWING

MBMG Form 182 (9/79)

[illegible]

### SKETCH MAP



SKETCH MAP

N

WELL

House

Cinder track

C-39

ENTERVILLE

(LOCATION OF)

WELL



COUNTY CASCADE T. 19 N or S R. 5 E or W SEC. 19 TRACT CAAD-1  
LAT. \_\_\_\_\_ N. LONG. \_\_\_\_\_ W. UTM \_\_\_\_\_ N \_\_\_\_\_ E \_\_\_\_\_  
TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_  
OWNER'S NAME RONALD GUISTI ADDRESS Box 93 SAND COULEE

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3481 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSO 238 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSO 230 ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSO 160 ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. 25  
HOW TESTED PUMP TIME (HR.) 2  
IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O Lime Stone  
Madison

CASING DIA. 6.75 in. FROM 0 ft. TO 52 ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ in. FROM \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 CASING TYPE Steel  
 PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORMANCE DEC. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE WELL COMPLETED 11/26/79  
HOW DRILLED CABIC  
BY WHOM PAT BYRNE LIC. 318  
WELL USE DOMESTIC  
SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. X  
DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER \_\_\_\_\_ USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SCSS \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER:

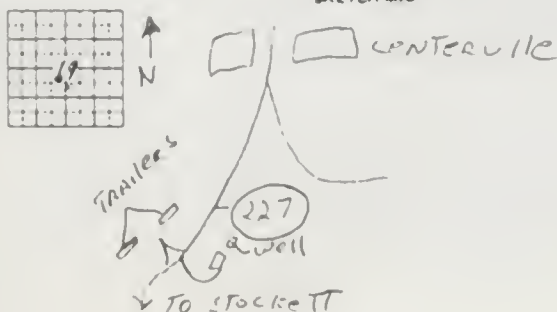
HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED Yes  
BY WHOM HERMAN MORGAN AGENCY MBMG  
DATE VERIFIED 6/20/82  
MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft. DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft. 6/20/82  
SWL\* BELOW LSO \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_  
YIELD IN GPM 10 6/20/82  
WATER TEMP. °C 13.50 6/20/82  
SPECIFIC COND. at 25 °C 9/4 6/20/82  
MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
DNR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS: Blowing well

PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

[illegible]

### SKETCH MAP







MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
WELL-DATA SHEET

COUNTY CASCADE T. 19 S. R. 5 E. SEC. 20 TRACT RBCD

LAT. \_\_\_\_\_ N. LONG. \_\_\_\_\_ W. UTM \_\_\_\_\_ N \_\_\_\_\_ E

TOWN \_\_\_\_\_ SUBDIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_ LOT \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER'S NAME Diane Knox ADDRESS Box 73 Sand Coulee Mt.

PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3490 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSO 258 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSO 258 ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSO 150 ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. 10  
HOW TESTED POWER TIME (HR.) 1/2  
IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI \_\_\_\_\_  
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O Limestone  
MADISON

CASING DIA. 6 1/4 in. FROM 0 ft. TO 20 ft.  
6 1/4 in. FROM 20 ft. TO 80 ft.  
 CASING TYPE STEEL-20-PLASTIC 20-80  
 PERFORATED INTERVAL \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ft. TO \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

PERFORMANCE DESC. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMP SIZE (HP.) \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE \_\_\_\_\_  
DATE WELL COMPLETED 11/14/79  
HOW DRILLED Fixed Rotary  
BY WHOM Surface Water Drillers Lic. 178  
WELL USE Domestic & Stock  
SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. X  
DRILLER \_\_\_\_\_ OWNER \_\_\_\_\_ USGS \_\_\_\_\_ SC3 \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED Yes  
BY WHOM Herman Moore AGENCY MBMG  
DATE VERIFIED 6/02/82  
MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD 1 ft. DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD \_\_\_\_\_ ft. \_\_\_\_\_  
SWL\* BELOW LSD 21.7 ft. 6/02/82  
YIELD IN GPM \_\_\_\_\_  
WATER TEMP. °C 13.2° 6/02/82  
SPECIFIC COND. at 25°C 2911 6/02/82  
MBMG FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
DNR FILE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
WELL FORM NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
SYS 2000 NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_  
OTHER: \_\_\_\_\_

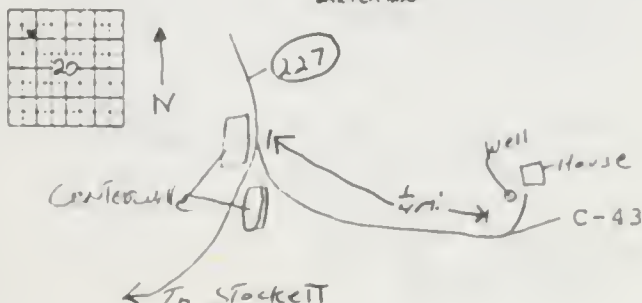
REMARKS: NAICA 180 GR HARD

• F - FLOWING  
MBMG Form 182 (9/79)

## LITHOLOGIC LOG

[illegible]

### SKETCH MAP





# MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY WELL-DATA SHEET

COUNTY CASCADE T. 200 N. R. 4 E. SEC. 36 TRACT BAAC

LAT. 0 1 11 N. LONG. 0 1 11 W. UTM      N      E     

TOWN      SUBDIVISION      BLOCK      LOT     

OWNER'S NAME ROBERT VINING ADDRESS R. Route Box 21606 E

PHONE NUMBER 736-5260 YEAR     

ALT. LAND SURF. AT WELL MSL 3390 ft.  
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD 100 ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD 55 ft.  
STATIC WATER LEVEL\* BELOW LSD 20 ft.  
YIELD IN GALLONS PER MIN. 60  
HOW TESTED BAUER TIME (HR.) 1  
IF F, SHUT-IN PRESS. IN PSI       
GEOLOGICAL SOURCE OF H<sub>2</sub>O Tertiary sandst.

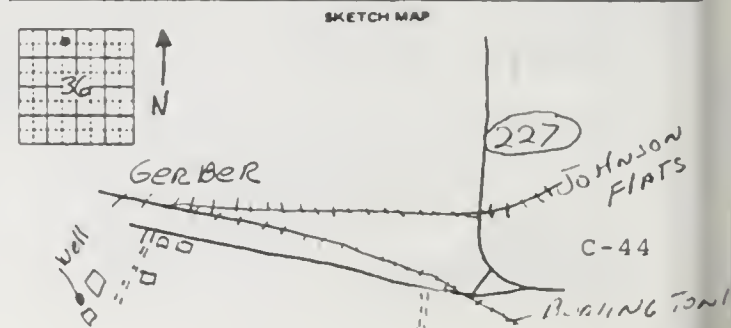
CASING DIA. 2 1/2 in. FROM 0 ft. TO 60 ft.  
CASING TYPE       
PERFORATED INTERVAL      ft. TO      ft.  
     ft. TO      ft.  
     ft. TO      ft.

PERFORATION DESC.       
PUMP SIZE (HP.)      TYPE       
DATE WELL COMPLETED 11-9-81  
HOW DRILLED       
BY WHOM PAT BYRNE LIC. 135  
WELL USE Domestic  
SOURCE OF INFO: WELL APPROP. X  
DRILLER      OWNER      USGS      SCS       
OTHER:     

HAS WELL LOCATION BEEN VERIFIED Yes  
BY WHOM HERMAN MOORE AGENCY MBMG  
DATE VERIFIED 5/27/82  
MEAS. POINT ABOVE LSD      ft. DATE       
TOTAL DEPTH BELOW LSD      ft.  
PUMPING LEVEL BELOW LSD      ft.  
SWL\* BELOW LSD 24.73 ft. 5/27/82  
YIELD IN GPM 9.5 5/27/82  
WATER TEMP. °C 13.36 5/27/82  
SPECIFIC COND. at 25°C       
MBMG FILE NUMBER       
DNR FILE NUMBER       
WELL FORM NUMBER       
MBMG WQ LAB. NUMBER       
SYS 2000 NUMBER       
OTHER:     

REMARKS: old well 160' went  
RAD DUE TO FE

LITHOLOGIC LOG		
INTERVAL (FT.)		DESCRIPTION
FROM	TO	
0	5	TOP SOI
5	19	Yellow sandstone
19	32	Yellow sandstone
32	44	pink shale
44	50	Yellow sandstone
50	57	pink sandstone
57	75	gray sandstone 120
75	79	gray shale
79	92	yellow sandstone
92	97	hard black shale
97	100	gray shale



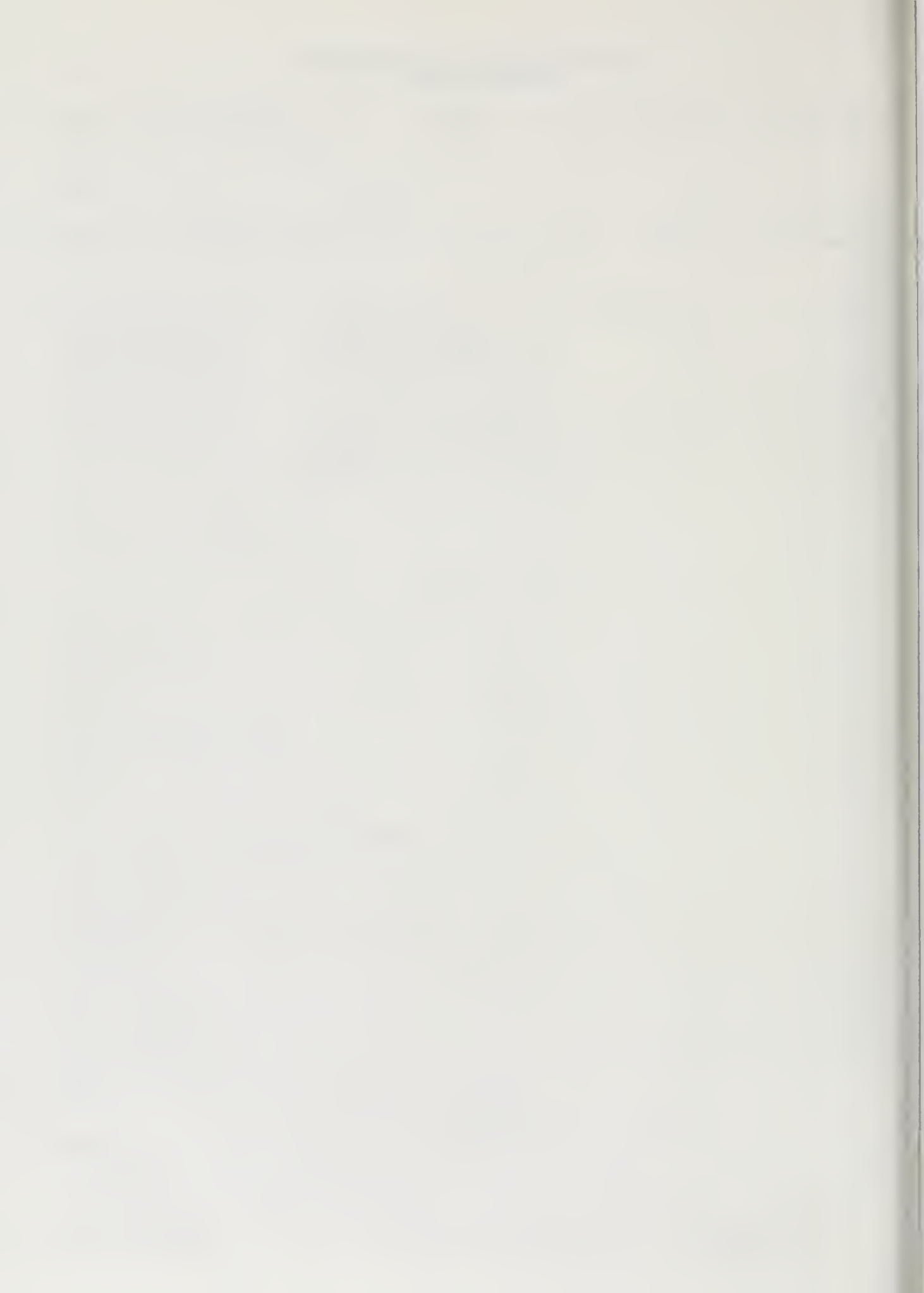




C-2

GROUNDWATER QUALITY LABORATORY ANALYSES





MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 6200490

STATE MONTANA COUNTY CASCADE  
 LATITUDE LONGITUDE 47°23'01"N 111°03'52"W SITE LOCATION 17N 5E 17\*CAAD 02  
 UTM COORDINATES 2 N E MEMG SITE  
 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1 STATION ID 472301111085201  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE 330MDSN\* \* SAMPLE SOURCE WELL  
 DRAINAGE BASIN BB LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE 3480. FT 10  
 AGENCY 1 SAMPLER MEMG\*HRM SUSTAINED YIELD 10.0 GPM  
 BOTTLE NUMBER RGUISTI YIELD MEAS METHOD RUCKET/STOPWATCH  
 DATE SAMPLED 20 JUN 82 TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL 236. FT (R)  
 TIME SAMPLED 10:45 HOURS SWL ABOVE( ) OR BELOW GS 180. FT (R)  
 LAB 1 ANALYST MEMG\*FNA CASING DIAMETER 6 IN (M)  
 DATE ANALYZED 16 JUL 82 CASING TYPE STEEL  
 SAMPLE HANDLING COMPLETION TYPE \*  
 METHOD SAMPLED PUMPED PERFORATION INTERVAL  
 WATER USE DOMESTIC

SAMPLING SITE RONALD GUISTI .5 MI SW OF CENTERVILLE  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE MADISON GROUP OR LIMESTONE

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	113.	5.64	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	229.8	3.77
MAGNESIUM (MG)	38.4	3.16	CARBONATE (CO3)	.0	
SODIUM (NA)	13.1	0.57	CHLORIDE (CL)	2.8	0.00
POTASSIUM (K)	4.2	0.11	SULFATE (SO4)	312.	6.50
IRON (FE)	<.002		NITRATE (AS N)	5.67	0.41
MANGANESE (MN)	<.001		FLUORIDE (F)	.53	0.03
SILICA (SIO2)	8.5		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 9.48 TOTAL ANIONS 10.78

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA) 5.13

	LABORATORY PH	7.52	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	440.22
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	14.5 C		TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	188.40
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS	611.42		SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.27
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT	728.02		RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	6.02
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	897.8		LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	0.35

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	76. F	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	914.
FIELD PH	7.53	ALKALINITY, FLD (AS CaCO3)	185.4
ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	<.003	NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	<.01
SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	<.002	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PD)	.05
BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	<.02	STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	.29
CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.007	TITANIUM, DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.003
CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	.008	VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.007
COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.013	ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	.19
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.014	ZIRCONIUM, DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.011
MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	<.02		

REMARKS: WATER CLEAR\*TASTE AND SHELL OK\*LIGHT BROWN STAIN ON FILTER  
 OWNERS ADDRESS BOX 93 SAND COULEE BLOWING WELL  
 LAB: FU CA 130, MG 44.5 GIVES 10.8 MEQ CATIONS FOR -.183 SIGMA

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L = MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER, FT = FEET, M = METERS, (M) = MEASURED, (E) = ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA QW NA S2 NI OW PW AT OTHER  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS: Y

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 29-JUL 82 BY: IF \*RCS  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 59.5 33.3 6.0 1.1 0.8 32.8 36.4 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 6200490

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
LAB NO. 82Q0491

STATE MONTANA COUNTY CASCADE  
LATITUDE-LONGITUDE 47D19'09"N 111D09'14"W SITE LOCATION 18N 5E 18\*BBRA  
UTM COORDINATES Z N E MBMG SITE  
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP STOCKETT 7 1/2' STATION ID 471909111091401  
GEOLOGIC SOURCE \* \* \* SAMPLE SOURCE SPRING  
DRAINAGE BASIN BB LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE 3875. FT < 10  
AGENCY & SAMPLER MBMG\*WJD SUSTAINED YIELD  
BOTTLE NUMBER SHIRLEY YIELD MEAS METHOD  
DATE SAMPLED 22-JUN-82 TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL  
TIME SAMPLED 12:15 HOURS SWL ABOVE(-) OR BELOW GS FLOWING  
LAB & ANALYST MBMG\*FNA CASING DIAMETER  
DATE ANALYZED 16-JUL-82 CASING TYPE  
SAMPLE HANDLING COMPLETION TYPE \*  
METHOD SAMPLED PERFORATION INTERVAL  
WATER USE DOMESTIC

SAMPLING SITE SHIRLEY, WILLIAM\*2.5 MI UP COTTONWOOD CK  
GEOLOGIC SOURCE

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	32.1	3.10	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	300.	4.92
MAGNESIUM (MG)	32.5	2.67	CARBONATE (CO3)	.0	
SODIUM (NA)	10.1	0.44	CHLORIDE (CL)	3.8	0.11
POTASSIUM (K)	2.8	0.07	SULFATE (SO4)	27.6	0.57
IRON (FE)	<.002		NITRATE (AS N)	10.1	0.72
MANGANESE (MN)	<.001		FLUORIDE (F)	.36	0.02
SILICA (SiO2)	9.9		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 6.28 TOTAL ANIONS 6.34

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA) 0.28

	LABORATORY PH	7.55	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	288.83
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	14.2 C		TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	246.05
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS	307.04		SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.26
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT	459.26		RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	7.00
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	569.6		LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	0.23

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	71. F	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	576.
FIELD PH	6.75	ALKALINITY, FLD (AS CaCO3)	250.
ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	<.03	NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	<.01
SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	<.002	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	<.04
BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	<.02	STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	.27
CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	<.002	TITANIUM DIS (MG/L AS TI)	.005
CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	<.002	VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	<.001
COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.006	ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	.047
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.007	ZIRCONIUM DIS (MG/L AS ZR)	<.003
MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	<.02		

REMARKS: FROM STOCKETT\* FILTER CLEAN\* WATER CLEAR  
WILLIAM SHIRLEY\* RT 36 STOCKETT MT, 59480  
ARTESIAN SPRING

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L  
MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER. FT = FEET, MT = METERS. (M) = MEASURED, (E) =  
ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

QW WA S2 WI OW PW AT OTHER

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
LAST EDIT DATE: 29-JUL-82 BY: TP \*BCS  
PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
49.3 42.5 7.0 1.1 1.7 10.3 87.6 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 82Q0491

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 82R0492

STATE MONTANA COUNTY CASCADE  
 LATITUDE-LONGITUDE 47°23'50"N 110°10'35"W SITE LOCATION 19N 04E 14 DADA  
 UTM COORDINATES 2 N E HRMG SITE  
 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1 STATION ID 472350110103501  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE 217A0TH\* \* \* SAMPLE SOURCE WELL  
 DRAINAGE BASIN BR LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE 3680. FT 10  
 AGENCY } SAMPLER HRMG\*WJD SUSTAINED YIELD  
 BOTTLE NUMBER SCWU\*W2 YIELD MEAS METHOD  
 DATE SAMPLED 19 JUN-82 TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL 210. (R)  
 TIME SAMPLED 14:10 HOURS SWL ABOVE( ) OR BELOW GS 150. FT (R)  
 LAB } ANALYST HRMG\*FNA CASING DIAMETER 8 IN (R)  
 DATE ANALYZED 07-JUL-82 CASING TYPE STEEL  
 SAMPLE HANDLING COMPLETION TYPE 01\*  
 METHOD SAMPLED PUMPED PERFORATION INTERVAL  
 WATER USE PUBLIC SUPPLY

SAMPLING SITE SAND CULIFF WTR USERS BENCH W ARV SAND COU  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE NOOTENAI FORMATION

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	51.7	2.58	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	444.	7.20
MAGNESIUM (MG)	69.9	5.75	CARBONATE (CO3)	0.	
SODIUM (NA)	17.2	0.75	CHLORIDE (CL)	12.3	0.35
POTASSIUM (K)	2.9	0.07	SULFATE (SO4)	71.	1.40
IRON (FE)	.011	0.00	NITRATE (AS N)	1.22	0.02
MANGANESE (MN)	.024	0.00	FLUORIDE (F)	1.1	0.06
SILICA (SiO2)	7.5		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 9.15 TOTAL ANIONS 9.25

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA) 0.39

	LABORATORY PH	7.69	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	416.80
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	15. C		TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	364.16
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS	453.57		SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.37
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT	678.06		RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	8.76
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	789.2		LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	0.46

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	86. F	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	833.
FIELD PH	7.40	ALKALINITY, FLD (AS CaCO3)	738.
ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	<.03	NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	<.01
SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	<.002	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	<.04
BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.05	STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	.52
CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	<.002	TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	<.001
CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	<.002	VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	<.001
COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	<.002	ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	.25
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.042	ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	<.003
MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	.06		

REMARKS: FILTER BROWN SILT \* WATER CLOUDY  
 JOHN G. MITTAL PRES.

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L = MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER, FT = FEET, MT = METERS, (M) = MEASURED, (E) = ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA QW WA 52 WI QW 2W AT OTHER  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS: Y

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 23-JUL-82 BY: TP \*CHT  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 28.2 62.8 8.2 0.8 3.8 16.2 72.7 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 82R0492



MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 8200493

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CASCADE
LATITUDE--LONGITUDE	47°24'14"N 110°09'17"W	SITE LOCATION	19N 4E 13 ADD
UTM COORDINATES	Z N E	HRMG SITE	
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7.1	STATION ID	472414110091701
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	330HDSN*	* SAMPLE SOURCE	WELL
DRAINAGE BASIN	EE	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3440. FT < 10
AGENCY & SAMPLER	HRMG*HRM	SUSTAINED YIELD	10.0 GPM
BOTTLE NUMBER	CHENSTH	YIELD MEAS METHOD	BUCKET/STOPWATCH
DATE SAMPLED	22-JUN-82	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL	185. FT (R)
TIME SAMPLED	10:00 HOURS	SWL ABOVE(-) OR BELOW GS	121. FT (R)
LAB & ANALYST	HRMG*FNA	CASING DIAMETER	6 IN (H)
DATE ANALYZED	07-JUL-82	CASING TYPE	STEEL
SAMPLE HANDLING		COMPLETION TYPE	*
METHOD SAMPLED	PUMPED	PERFORATION INTERVAL	
WATER USE	DOMESTIC		

SAMPLING SITE CHARLES ENTSHINGER\*TOWN OF NUMBER SEVEN  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE MADISON GROUP OR LIMESTONE

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	79.6	3.97	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	246.9	4.05
MAGNESIUM (MG)	28.7	2.36	CARBONATE (CO3)	.0	
SODIUM (NA)	11.4	0.50	CHLORIDE (CL)	4.0	0.11
POTASSIUM (K)	2.5	0.06	SULFATE (SO4)	132.	2.75
IRON (FE)	<.002		NITRATE (AS N)	.91	0.06
MANGANESE (MN)	<.001		FLUORIDE (F)	.44	0.02
SILICA (SIO2)	12.3		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 6.89 TOTAL ANIONS 7.00

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA) 0.49

LABORATORY PH	7.94	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	316.89
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	16. C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	202.50
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS	393.48	SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.28
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT	518.75	RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	6.65
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHDS/CM)	596.3	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	0.65

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	75. F	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHDS	620.
FIELD PH	7.27	ALKALINITY, FLD (AS CaCO3)	412.4
ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	<.03	NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	<.01
SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	<.002	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	<.04
BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.24	STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L AS SR)	.72
CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	<.002	TITANIUM, DISS (MG/L AS TI)	<.001
CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CR)	<.002	VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	<.001
COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.004	ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	.043
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.016	ZIRCONIUM, DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	<.003
MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	<.02		

REMARKS: WATER CLEAR \*TASTE AND SMELL OF SILTY FILTER  
 OWNERS ADDRESS SAND COULEE

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L  
 MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER, FT = FEET, MT = METERS, (H) = MEASURED, (E) =  
 ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

QW WA S2 WI QW PW AT OTHER

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 23-JUL-82 BY: TP \*CMT  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 57.6 34.3 7.2 0.9 1.6 39.8 58.6 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 8200493

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)494-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 82R0494

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CASCADE
LATITUDE-LONGITUDE	47°10'54"N 111°01'04"W	SITE LOCATION	1BN 4E 14 ACED
UTM COORDINATES	7 N E	HRMG SITE	
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	STOCKETT 7 1/2'	STATION ID	471054111110401
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	217KOTN*	* SAMPLE SOURCE	SPRING
DRAINAGE BASIN	BB	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3880. FT 10
AGENCY & SAMPLER	HRMG*HRM	SUSTAINED YIELD	2.6 GPM
BOTTLE NUMBER	R.YUREK	YIELD MEAS METHOD	BUCKET/STOPWATCH
DATE SAMPLED	21-JUN-82	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL	
TIME SAMPLED	10:40 HOURS	SWL ABOVE(-) OR BELOW GS	
LAB & ANALYST	HRMG*FNA	CASING DIAMETER	
DATE ANALYZED	16-JUL-82	CASING TYPE	
SAMPLE HANDLING		COMPLETION TYPE	*
METHOD SAMPLED	PUMPED	PERFORATION INTERVAL	
WATER USE	DOMESTIC		

SAMPLING SITE RICK YUREK\*.25 MI N OF GIFFEN SPRING  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE KOOTENAI FORMATION

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	42.3	2.45	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	321.	5.26
MAGNESIUM (MG)	38.9	3.20	CARBONATE (CO3)	.0	
SODIUM (NA)	8.4	0.37	CHLORIDE (CL)	1.3	0.05
POTASSIUM (K)	2.4	0.06	SULFATE (SO4)	24.0	0.50
IRON (FE)	0.002		NITRATE (AS N)	3.21	0.20
MANGANESE (MN)	0.001		FLUORIDE (F)	.58	0.03
SILICA (SiO2)	8.0		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 6.09 TOTAL ANIONS 6.12

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA) 0.14

LABORATORY PH	7.61	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	283.21
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	10.5 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	243.27
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS	295.22	SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.22
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT	458.09	RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	7.16
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	537.4	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	0.22

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	75. F	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	542.
FIELD PH	6.82	ALKALINITY, FLD (AS CaCO3)	249.
ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	<.03	NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	0.01
SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	<.002	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	0.04
BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.07	STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	.30
CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	<.002	TITANIUM DIS (MG/L AS TI)	0.001
CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	<.002	VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	0.001
COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	<.002	ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	0.066
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.005	ZIRCONIUM DIS (MG/L AS ZR)	0.003
MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	0.02		

REMARKS: WATER CLOUDY WITH RUBBED\*TASTE & SHELL ON\*LIGHT BROWN TAIN ON FILTER  
 OWNERS ADDRESS EVANS RT STOCKETT

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L = MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER, FT = FEET, MT = METERS, (M) = MEASURED, (F) = ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

OW WA S2 WI OW PM AT OTHER

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 30-JUL-82 BY: IF \*RCS  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 40.4 52.5 6.0 1.0 0.8 0.6 20.6 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 82R0494

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 8200495

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CASCADE
LATITUDE--LONGITUDE	47D22'42"N 111D11'30"W	SITE LOCATION	19N 4E 23*CCDD
UTM COORDINATES	7 N C	HBMG SITE	
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1	STATION ID	472242111113001
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	*	SAMPLE SOURCE	WELL
DRAINAGE BASIN	BE	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3680. FT < 10
AGENCY + SAMPLER	HBMG*WJD	SUSTAINED YIELD	8.6 GPM
BOTTLE NUMBER	LAROCRU	YIELD MEAS METHOD	BUCKET/STOPWATCH
DATE SAMPLED		TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL	100. FT (E)
TIME SAMPLED	: HOURS	SWL ABOVE(-) OR BELOW GS	0.
LAB + ANALYST	HBMG*FNA	CASING DIAMETER	
DATE ANALYZED	16-JUL-82	CASING TYPE	
SAMPLE HANDLING		COMPLETION TYPE	*
METHOD SAMPLED	PUMPED	PERFORATION INTERVAL	
WATER USE	DOMESTIC		

SAMPLING SITE LAROCQUE, H\*TURNOFF 1.2MI SW OF SAND COULEE  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	81.5	4.07	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	407.	6.67
MAGNESIUM (MG)	47.7	3.92	CARBONATE (CO3)	.0	
SODIUM (NA)	14.7	0.64	CHLORIDE (CL)	4.5	0.13
POTASSIUM (K)	2.9	0.07	SULFATE (SO4)	65.5	1.36
IRON (FE)	<.002		NITRATE (AS N)	5.92	0.42
MANGANESE (MN)	.12	0.00	FLUORIDE (F)	.85	0.04
SILICA (SIO2)	8.5		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 8.71 TOTAL ANIONS 8.63

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA) -0.35

LABORATORY PH	7.51	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	399.84
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE		TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	333.81
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS	432.68	SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.32
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT	639.19	RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	6.62
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	766.5	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	0.44

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	63.	CONDUCTVY, FIELD MICROMHOS	755.
FIELD PH	7.39	ALKALINITY, FLD (AS CaCO3)	347.
ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	<.03	NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	<.01
SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	<.002	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	<.04
BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.04	STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	.35
CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	<.002	TITANIUM DIS (MG/L AS TI)	<.001
CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	<.002	VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	<.001
COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	<.002	ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	.013
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.023	ZIRCONIUM DIS (MG/L AS ZR)	<.003
MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	<.02		

REMARKS: FILTER CLEAN\*WATER CLEAR  
 HARVEY LAROCQUE\*SAND COULEE, MT

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L  
 MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER, FT = FEET, MT = METERS. (M) = MEASURED, (E) =  
 ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED. TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE. TOT = TOTAL.

QW WA S2 WI OW PW AT OTHER

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 30-JUL-82 BY: TF \*BCS  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 46.7 45.1 7.3 0.9 1.6 16.7 81.7 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 8200495



MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
LAB NO. 0200496

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CASCADE
LATITUDE-LONGITUDE	47°23'02"N 111°08'52"W	SITE LOCATION	19N 5E 19SCAD 01
UTM COORDINATES	7 N C	MBMG SITE	
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1	STATION IN	4/230211108501
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	330MPSN*	SAMPLE SOURCE	WELL
DRAINAGE BASIN	88	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3510. FT ± 10
AGENCY & SAMPLER	MBMG+UHM	SUSTAINED YIELD	13.8 GPM
BOTTLE NUMBER	BRIANGU	YIELD MEAS METHOD	PUCFET/STOPWATCH
DATE SAMPLED	20 JUN-82	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL	270. FT (R)
TIME SAMPLED	18:45 HOURS	SWL ABOVE(-) OR BELOW GS	156.90 FT (M)
LAB & ANALYST	MBMG+FNA	CASING DIAMETER	8 IN
DATE ANALYZED	16-JUL-82	CASING TYPE	STEEL
SAMPLE HANDLING		COMPLETION TYPE	*
METHOD SAMPLED	PUMPED	PERFORATION INTERVAL	
WATER USE	DOMESTIC		

SAMPLING SITE BRIAN GUISTI .5 MI SW OF CENTERVILLE  
GEOLOGIC SOURCE MADISON GROUP OR LIMESTONE

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	89.8	4.48	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	215.7	3.54
MAGNESIUM (MG)	42.4	3.49	CARBONATE (CO3)	.0	
SODIUM (NA)	10.2	0.44	CHLORIDE (CL)	3.3	0.07
POTASSIUM (K)	3.6	0.09	SULFATE (SO4)	228.	4.75
IRON (FE)	<.002		NITRATE (AS N)	1.55	0.25
MANGANESE (MN)	<.001		FLUORIDE (F)	.41	0.02
SILICA (SiO2)	12.4		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 8.51 TOTAL ANIONS 8.65

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA) 0.63

LABORATORY PH	7.44	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	398.75
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	12. C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	176.71
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS	499.92	SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.22
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT	509.36	RYZMAR STABILITY INDEX	7.16
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	741.6	LANGIER SATURATION INDEX	0.14

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	82. F	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	926.
FIELD PH	7.00	ALKALINITY, FLD (AS CaCO3)	182.8
ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	<.03	NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	.01
SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	<.002	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	.04
BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.05	STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L AS SR)	.56
CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	<.002	TITANIUM, DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.001
CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CR)	<.001	VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.001
COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.007	ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	.24
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.013	ZIRCONIUM, DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	<.003
MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L AS MO)	<.02		

REMARKS: WATER CLEAR \* TASTE & SMELL OK \* CLEAN FILTER  
OWNERS ADDRESS STAR RT STOCKETT

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, MC/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L = MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER, FT = FEET, MI = METERS, (M) = MEASURED, (F) = ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA QW WA S2 WI OW PN AT OTHER  
OTHER FILE NUMBERS: Y

PROJECT: COST:  
LAST EDIT DATE: 30-JUL-82 BY: TP \*RCS  
PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
52.7 41.0 5.2 1.1 1.1 56.7 42.2 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 0200496



MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
LAB NO. 82R0497

STATE MONTANA COUNTY CASCADE  
LATITUDE--LONGITUDE 47D24'05"N 111D09'51"W SITE LOCATION 19N 4E 13 ACCE  
UTM COORDINATES 2 N E MRMG SITE  
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1 STATION ID 472405111095101  
GEOLOGIC SOURCE 330HDSN\* \* \* SAMPLE SOURCE WELL  
DRAINAGE BASIN BE LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE 3460. FT < 10  
AGENCY + SAMPLER MRMG\*WJD SUSTAINED YIELD 3.2 GPM  
BOTTLE NUMBER GKAVULLA YIELD MEAS METHOD BUCKET/STOPWATCH  
DATE SAMPLED 21-JUN-82 TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL 328. FT (R)  
TIME SAMPLED 10:40 HOURS SWL ABOVE(-) OR BELOW GS 165. FT (R)  
LAB + ANALYST MRMG\*FNA CASING DIAMETER 3 IN  
DATE ANALYZED 14-JUL-82 CASING TYPE STEEL  
SAMPLE HANDLING COMPLETION TYPE 01#  
METHOD SAMPLED PUMPED PERFORATION INTERVAL  
WATER USE DOMESTIC

SAMPLING SITE KAVULLA, GEORGE\* SAND COULEE, MT  
GEOLOGIC SOURCE MADISON GROUP OR LIMESTONE

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	111.	5.54	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	286.	4.69
MAGNESIUM (MG)	44.4	3.65	CARBONATE (CO3)	.0	
SODIUM (NA)	13.6	0.59	CHLORIDE (CL)	2.7	0.27
POTASSIUM (K)	3.2	0.08	SULFATE (SO4)	236.	4.91
IRON (FE)	.007	0.00	NITRATE (AS N)	1.07	0.08
MANGANESE (MN)	.004	0.00	FLUORIDE (F)	.57	0.03
SILICA (SIO2)	12.3		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 9.87 TOTAL ANIONS 9.98

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA) 0.46

	LABORATORY PH	7.15	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	459.92
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE			TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	234.57
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS	572.74		SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.28
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT	717.85		RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	7.02
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	846.1		LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	0.07

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	75. F	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	633.
FIELD PH	6.38	ALKALINITY, FLD (AS CaCO3)	245.
ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	.03	NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	<.01
SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	<.002	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	.06
BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.07	STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	.86
CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.002	TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	<.001
CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	.004	VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.003
COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.012	ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	.73
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.028	ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	<.003
MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	<.02		

REMARKS: FILTER LIGHT BROWN\*WATER CLOUDY  
GEORGE KAVULLA\*SAND COULEE, MT

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L = MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER. FT = FEET, MT = METERS. (M) = MEASURED, (E) = ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED. TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE. TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA QW WA S2 WI OW PW AT OTHER  
OTHER FILE NUMBERS: Y

PROJECT: COST:  
LAST EDIT DATE: 30-JUL-82 BY: TP \*RCS  
PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
56.1 37.0 6.0 0.8 2.0 49.8 47.5 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 82R0497

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 8200490

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CASCADE
LATITUDE	47°24'52"N	LONGITUDE	111°09'28"W
UTM COORDINATES	7 N E	SITE LOCATION	19N 4E 12 DABA
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1	MRMG SITE	
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	220JKSC*	STATION ID	472452111092001
DRAINAGE BASIN	BR	SAMPLE SOURCE	WELL
AGENCY & SAMPLER	MRMG*WJD	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3430. FT 10
BOTTLE NUMBER	FV1YHAN	SUSTAINED YIELD	7.8 GPM
DATE SAMPLED	21-JUN-82	YIELD MEAS METHOD	BUCKET/STOFEWATCH
TIME SAMPLED	09:15 HOURS	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL	131. FT (R)
LAB & ANALYST	MRMG*FNA	SUR ABOVE (-) OR BELOW GS	114. FT (R)
DATE ANALYZED	14-JUL-82	CASING DIAMETER	7 IN
SAMPLE HANDLING		CASING TYPE	STEEL
METHOD SAMPLED	PUMPED	COMPLETION TYPE	*
WATER USE	DOMESTIC	PERFORATION INTERVAL	

SAMPLING SITE LYMAN, F\*1ST HOUSE ACROSS ROAD FROM TRACY  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE JURASSIC UNDIFFERENTIATED

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	354.	17.66	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	507.	0.21
MAGNESIUM (MG)	115.	7.46	CARBONATE (CO3)	.0	
SODIUM (NA)	27.7	1.20	CHLORIDE (CL)	18.9	0.53
POTASSIUM (K)	5.5	0.14	SULFATE (SO4)	937.	19.51
IRON (FE)	.024	0.00	NITRATE (AS N)	3.67	0.26
MANGANESE (MN)	.004	0.00	FLUORIDE (F)	.18	0.01
SILICA (SiO2)	25.3		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 20.47 TOTAL ANIONS 20.62

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA) 0.22

LABORATORY PH	7.54	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	1352.20
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE		TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	415.83
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS	1737.03	SODIUM ABSORPTION RATIO	0.33
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT	1994.28	RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	5.12
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	2172.	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	1.21

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	72. F	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	2240.
FIELD PH	7.15	ALKALINITY, FLD (AS CaCO3)	426.
ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L AS AL)	.26	NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	.03
SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	.049	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	.07
BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.07	STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L AS SR)	1.08
CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.015	TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.039
CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CR)	.031	VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.040
COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.074	ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	.066
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.057	ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.056
MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L AS MO)	.03		

REMARKS: FILTER CLEAN\*WATER CLEAR  
 CVELYN LYMAN\*SAND COULEE, MT

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L = MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER, FT = FEET, MT = METERS. (M) = MEASURED, (F) = ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED. TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA QW WA S2 WI QW PW AT OTHER  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS: Y

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 05-JAN-83 BY: TC \*TC  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27 MAY 83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 62.0 33.2 4.2 0.5 1.9 68.8 29.3 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 8200490

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
LAB NO. 82R0499

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CASCADE
LATITUDE--LONGITUDE	47°23'46"N 111°09'09"W	SITE LOCATION	19N 5E 18*CEED
UTM COORDINATES	Z N E	MBMG SITE	
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1	STATION ID	472346111090901
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	330HDSN*	* SAMPLE SOURCE	WELL
DRAINAGE BASIN	BB	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3455. FT < 10
AGENCY + SAMPLER	MRMG*HRM	SUSTAINED YIELD	11.2 GPM
BOTTLE NUMBER	NET	YIELD MEAS METHOD	BUCKET/STOPWATCH
DATE SAMPLED		TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL	175. FT (R)
TIME SAMPLED	: HOURS	SWL ABOVE(-) OR BELOW GS	79.76 FT (M)
LAB + ANALYST	MRMG*FNA	CASING DIAMETER	8 IN (M)
DATE ANALYZED	16-JUL-82	CASING TYPE	STEEL
SAMPLE HANDLING		COMPLETION TYPE	*
METHOD SAMPLED	PUMPED	PERFORATION INTERVAL	
WATER USE	DOMESTIC AND STOCK		

SAMPLING SITE TERRY NET\*.75 MI NW OF CENTERVILLE  
GEOLOGIC SOURCE MADISON GROUP OR LIMESTONE

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	65.5	3.27	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	271.3	4.45
MAGNESIUM (MG)	23.6	1.94	CARBONATE (CO3)	.0	
SODIUM (NA)	7.1	0.31	CHLORIDE (CL)	3.1	0.09
POTASSIUM (K)	3.1	0.08	SULFATE (SO4)	65.7	1.37
IRON (FE)	.018	0.00	NITRATE (AS N)	5.69	0.41
MANGANESE (MN)	.002	0.00	FLUORIDE (F)	.50	0.03
SILICA (SiO2)	15.7		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 5.60 TOTAL ANIONS 6.33

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA) 3.81

LABORATORY PH	7.68	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	260.69
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	12.5 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	222.51
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS	323.66	SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.19
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT	461.31	RYZMAR STABILITY INDEX	6.99
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	580.7	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	0.34

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	85. F	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	597.
FIELD PH	7.12	ALKALINITY, FLD (AS CaCO3)	232.
ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	.04	NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	.02
SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	.024	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	.05
BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	<.02	STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	.36
CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.007	TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	<.001
CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	.015	VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.015
COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.028	ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	.16
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.025	ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.024
MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	.02		

REMARKS: WATER CLEAR\*SMELL AND TASTE OK\*SOLID BROWN SPOTS ON FILTER SLIT  
OWNERS ADDRESS BOX 95 STAR RT STOCKETT  
LAB: FU CA 76.6, MG 27.9 GIVES 6.51 MEQ CATIONS FOR -.84 SIGMA

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L = MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER. FT = FEET, MT = METERS. (M) = MEASURED. (E) = ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED. TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

QW NA S2 WT OW PW AT OTHER

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
LAST EDIT DATE: 30-JUL-82 BY: TP \*RCS  
PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
CA MG NA K Cl SO4 HCO3 CO3  
58.4 34.7 5.5 1.4 1.5 23.2 75.3 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 82R0499



MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496 4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
LAB NO. B2R0500

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CASCADE
LATITUDE	47°24'48"N	LONGITUDE	111°09'46"W
UHM COORDINATES	7 N E	SITE LOCATION	19N 4E 12E B2AA
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1	HRMG SITE	
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	330HDSN*	STATION ID	472448111094601
DRAINAGE BASIN	RR	SAMPLE SOURCE	WELL
AGENCY + SAMPLER	HRMG*WJD	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3440. FT ± 10
BOTTLE NUMBER	KAJALA	SUSTAINED YIELD	6PM
DATE SAMPLED	20 JUN 82	YIELD MEAS METHOD	BUFFET/STOPWATCH
TIME SAMPLED	15:15 HOURS	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL	150. FT (R)
LAB + ANALYST	HRMG*FNA	SWL ABOVE( ) OR BELOW GS	101.36 FT (R)
DATE ANALYZED	14-JUL-82	CASING DIAMETER	6.5 IN (R)
SAMPLE HANDLING		CASING TYPE	STEEL
METHOD SAMPLED	PUMPED	COMPLETION TYPE	01*
WATER USE	DOMESTIC	PERFORATION INTERVAL	

SAMPLING SITE FAST ACROSS HWY TRACY\*3RD HOUSE ON RIGHT  
GEOLOGIC SOURCE MADISON GROUP OR LIMESTONE

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	75.8	3.78	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	233.7	3.83
MAGNESIUM (MG)	26.5	2.18	CARBONATE (CO3)	.0	
SODIUM (NA)	11.8	0.51	CHLORIDE (CL)	2.2	0.26
POTASSIUM (K)	2.5	0.06	SULFATE (SO4)	133.	2.77
IRON (FE)	0.002		NITRATE (AS N)	.08	0.06
MANGANESE (MN)	.005	0.00	FLUORIDE (F)	.54	0.03
SILICA (SiO2)	11.8		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 6.54 TOTAL ANIONS 6.95

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA) 2.01

LABORATORY PH	7.58	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	298.35
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE		TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	191.67
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS	387.15	SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.30
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT	505.73	RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	7.10
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	617.2	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	0.24

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	85. F	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	640.
FIELD PH	7.35	ALKALINITY, FLD (AS CaCO3)	200.
ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	.00	NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	.01
SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	.014	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	.04
BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.02	STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SE)	.73
CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.006	TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.004
CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	.010	VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.016
COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.020	ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	.15
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.032	ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.020
MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	.02		

REMARKS: FILTER RUSTY BROWN\*WATER CLOUDY  
RICHARD KUJALA\*BOX 53\*SAND COULEE  
LAB: FU CA 80.4, MG 28.4, NA 12.7 GIVES 6.96 MEQ CATIONS FOR .07 SIGMA

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L = MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER. FT = FEET, M = METERS. (R) = MEASURED, (E) = ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED. TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA Y  
OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
LAST EDIT DATE: 30-JUL-82 BY: TP \*RCS  
PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730F V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27 MAY 83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
57.8 33.3 7.8 1.0 3.8 40.4 55.8 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: B2R0500



MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 82R0501

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CASCADE
LATITUDE--LONGITUDE	47°26'22"N 111°10'29"W	SITE LOCATION	20N 5E 31*CDAA
UTM COORDINATES	Z N E	MBMG SITE	
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1	STATION ID	472622111102901
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	330HDSN*	SAMPLE SOURCE	WELL
DRAINAGE BASIN	BB	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3400. FT 10
AGENCY & SAMPLER	MBMG*HRM	SUSTAINED YIELD	5.1 GPM
BOTTLE NUMBER	JOHNSON	YIELD MEAS METHOD	BUCKET/STOPWATCH
DATE SAMPLED	18-JUN-82	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL	125. FT (R)
TIME SAMPLED	14:05 HOURS	SWL ABOVE(--) OR BELOW GS	65.45 FT (M)
LAB & ANALYST	MBMG*FNA	CASING DIAMETER	6 IN (M)
DATE ANALYZED	16-JUL-82	CASING TYPE	STEEL
SAMPLE HANDLING		COMPLETION TYPE	*
METHOD SAMPLED	PUMPED	PERFORATION INTERVAL	
WATER USE	DOMESTIC AND STOCK		

SAMPLING SITE GENE JOHNSON RANCH 1.75 MI NE OF TRACY  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE MADISON GROUP OR LIMESTONE

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	146.	7.22	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	421.	6.90
MAGNESIUM (MG)	83.3	6.85	CARBONATE (CO3)	.0	
SODIUM (NA)	107.	4.65	CHLORIDE (CL)	13.9	0.39
POTASSIUM (K)	3.3	0.08	SULFATE (SO4)	564.	11.74
IRON (FE)	.002	0.00	NITRATE (AS N)	2.96	0.21
MANGANESE (MN)	.002	0.00	FLUORIDE (F)	.37	0.02
SILICA (SI02)	19.3		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 18.88 TOTAL ANIONS 19.27

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA) 1.01

LABORATORY PH	7.47	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	707.42
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	7.0 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	345.29
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS	1147.52	SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	1.75
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT	1361.13	RYZMAR STABILITY INDEX	6.12
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	1585.	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	0.67

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	77. F	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	1698.
FIELD PH	7.08	ALKALINITY, FLD (AS CaCO3)	394.
ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	.06	NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	<.01
SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	.011	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	.03
BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.23	STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	1.01
CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.002	TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.002
CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	.008	VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.011
COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.021	ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	.013
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.067	ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.018
MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	.02		

REMARKS: WATER CLEAR\*TASTE AND SMELL OK\*FILTER CLEAN  
 OWNERS ADDRESS STAR RT SAND COULEE

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L = MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER. FT = FEET, MT = METERS. (M) = MEASURED, (E) = ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED. TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE. TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA QW WA S2 W1 QW PW AT OTHER  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 05-JAN-83 BY: TP \*TP  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 38.6 36.3 24.7 0.4 2.1 61.7 36.2 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 82R0501

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496 4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. B200502

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CARLE
LATITUDE-LONGITUDE	47°10'19"N 111°11'05"W	SITE LOCATION	100' 41' 13' APPR
UTM COORDINATES	7 N E	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3910. FT
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	STOCKETT 7 1/2"	STATION ID	47101911111001
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	JURASSIC*	SAMPLE SOURCE	WELL
DRAINAGE BASIN	RR	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3910. FT
AGENCY + SAMPLER	MRMG*HRM	SUSTAINED YIELD	5.1 GPM
BOTTLE NUMBER	RSINGIE	YIELD MEAS METHOD	RICKETTS/STOPWATCH
DATE SAMPLED	21-JUN-82	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL	55. FT (F)
TIME SAMPLED	14:39 HOURS	SWL ABOVE( ) OR BELOW GS	25. FT (F)
LAB + ANALYST	MRMG*FNA	CASING DIAMETER	2 IN (F)
DATE ANALYZED	16-JUL-82	CASING TYPE	PLASTIC
SAMPLE HANDLING		COMPLETION TYPE	*
METHOD SAMPLED	PUMPED	PERFORATION INTERVAL	
WATER USE			

SAMPLING SITE RALPH SINGLE 3.25 MI SW OF STOCKETT  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE JURASSIC UNDIFFERENTIATED

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	57.3	2.86	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	273.3	4.40
MAGNESIUM (MG)	26.4	2.17	CARBONATE (CO3)	.0	
SODIUM (NA)	7.3	0.32	CHLORIDE (CL)	2.6	0.07
POTASSIUM (K)	3.3	0.08	SULFATE (SO4)	34.2	0.71
IRON (FE)	.002		NITRATE (AS N)	4.18	0.70
MANGANESE (MN)	.002	0.00	FLUORIDE (F)	.00	0.05
SILICA (SiO2)	6.3		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 5.43 TOTAL ANIONS 5.62

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA) 0.27

LABORATORY PH	7.20	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	251.24
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	7.2 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	224.15
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS	277.20	SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.20
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT	415.87	RYZMAR STABILITY INDEX	7.50
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	509.4	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	-0.10

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	81. F	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	528.
FIELD PH	6.45	ALKALINITY, FLD (AS CaCO3)	230.
ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	<.03	NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	.02
SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	<.002	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	.04
BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	<.02	STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SE)	.10
CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	<.002	TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.004
CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	.002	VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.001
COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.020	ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	.037
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.007	ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.004
MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	<.02		

REMARKS: WATER CLEAR\*TASTE & SMELL OK\*CLEAN FILTER  
 OWNERS ADDRESS STAR RT STOCKETT  
 LAB: FU CA 59.3, MG 27.7 GIVES 5.64 MEQ CATIONS FOR .13 SIGMA

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L = MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER. FT = FEET, M = METERS. (M) = MEASURED, (F) = ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED. TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

QW NA S2 WI OW PW AT OTHER

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 05-JAN-83 BY: SP \*JP  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27 MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 52.6 40.0 5.8 1.6 1.4 13.5 85.1 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: B200502

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496 4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 82R0503

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CASCADE
LATITUDE--LONGITUDE	47°19'59"N 111°10'41"W	SITE LOCATION	18N 4E 11 AAC
UTM COORDINATES	7 N E	HRMG SITE	
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	STOCKETT 7 1/2'	STATION ID	421959111104101
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	217KOTN*221HRSN*	* SAMPLE SOURCE	WELL
DRAINAGE BASIN	BR	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	4070. FT < 10
AGENCY + SAMPLER	HRMG*HRM	SUSTAINED YIELD	7.2 GPM
BOTTLE NUMBER	D.YUREK	YIELD MEAS METHOD	BUCKET/STOPWATCH
DATE SAMPLED	21-JUN-82	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL	131. FT (R)
TIME SAMPLED	16:00 HOURS	SWL ABOVE(-) OR BELOW GS	17.70 FT (H)
LAB + ANALYST	HRMG*FNA	CASING DIAMETER	6 IN (H)
DATE ANALYZED	16-JUL-82	CASING TYPE	STEEL
SAMPLE HANDLING		COMPLETION TYPE	03*
METHOD SAMPLED	PUMPED	PERFORATION INTERVAL	
WATER USE	DOMESTIC AND STOCK		

SAMPLING SITE DONALD YUREK RANCH 1.75 MI SW OF STOCKETT  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE KOOTENAI FORMATION

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	67.8	3.38	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	371.9	6.10
MAGNESIUM (MG)	36.4	2.99	CARBONATE (CO3)	.0	
SODIUM (NA)	21.2	0.92	CHLORIDE (CL)	2.8	0.08
POTASSIUM (K)	6.5	0.17	SULFATE (SO4)	36.8	0.27
IRON (FE)	1.002		NITRATE (AS N)	5.47	0.39
MANGANESE (MN)	.050	0.00	FLUORIDE (F)	.97	0.05
SILICA (SiO2)	7.5		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 7.47 TOTAL ANIONS 7.38

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA) -0.41

LABORATORY PH	7.37	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	319.12
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	12.1 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	305.02
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS	368.69	SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.52
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT	557.39	RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	7.00
LAB SPEC.COND.(MICROMHOS/CM)	657.1	LANGIER SATURATION INDEX	0.19

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	84. F	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	677.
FIELD PH	6.63	ALKALINITY, FLD(AS CaCO3)	324.
ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	<.03	NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	<.01
SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	<.002	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	.04
BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.25	STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	.59
CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	<.002	TITANIUM DIS (MG/L AS TI)	<.001
CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	<.002	VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	<.001
COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	<.002	ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	5.00
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.047	ZIRCONIUM DIS (MG/L AS ZR)	<.003
MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	<.02		

REMARKS: WATER CLOUDY \*TASTE AND SMELL OK\*LIGHT BROWN SILTY FILTER  
 OWNERS ADDRESS STOCKETT\*RUNNING WATER CLEAR FOR 7 MIN\*FLOW 16.4 GPM\*  
 WATER BECAME VERY CLOUDY AND FLOW 7.2 GPM FOR 8 MIN\*WATER CLEARED

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L = MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER, FT = FEET, MI = METERS, (H) = MEASURED, (E) = ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA QW NA S2 NI OW PW AT OTHER  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS: Y

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 30-JUL-82 BY: TP \*RCS  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 45.3 40.1 12.4 2.3 1.1 11.0 87.8 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 82R0503



MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. B200504

STATE MONTANA COUNTY CASCADE  
 LATITUDE-LONGITUDE 47°24'24"N 111°09'38"W SITE LOCATION 12N 4E 13 AARD  
 UTM COORDINATES 7 N E MRMG SITE  
 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1 STATION ID 472424111093801  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE \* \* \* SAMPLE SOURCE WELL  
 DRAINAGE BASIN RR LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE 3455. FT 10  
 AGENCY + SAMPLER MRMG\*WJD SUSTAINED YIELD GPM  
 BOTTLE NUMBER LYNCH YIELD MEAS METHOD BUCKET/STOPWATCH  
 DATE SAMPLED 18 JUN-82 TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL 168. FT (C)  
 TIME SAMPLED 09:30 HOURS SWL ABOVE(-) OR BELOW GS 102.70 FT (M)  
 LAB + ANALYST MRMG\*FNA CASING DIAMETER 6 IN  
 DATE ANALYZED 14 JUL-82 CASING TYPE STEEL  
 SAMPLE HANDLING COMPLETION TYPE \*  
 METHOD SAMPLED PUMPED PERFORATION INTERVAL  
 WATER USE DOMESTIC

SAMPLING SITE MIDDLE OF FIELD & OFF TRACY-SAND COULEE RD  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	87.8	4.30	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	261.8	4.29
MAGNESIUM (MG)	31.6	2.60	CARBONATE (CO3)	.0	
SODIUM (NA)	13.1	0.57	CHLORIDE (CL)	7.2	0.26
POTASSIUM (K)	2.7	0.07	SULFATE (SO4)	148.	3.00
IRON (FE)	<.002		NITRATE (AS N)	.44	0.03
MANGANESE (MN)	.001	0.00	FLUORIDE (F)	.52	0.03
SILICA (SIO2)	13.1		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 7.62 TOTAL ANIONS 7.69

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA) 0.31

	LABORATORY PH	7.49	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	349.30
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE			TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	214.58
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS	435.33		SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.31
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT	568.06		RYZMAR STABILITY INDEX	6.96
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	675.1		LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	0.27

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	700.	FIELD PH	7.51
ALKALINITY, FLD (AS CaCO3)	216.	ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	<.03
NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	<.01	SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	<.002
LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PD)	<.04	BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	<.02
STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	.09	CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	<.002
TITANIUM, DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.028	CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	<.002
VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	<.001	COFFER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.007
ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	1.14	LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.022
ZIRCONIUM, DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	<.003	MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	<.02

REMARKS: FILTER CLEAN\*WATER CLEAR  
 RENEE LYNCH\*BOX 71\*SAND COULEE\*LOG UNKNOWN\*DRILLED MARCH 1944

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L  
 MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER. FT = FEET, MT = METERS. (H) = MEASURED, (I) =  
 ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

QW WA S2 WI QW FW AT OTHER  
 OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 30-JUL-82 BY: TF \*SCS  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 57.5 34.1 7.5 0.7 3.4 40.4 56.2 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: B200504



MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
LAB NO. 82R0505

STATE MONTANA COUNTY CASCADE  
LATITUDE--LONGITUDE 47D23'05"N 111D11'40"W SITE LOCATION 19N 04E 23\*CRBA  
UTM COORDINATES Z N E MDMG SITE  
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 J STATION ID 472305111114001  
GEOLOGIC SOURCE 217KOTN\*220JRSC\* \* SAMPLE SOURCE WELL  
DRAINAGE BASIN BR LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE 3770. FT < 10  
AGENCY & SAMPLER MRMG\*WJD SUSTAINED YIELD 4.7 GPM  
BOTTLE NUMBER SWARTZB YIELD MEAS METHOD BUCKET/STOPWATCH  
DATE SAMPLED 22-JUN-82 TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL 248. FT (R)  
TIME SAMPLED 10:30 HOURS SWL ABOVE(-) OR BELOW GS 170. FT (R)  
LAB & ANALYST MRMG\*FNA CASING DIAMETER 1.5 IN (R)  
DATE ANALYZED 16-JUL-82 CASING TYPE STEEL  
SAMPLE HANDLING COMPLETION TYPE 01\*  
METHOD SAMPLED PUMPED PERFORATION INTERVAL  
WATER USE DOMESTIC

SAMPLING SITE SWARTZENBURGER, GERALD\*  
GEOLOGIC SOURCE KOOTENAI FORMATION

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	46.5	2.32	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	516.	8.46
MAGNESIUM (MG)	78.8	6.48	CARBONATE (CO3)	0.	
SODIUM (NA)	11.0	0.48	CHLORIDE (CL)	3.8	0.11
POTASSIUM (K)	3.2	0.08	SULFATE (SO4)	23.7	0.49
IRON (FE)	<.002		NITRATE (AS N)	4.29	0.31
MANGANESE (MN)	<.001		FLUORIDE (F)	1.4	0.07
SILICA (SiO2)	6.5		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 9.36 TOTAL ANIONS 9.44

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA) 0.30

	LABORATORY PH	7.70	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	440.45
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE			TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	423.21
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS	433.38		SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.23
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT	695.19		RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	6.71
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	793.3		LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	0.49

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	72. F	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	796.
FIELD PH	7.17	ALKALINITY, FLD (AS CaCO3)	433.
ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	<.03	NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	1.01
SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	<.002	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	1.04
BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	<.02	STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	1.48
CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	<.006	TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	1.003
CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	<.002	VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	<.001
COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	<.001	ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	1.33
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	1.046	ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	<.003
MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	<.02		

REMARKS: FILTER COVERED WITH SILT \* WATER CLOUDY  
GERALD SWARTZENBURGER \* SAND COULEE MT

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L = MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER, FT = FEET, MT = METERS. (M) = MEASURED, (E) = ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED. TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA QW WA S2 WI OW PW AT OTHER  
OTHER FILE NUMBERS: Y

PROJECT: COST:  
LAST EDIT DATE: 05-JAN-83 BY: TP \*TP  
PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
24.8 69.2 5.1 0.9 1.2 5.4 93.4 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 82R0505  
Ready

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
LAB NO. 8300001

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CASCADE
LATITUDE-LONGITUDE	47°23'32"N 111°08'30"W	SITE LOCATION	19N 05E 18 DECS
UTM COORDINATES	2 N F	HRMG SITE	
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1	STATION ID	472332111003801
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	330MDSN*	SAMPLE SOURCE	WELL
DRAINAGE BASIN	EE	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3475.0 FT
AGENCY + SAMPLER	HRMG+HRM	SUSTAINED YIELD	
BOTTLE NUMBER	CENSRC1	YIELD MEAS METHOD	
DATE SAMPLED	29-DEC-82	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL	200. FT (R)
TIME SAMPLED	10:45 HOURS	SWL ABOVE(-) OR BELOW GS	124.3 FT (M)
LAB + ANALYST	HRMG+PNA	CASING DIAMETER	8 IN (M)
DATE ANALYZED	19-JAN-83	CASING TYPE	PVC
SAMPLE HANDLING		COMPLETION TYPE	*
METHOD SAMPLED	PUMPED	PERFORATION INTERVAL	
WATER USE	DOMESTIC		

SAMPLING SITE CENTERVILLE SENIOR CITIZENS CENTER  
GEOLOGIC SOURCE MADISON GROUP OR LIMESTONE

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	241.	12.03	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	405.	8.64
MAGNESIUM (MG)	135.	11.11	CARBONATE (CO3)	0.	
SODIUM (NA)	23.1	1.00	CHLORIDE (CL)	23.3	0.66
POTASSIUM (K)	4.1	0.11	SULFATE (SO4)	755.	15.72
IRON (FE)	0.002		NITRATE (AS N)	12.4	0.89
MANGANESE (MN)	0.004	0.00	FLUORIDE (F)	1.1	0.06
SILICA (SiO2)	16.9		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 24.24 TOTAL ANIONS 23.76

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA) -0.63

LABORATORY PH	6.52	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	1157.44
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	6.8 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	332.17
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS	1411.41	SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.30
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT	1616.90	RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	6.57
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	1901.	LANGIER SATURATION INDEX	-0.03

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	20. F	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	1580.
FIELD PH	5.70	ALKALINITY, FLD (AS CaCO3)	361.00
ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	0.03	NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	0.01
SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	0.002	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	0.04
BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	0.11	STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	0.82
CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	0.002	TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	0.024
CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	0.004	VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	0.004
COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	0.038	ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	0.034
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	0.046	ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	0.003
MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	0.02	ARSENIC, DISS (UG/L AS AS)	0.8

REMARKS: WHITE FOAM COATS STEEL TAPE; DRIES TO HARD WHITE PPT., FILTER CLEAN

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L  
MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER. FT = FEET, MT = METERS. (M) = MEASURED; (E) =  
ESTIMATED; (R) = REPORTED. TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE. TOT = TOTAL.

QW WA S2 WI OW PW AT OTHER

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
LAST EDIT DATE: 02-FEB-83 BY: TP #BCS  
PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
CA MG NA K LL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
49.6 45.8 4.1 0.4 2.2 68.3 28.8 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 8300001

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 83Q0002

STATE MONTANA	COUNTY CASCADE
LATITUDE-LONGITUDE 47024'52"N 111008'55"W	SITE LOCATION 19N 5E 7*8DDC
UTM COORDINATES 7 N E	MBMG SITE
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1	STATION ID 472452111085501
GEOLOGIC SOURCE 330MDSN*	* SAMPLE SOURCE WELL
DRAINAGE BASIN RB	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE 3455. FT < 10
AGENCY + SAMPLER MBMG*HRM	SUSTAINED YIELD
BOTTLE NUMBER GHEAL-2	YIELD MEAS METHOD
DATE SAMPLED 30-DEC-82	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL 220.0 (E)
TIME SAMPLED 11:30 HOURS	SWL ABOVE(-) OR BELOW GS 69.50 (M)
LAB + ANALYST MBMG*FNA	CASING DIAMETER 6 IN (M)
DATE ANALYZED 19-JAN-83	CASING TYPE IRON
SAMPLE HANDLING	COMPLETION TYPE *
METHOD SAMPLED PUMPED	PERFORATION INTERVAL
WATER USE STOCK	

SAMPLING SITE HEAL WELL-2 TRACY  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE MADISON GROUP OR LIMESTONE

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	97.3	4.86	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	233.0	3.83
MAGNESIUM (MG)	89.4	7.35	CARBONATE (CO3)	0.	
SODIUM (NA)	22.0	0.96	CHLORIDE (CL)	13.8	0.39
POTASSIUM (K)	8.0	0.21	SULFATE (SO4)	428.	8.91
IRON (FE)	<.002		NITRATE (AS N)	1.83	0.13
MANGANESE (MN)	.003	0.00	FLUORIDE (F)	.55	0.03
SILICA (SIO2)	8.7		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 13.37 TOTAL ANIONS 13.29

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA) -0.27

LABORATORY PH	7.56	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	610.93
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	7.3 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	171.76
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS	284.76	SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.39
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT	903.38	RYZMAR STABILITY INDEX	6.90
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	1115.	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	0.33

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	30.0 F	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	1151.
FIELD PH	6.80	ALKALINITY, FLD (AS CaCO3)	205.00
ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	<.03	NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	<.01
SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	<.002	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	<.04
BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.10	STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	.86
CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	<.002	TITANIUM DIS (MG/L AS TI)	.010
CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	<.002	VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.002
COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.008	ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	.015
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.053	ZIRCONIUM DIS (MG/L AS ZR)	<.003
MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	<.02	ARSENIC, DISS (UG/L AS AS)	.3

REMARKS: CLEAR  
 FILTER A LITTLE YELLOWISH, VERY FINE SILT ON FILTER AND SAND

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L = MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER, FT = FEET, MT = METERS, (M) = MEASURED, (E) = ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 02-FEB-83 BY: TP \*RCS  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 36.3 55.0 7.2 1.5 3.0 67.2 22.2 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 83Q0002



MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)456-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 8380003

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CASCADE
LATITUDE	47°24'21"N	LONGITUDE	111°05'16"W
UTM COORDINATES	7 N E	SITE LOCATION	19N 04E 13 AAA0
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1	MEMO SITE	
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	330MDSN*	STATION ID	472421111071601
DRAINAGE BASIN	BB	SAMPLE SOURCE	WELL
AGENCY + SAMPLER	MRMG*HRM	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3440. FT 10
BOTTLE NUMBER	MIKEKAV	SUSTAINED YIELD	
DATE SAMPLED	29 DEC 82	YIELD MEAS METHOD	
TIME SAMPLED	15:00 HOURS	TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL	170.0 FT (R)
LAB + ANALYST	MRMG*FNA	SWL ABOVE (-) OR BELOW GS	
DATE ANALYZED	19 JAN 83	CASING DIAMETER	7 IN (R)
SAMPLE HANDLING		CASING TYPE	IRON
METHOD SAMPLED	PUMPED	COMPLETION TYPE	12"
WATER USE	DOMESTIC	PERFORATION INTERVAL	

SAMPLING SITE M KAVULA, STAR RT, SAND COULEE, N OF 7 SIDING  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE MADISON GROUP OR LIMESTONE

CALCIUM (CA)	MG/L	MEQ/L	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	MG/L	MEQ/L
MAGNESIUM (MG)	118.	5.82	CARBONATE (CO3)	240.1	3.93
SODIUM (NA)	36.0	2.96	CHLORIDE (CL)	0.	
POTASSIUM (K)	16.7	0.74	SULFATE (SO4)	8.0	0.17
IRON (FE)	3.4	0.02	NITRATE (AS N)	252.	5.25
MANGANESE (MN)	.006	0.00	FLUORIDE (F)	3.85	0.27
SILICA (SiO2)	.004	0.00	PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)	.32	0.02
	14.7				
TOTAL CATIONS		9.67	TOTAL ANIONS		9.64
STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)					0.12
LABORATORY PH	7.4	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	442.82		
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	3.7 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	196.92		
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS	569.46	SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.35		
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT	891.28	RYZMAR STABILITY INDEX	8.87		
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	829.3	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	0.27		

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	25.1 F	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	278.
FIELD PH	6.10	ALKALINITY, FIELD (AS CaCO3)	220.
ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	.03	NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	.02
SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	.002	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	.04
BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.10	STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L AS SR)	.67
CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.003	TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.014
CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CR)	.002	VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.001
COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.014	ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	.49
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.016	ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.003
MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L AS MO)	.02	ARSENIC, DISS (UG/L AS AS)	.1

REMARKS: INITIAL TAP WATER RUSTY COLOR FOR 5 SEC, FILTER ALSO RUST COLORED

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER, FT = FEET, M = METERS, (M) = MEASURED, (L) = ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA QW NA S2 W1 OW PW AT OTHER  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS: Y

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 01 FEB 83 BY: TP \*RCS  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27 MAY 83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 60.9 30.6 7.6 0.7 1.8 56.1 42.1 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 8380003  
 Reads



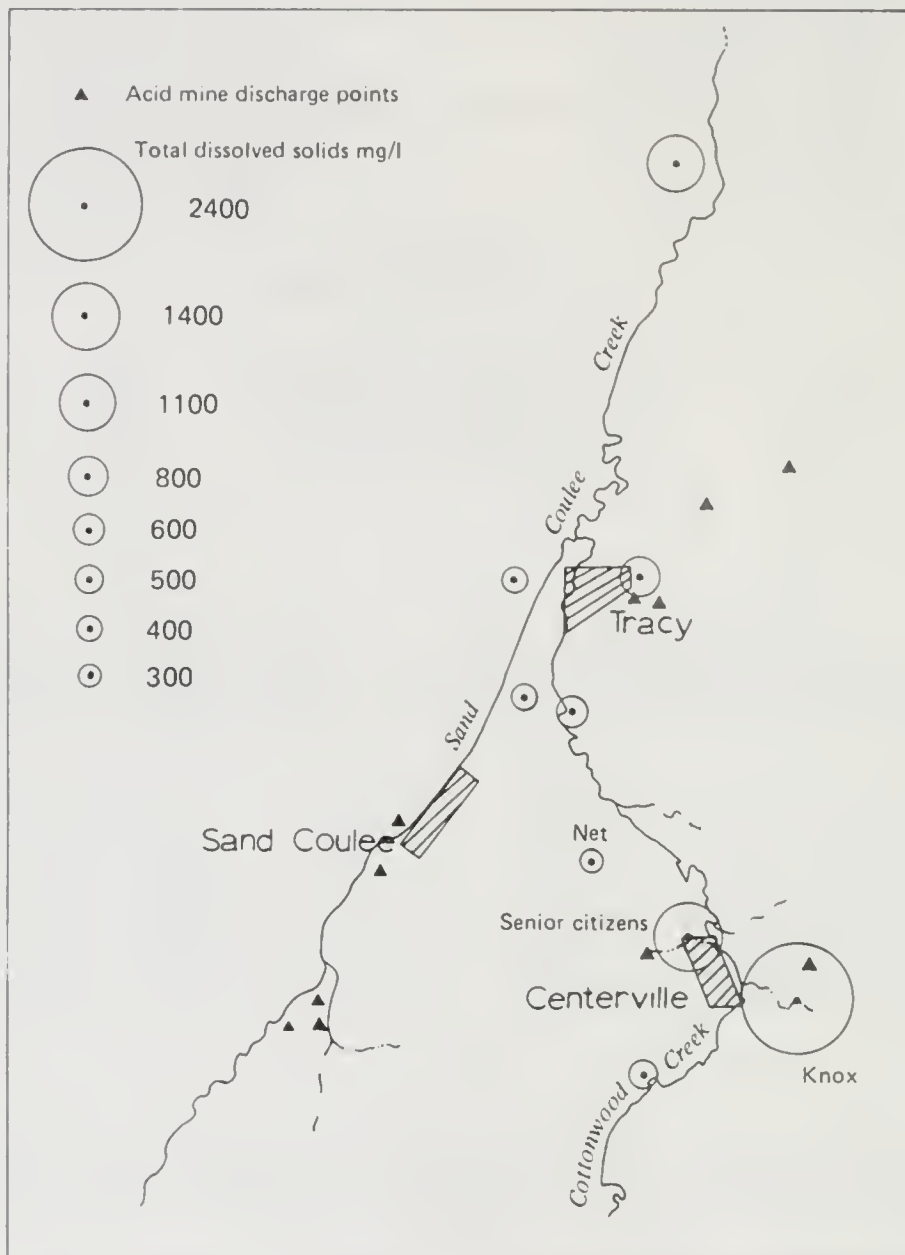
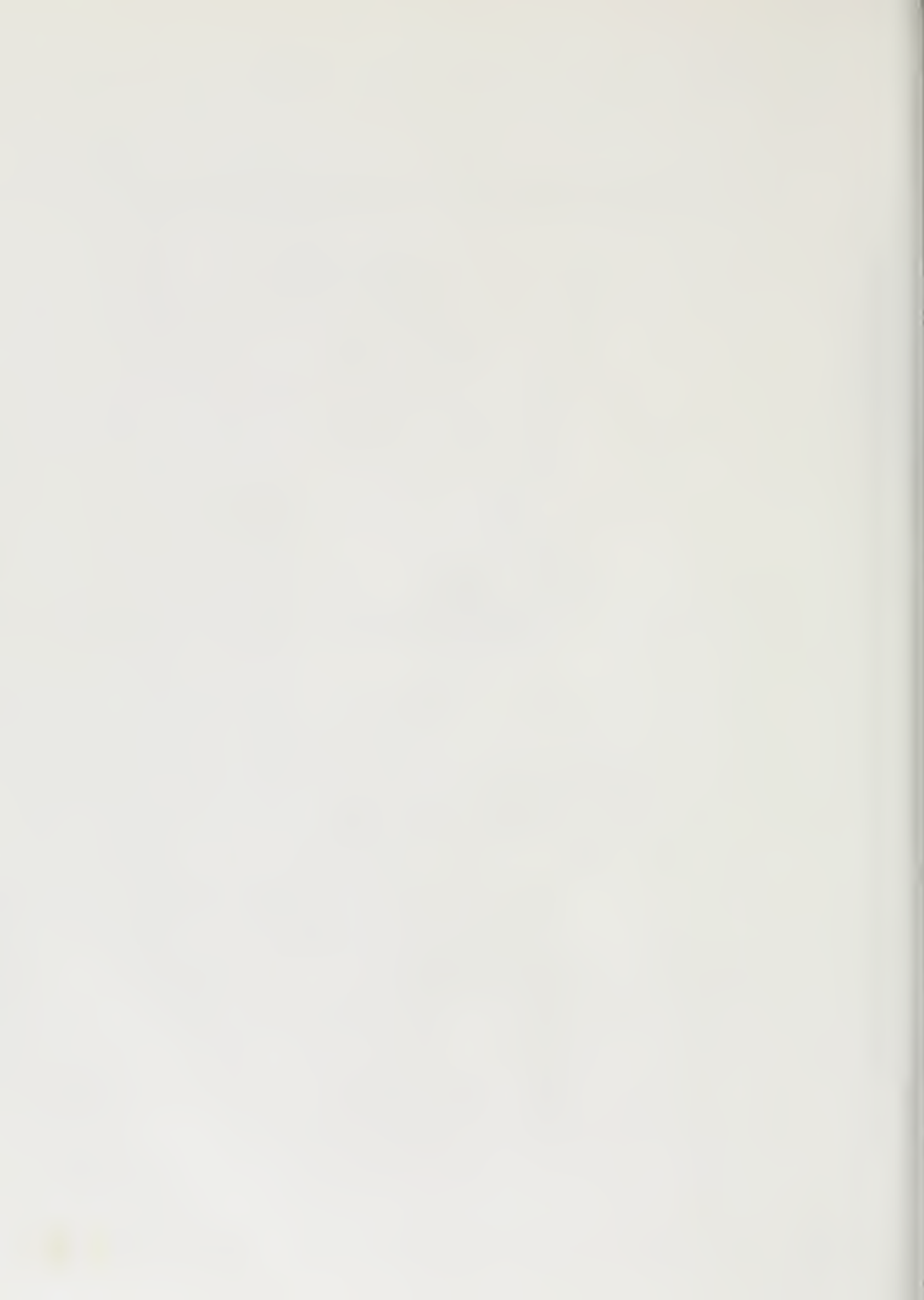


Figure C-3. Location of acid discharge points and total dissolved solids in Madison wells.

APPENDIX D  
SURFACE WATER DATA



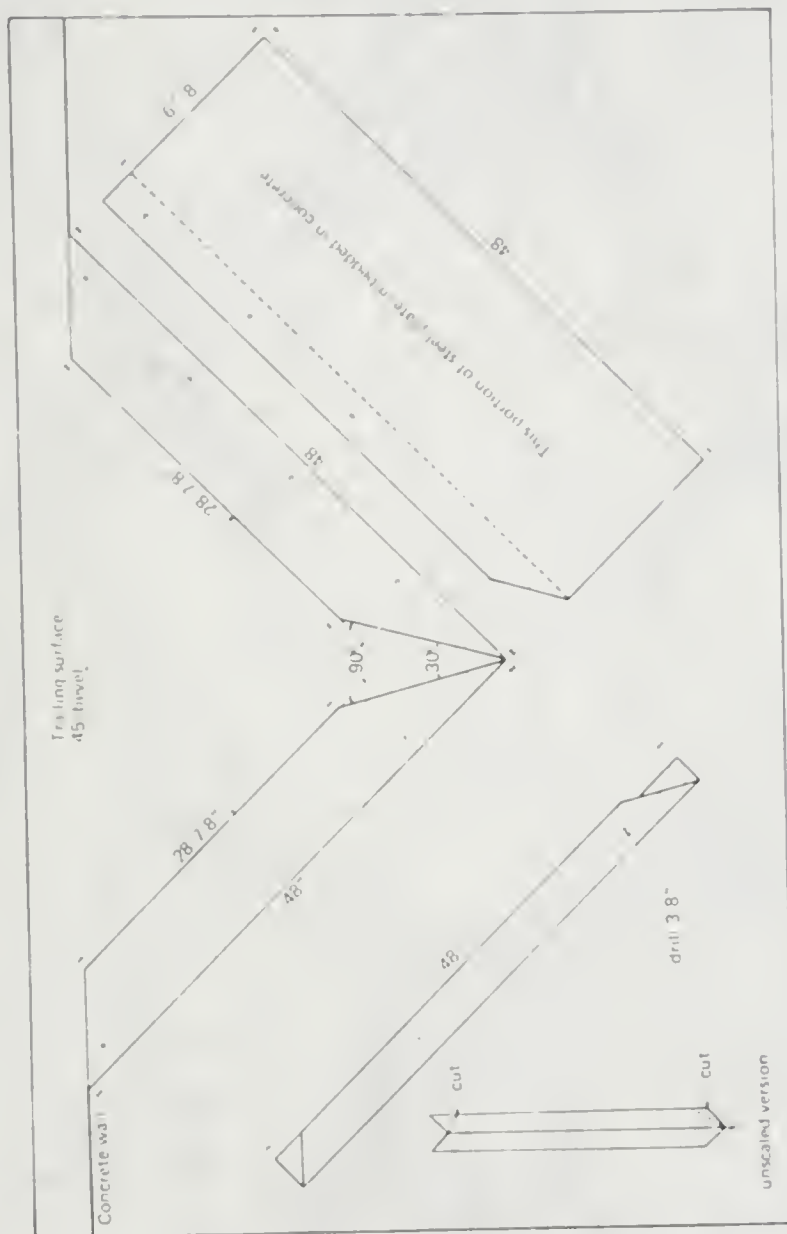


FIGURE D 1 Diagram of weir at gaging stations AF01, CF02, and CF03

The discharge rating equations are

For gage heights (g, h.)  $\leq 1.12$  ft.  $Q(ft^3/s) = 0.6672 \cdot (g, h.)^{3/2}$

For gage heights (g, h.)  $\geq 1.12$  ft.  $Q(ft^3/s) = [2.49 \cdot ((g, h. - 0.8176)^2 + 0.7545)]^{1/2}$



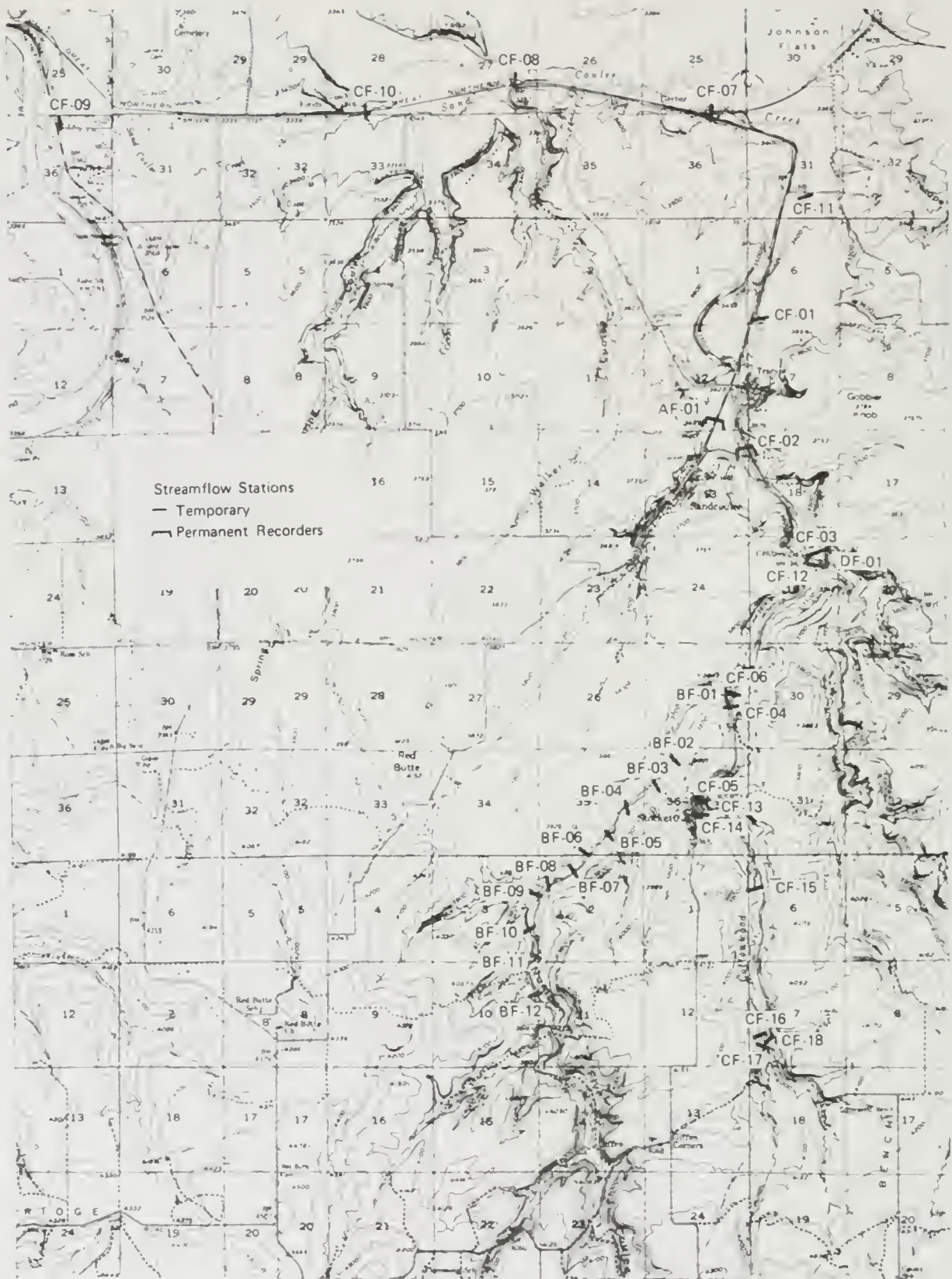


Figure D-2. Streamflow stations established for seepage profiling.

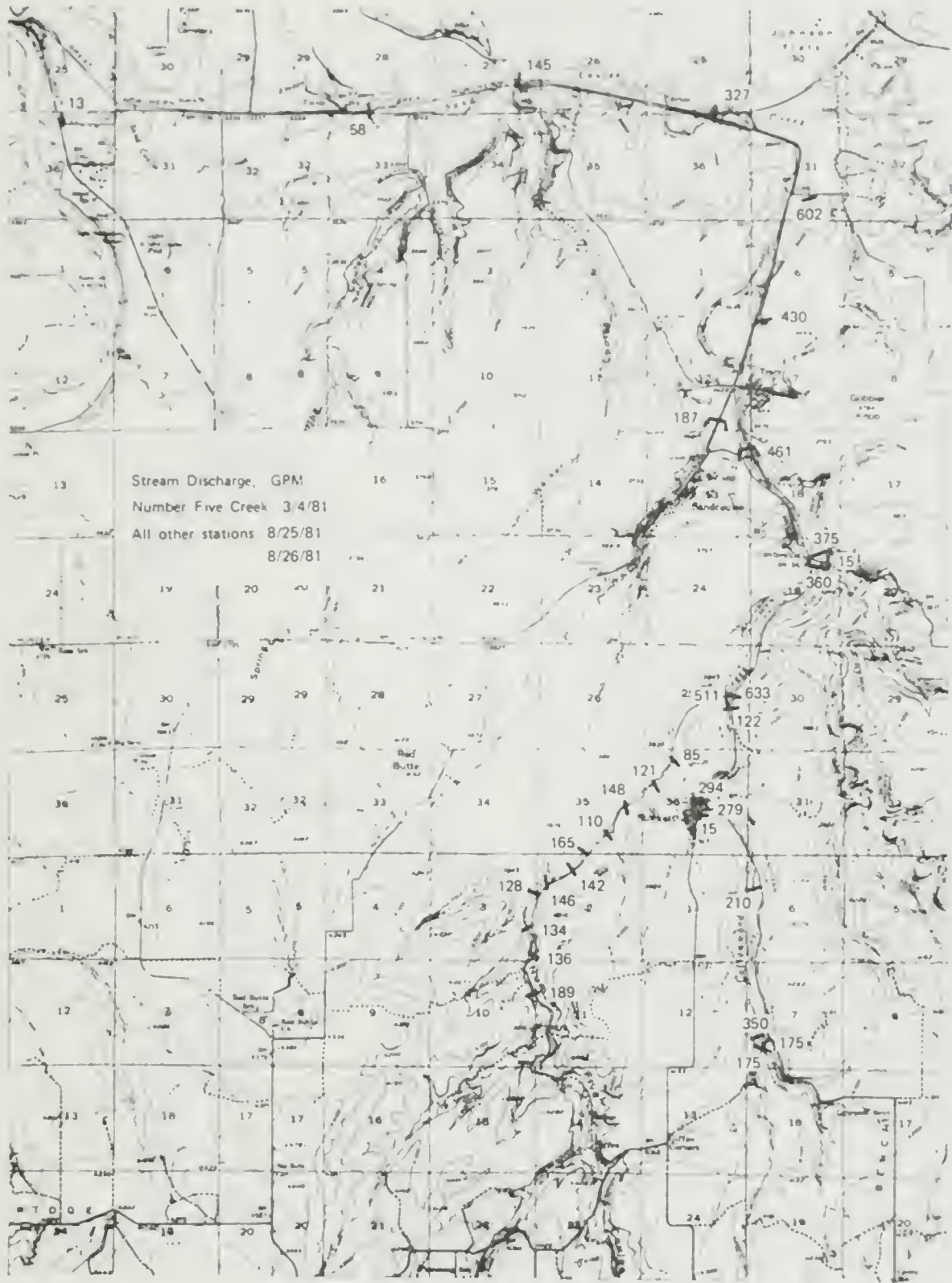


Figure D-3. Streamflow quantities measured in 1981.





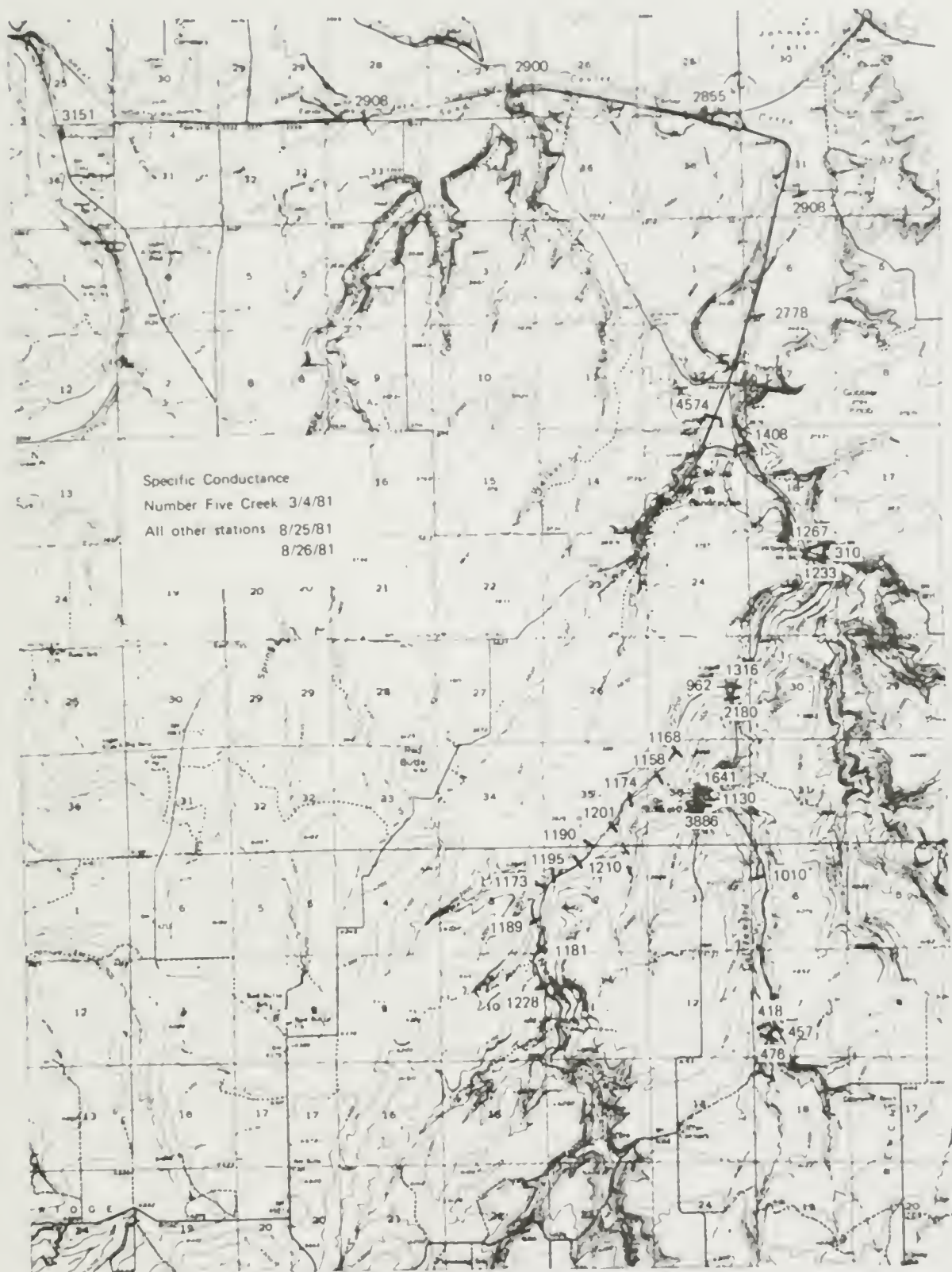


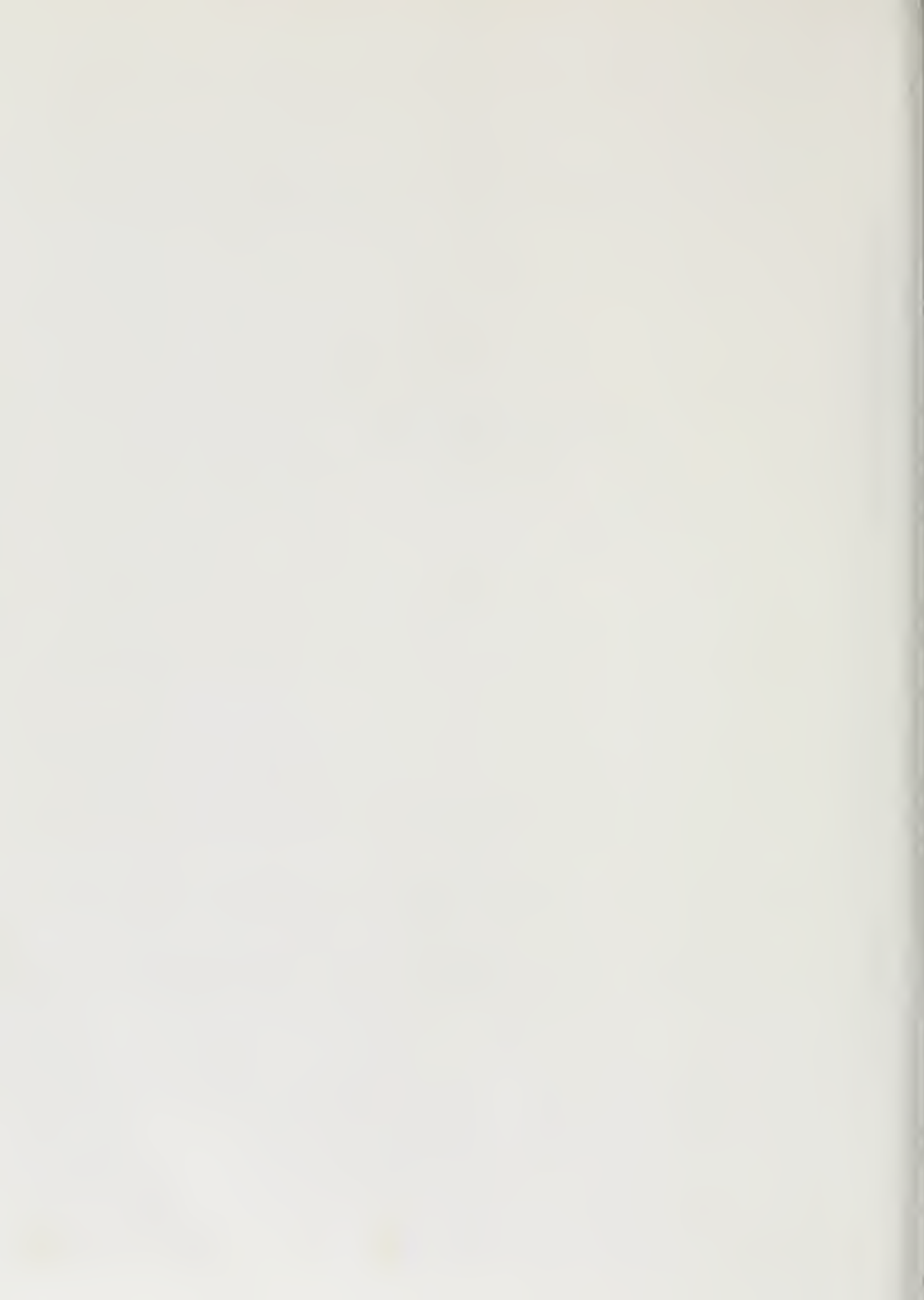
Figure D-5. Specific conductance values at the time of streamflow measurement.





D-6

STREAM WATER QUALITY DATA



MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 6101005

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CASCADE
LATITUDE	47°04'34"N	LONGITUDE	111°09'42"W
UTM COORDINATES	212 NS250170 E487795	SITE LOCATION	12N 04E 13 ABAD
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7-1	MEMO SITE	AF-01
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	*	STATION ID	47040411094201
DRAINAGE BASIN	BB	SAMPLE SOURCE	STREAM
AGENCY / SAMPLER	MEMO*ABM	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3435.
BOTTLE NUMBER	AF-01	WATER FLOW RATE	507. GPM
DATE SAMPLED	15 JUL 81	FLOW MEAS METHOD	WEIR
TIME SAMPLED	16:00 HOURS	STAFF GAGE	1.24
LAB / ANALYST	MEMO*FNA	STRAIN GAGE	
DATE ANALYZED		DEPTH TO SAMPLE	
SAMPLE HANDLING	4220	TOTAL DEPTH OF WATER	
METHOD SAMPLED	GRAB	STREAM WIDTH	

WATER USE UNUSED

SAMPLING SITE SAND COULEE MINING DISTRICT\*ND NAME CREEK  
 DRAINAGE BASIN MISSOURI RIVER BETWEEN MARIAS RIVER AND LITTLE PRICKLY PINE

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	134.	0.18	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	0	
MAGNESIUM (MG)	137.	11.27	CARBONATE (CO3)	0	
SODIUM (NA)	23.4	1.02	CHLORIDE (CL)	7.5	0.21
POTASSIUM (K)	3.3	0.08	SULFATE (SO4)	3940.	82.03
IRON (FE)	424.	22.78	NITRATE (AS N)	2.12	0.15
MANGANESE (MN)	1.46	0.05	FLUORIDE (F)	7.14	0.38
SILICA (SiO2)	55.4		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		
TOTAL CATIONS		43.39	TOTAL ANIONS		82.77
STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)					
LABORATORY PH	2.61	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	973.40		
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	23.2	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3			
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS		SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.33		
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT		RYZMAR STABILITY INDEX			
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	4243.	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX			

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	25.	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	3940.
FIELD PH	3.00	ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L AS AL)	242.
NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	1.91	SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	0.002
LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	1.04	BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	0.12
STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L AS SR)	1.02	CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	0.011
TITANIUM, DISS (MG/L AS TI)	0.014	CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CR)	0.012
VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	0.044	COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	0.013
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	0.52	MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L AS MO)	0.02
IRON, TR (MG/L AS FE)	421.	SELENIUM, TR (MG/L AS SE)	0
ALUMINUM, TR (MG/L AS AL)	238.	ACIDITY, TOT (MG/L AS CaCO3)	3070.
ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	7.72	ZIRCONIUM, DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	0.003

REMARKS: WATER MUDDY AND RUSTY COLOR  
 ND NAME CREEK GAGING STATION AF-01  
 LAB: IN 30.88 MG/L GIVES 30.25 MEQ. CATIONS GIVES 1.31 SIGMA

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, US/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L = MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER, FT = FEET, MI = METERS. (H) = MEASURED, (E) = ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

QU WA SD MI OW PW AT OTHER  
 OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS:  
 PROJECT:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 12 FEB 82  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81)

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 39.3 54.8 5.0 0.4 0.3 22.7 0.0 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 6101005 D-6



MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 81Q1511

STATE MONTANA COUNTY CASCADE  
 LATITUDE-LONGITUDE 47D23'23"N 111E08'24"W SITE LOCATION 17N 5E 12 AACAJ  
 UTM COORDINATES Z N E MEMG SITE CF-03  
 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1 STATION ID 472323111082401  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE \* \* \* SAMPLE SOURCE STREAM  
 DRAINAGE BASIN BE LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE 3464. FT ± 1  
 AGENCY & SAMPLER MEMG\*JLS WATER FLOW RATE 375. GPM  
 BOTTLE NUMBER CF-03 FLOW MEAS METHOD WEIR  
 DATE SAMPLED 27-AUG-81 STAFF GAGE  
 TIME SAMPLED 11:00 HOURS STREAM STAGE  
 LAB & ANALYST MEMG\*FNA DEPTH TO SAMPLE  
 DATE ANALYZED TOTAL DEPTH OF WATER 1.1 FT (M)  
 SAMPLE HANDLING 4220 STREAM WIDTH  
 METHOD SAMPLED GRAD

WATER USE UNUSED

SAMPLING SITE SAND COULEE CREEK AT CENTERVILLE SCHOOL \*  
 DRAINAGE BASIN MISSOURI RIVER BETWEEN MARIAS RIVER AND LITTLE PRICKLY

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	115.	7.24	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	.0	
MAGNESIUM (MG)	58.0	4.77	CARBONATE (CO3)	.0	
SODIUM (NA)	15.2	0.66	CHLORIDE (CL)	6.8	0.12
POTASSIUM (K)	4.9	0.13	SULFATE (SO4)	857.	17.84
IRON (FE)	10.1	0.54	NITRATE (AS N)	1.75	0.14
MANGANESE (MN)	.89	0.03	FLUORIDE (F)	1.43	0.08
SILICA (SiO2)	16.6		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 13.37 TOTAL ANIONS 18.25

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)

LABORATORY PH	3.35	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	600.79
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	19.6 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS		SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.27
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT		RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	1567.	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	22. C	CONDUCTVY, FIELD MICROMHOS	1267.
FIELD PH	3.42	ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	39.6
NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	.90	SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	<.002
LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	<.04	BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.05
STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	.42	CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.016
TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.027	CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	.010
VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.012	COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.008
ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	3.77	LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.005
ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.007	MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	.03
SELENIUM, DISS (UG/L-SE)	.7	ACIDITY, TOT (MG/L-CAC03)	313.

REMARKS: WATER IS BRIGHT ORANGE \* ABUNDANT FE-HYDROXIDE FLOCCULENT \*  
 MEMG GAGING STATION CF-03 \* 1 FILTER USED \* FRESH FLOC BELOW BE-01  
 INFLOW \*

LAB: H+ 6.30 MG/L GIVES 19.0 MEQ CATIONS GIVES -2.01 SIGMA

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L  
 MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER, FT = FEET, MT = METERS. (M) = MEASURED, (E) =  
 ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 19-FEB-82 BY: TP \*JNS  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 56.6 37.3 5.2 1.0 1.1 98.9 0.0 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 81Q1511 D-7

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496 4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. R101512

STATE MONTANA COUNTY CASCADE  
 LATITUDE LONGITUDE 47°22'14"N 111°02'28"W SITE LOCATION 12N 41 24 ANCH 0  
 UTM COORDINATES 7 N E BRNG SITE 07 03  
 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP STOCKETT 7 1/2' STATION 12 472214111072801  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE \* \* \* SAMPLE SOURCE STREAM  
 DRAINAGE BASIN BR AGR SURFACE ALTITUDE 3522. FT 10  
 AGENCY / SAMPLER BRNG\*JJD WATER FLOW RATE 133. GPM  
 BOTTLE NUMBER 07 03 FLOW MEAS METHOD WEIR  
 DATE SAMPLED 22 AUG 81 STAFF GAGE  
 TIME SAMPLED 10:00 HOURS STREAM GAGE  
 LAB / ANALYST BRNG\*ENA DEPTH TO SAMPLE  
 DATE ANALYZED TOTAL DEPTH OF WATER  
 SAMPLE HANDLING 4220 STREAM WIDTH  
 METHOD SAMPLED GRAB

WATER USE UNUSED

SAMPLING SITE COTTONWOOD CR BELOW CONFLUENCE W/45 CREEK \*  
 DRAINAGE BASIN MISSOURI RIVER BETWEEN MARIAS RIVER AND LITTLE PRICKLY PO

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	139.	4.24	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	1.0	
MAGNESIUM (MG)	57.8	4.25	CARBONATE (CO3)	1.0	
SODIUM (NA)	15.4	0.67	CHLORIDE (CL)	7.3	0.21
POTASSIUM (K)	4.8	0.12	SULFATE (SO4)	85.0	17.70
IRON (FE)	30.5	1.34	NITRATE (AS N)	2.12	0.15
MANGANESE (MN)	.83	0.03	FLUORIDE (F)	1.33	0.07
SILICA (SiO2)	15.2		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 14.15 TOTAL ANIONS 18.12

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)

	LABORATORY PH	3.64	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	584.22
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	17.2 C		TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS			SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.28
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT			RYZMAR STABILITY INDEX	
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	1499.		LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	18. C	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	1316.
FIELD PH	3.33	ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L AL)	33.7
NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	.07	SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	.002
LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	.04	BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.06
STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L AS SR)	.40	CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.017
TITANIUM, DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.021	CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CR)	.009
VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.006	COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.066
ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	3.84	LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.003
ZIRCONIUM, DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.008	MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L AS MO)	.03
SELENIUM, DISS (MG/L AS SE)	.7	ACIDITY, TOT (MG/L CaCO3)	270.

REMARKS: WATER IS BRIGHT ORANGE \* ABUNDANT FE-HYDROXIDE FLOCCULENT \*  
 NO. FIVE CREEK FLOW 511 GPM, PH 4.26, S.C. 262 \* COTTONWOOD CREEK  
 UPSTREAM FLOW 122 GPM, PH 2.96, S.C. 2180 \*  
 LAB: H4 5.85 MG/L GIVES 18.3 MEQ CATIONS GIVES .43 SIGMA

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, US/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L = MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER, FT = FEET, M = METERS, (M) = MEASURED, (E) = ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 19 FEB 82 BY: TC \*JMS  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: 11730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27 MAY 83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 55.6 38.1 5.4 1.0 1.2 50.3 0.0 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: R101512

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE-MONTANA 59701 (406)476-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. 81R1513

STATE MONTANA COUNTY CASCADE  
 LATITUDE-LONGITUDE 47°24'59"N 111°09'24"W SITE LOCATION 20N SE 36 AAA  
 UTM COORDINATES 7 N E MMS SITE CF-07  
 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1 STATION ID 4472659111092401  
 GEOLOGIC SOURCE \* \* \* SAMPLE SOURCE STREAM  
 DRAINAGE BASIN BB LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE 3302. FT ± 10  
 AGENCY & SAMPLER MRMG\*JLS WATER FLOW RATE 327. GPM  
 BOTTLE NUMBER CF-07 FLOW MEAS METHOD WEIR  
 DATE SAMPLED 28-AUG-81 STAFF GAGE  
 TIME SAMPLED 11:00 HOURS STREAM STAGE  
 LAB & ANALYST MRMG\*FNA DEPTH TO SAMPLE  
 DATE ANALYZED TOTAL DEPTH OF WATER 0.6 FT (H)  
 SAMPLE HANDLING 4220 STREAM WIDTH  
 METHOD SAMPLED GRAB

WATER USE UNUSED

SAMPLING SITE SAND COULEE CREEK .5 MI E OF GERBER SIDING  
 DRAINAGE BASIN MISSOURI RIVER BETWEEN MARIAS RIVER AND LITTLE PRICKLY PINE

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	160.	7.98	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	.0	
MAGNESIUM (MG)	91.8	7.55	CARBONATE (CO3)	.0	
SODIUM (NA)	17.0	0.74	CHLORIDE (CL)	11.0	0.31
POTASSIUM (K)	3.4	0.02	SULFATE (SO4)	3300.	47.82
IRON (FE)	126.	10.53	NITRATE (AS N)	1.07	0.02
MANGANESE (MN)	1.61	0.06	FLUORIDE (F)	5.75	0.30
SILICA (SiO2)	44.7		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 26.75 TOTAL ANIONS 48.50

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)

LABORATORY PH	2.89	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	777.37
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	17.0 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS		SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.27
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT		RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	3306.	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	18.0 C	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	2855.
FIELD PH	2.6	ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	203.
NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	0.18	SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	.005
LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	0.04	BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.14
STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	.66	CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.049
TITANIUM, DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.32	CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	.10
VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.015	COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.19
ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	2.19	LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.20
ZIRCONIUM, DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.019	MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	.03
SELENIUM, DISS (UG/L SE)	.7	ACIDITY, TOT (MG/L-CaCO3)	1840.

REMARKS: WATER IS RED BROWN \* LARGE PARTICULATE HYDROXIDE FLOCCULENT \*  
 LAB: H: 37.06 MG/L GIVES 53.11 MEQ CATIONS GIVES 5.13 SIGMA

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L  
 MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER, FT = FEET, MT = METERS, (H) = MEASURED, (E) =  
 ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, IR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA GW NA S2 WJ GW PW AT OTHER  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 19-FEB-82 BY: TP \*JMS  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY 83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 48.0 46.2 4.5 0.5 0.6 99.4 0.0 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 81R1513 D-9



MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496 4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
LAB NO. 8101516

STATE MONTANA COUNTY CASCADE  
LATITUDE LONGITUDE 47°26'58"N 111°12'38"W SITE LOCATION 20N 3E 24 ABFC  
UTM COORDINATES 7 N E BRMG SITE CF-09  
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP SOUTHWEST GREAT FALLS 7-1 STATION ID 42265811171001  
GEOLOGIC SOURCE \* \* \* SAMPLE SOURCE STREAM  
DRAINAGE BASIN RB LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE  
AGENCY & SAMPLER BRMG\*JJD WATER FLOW RATE 13. GPM  
DOTILE NUMBER CF-09 FLOW MEAS METHOD WEIR  
DATE SAMPLED 26-AUG 81 STAFF GAGE  
TIME SAMPLED 16:00 HOURS STREAM STAGE LOW FLOW  
LAB & ANALYST BRMG\*FNA DEPTH TO SAMPLE  
DATE ANALYZED TOTAL DEPTH OF WATER .1 FT (M)  
SAMPLE HANDLING 4220 STREAM WIDTH 10. FT  
METHOD SAMPLED GRAB

WATER USE UNUSED

SAMPLING SITE SAND CREEK BRIDGE AT MISSOURI RIVER FB  
DRAINAGE BASIN MISSOURI RIVER BETWEEN MARIAS RIVER AND LITTLE PRICELY FB

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	181.	9.03	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	.0	
MAGNESIUM (MG)	86.3	7.10	CARBONATE (CO3)	.0	
SODIUM (NA)	38.0	1.67	CHLORIDE (CL)	22.6	0.64
POTASSIUM (K)	7.9	0.20	SULFATE (SO4)	1490.	31.02
IRON (FE)	15.7	0.84	NITRATE (AS N)	.74	0.05
MANGANESE (MN)	1.79	0.07	FLUORIDE (F)	3.41	0.18
SILICA (SiO2)	27.1		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 18.93 TOTAL ANIONS 31.87

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)

LABORATORY PH	3.27	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	807.17
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	13.2 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS		SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.57
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT		RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	2348.	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	25. C	CONDUCTVY, FIELD MICROMHOS	3151.
FIELD PH	2.91	ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	117.
NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	1.39	SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	.002
LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	.04	BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.12
STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	.79	CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.021
TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.033	CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	.032
VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.006	COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.12
ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	5.68	LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.10
ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	<.003	MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	.06
SELENIUM, DISS (UG/L-SE)	.6	ACIDITY, TOT (MG/L-CAC03)	810.

REMARKS: WATER IS TURBID, MURKY, ALGAE-RICH & LARGE FLOCCULENTS OF ORANGE  
FE-HYDROXIDE PRECIPITATE \* BANKS & BED RICH IN FE-HYDROXIDE MUD  
DEPOSITED AFTER MAY FLOOD \* HIGH WATER @ 5.4 ABOVE CHANNEL \*  
LAB: RT 16.31 MG/L GIVES 34.21 MEQ CATIONS GIVES 3.7 SIGMA

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, MG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L  
MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER, FT = FEET, MT = METERS, (M) = MEASURED, (R) =  
ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
LAST EDIT DATE: 19-FEB 82 BY: TP \*JAS  
PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
50.1 37.4 2.4 1.1 2.0 28.0 0.0 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 8101516 D-10



MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
LAB NO. 81Q1514

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CASCADE
LATITUDE-LONGITUDE	47°23'20"N 111°08'24"W	SITE LOCATION	19N 5E 19 AACD
UTM COORDINATES	7 N E	MBMG SITE	CF-12
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1	STATION ID	472320111062401
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	* *	SAMPLE SOURCE	STREAM
DRAINAGE BASIN	BB	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3464. FT ± 10
AGENCY & SAMPLER	MBMG*JLS	WATER FLOW RATE	350.0 GPM
BOTTLE NUMBER	CF-12	FLOW MEAS METHOD	ESTIMATED
DATE SAMPLED	27-AUG-81	STAFF GAGE	
TIME SAMPLED	12:00 HOURS	STREAM STAGE	
LAB & ANALYST	MBMG*FNA	DEPTH TO SAMPLE	
DATE ANALYZED		TOTAL DEPTH OF WATER	
SAMPLE HANDLING	4220	STREAM WIDTH	
METHOD SAMPLED	GRAB		

WATER USE UNUSED

SAMPLING SITE COTTONWOOD CREEK \* AT CENTERVILLE SCHOOL  
DRAINAGE BASIN MISSOURI RIVER BETWEEN MARIAS RIVER AND LITTLE PRICKLY PINE

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	151.	7.53	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	.0	
MAGNESIUM (MG)	60.1	4.94	CARBONATE (CO3)	.0	
SODIUM (NA)	15.8	0.69	CHLORIDE (CL)	6.7	0.12
POTASSIUM (K)	5.1	0.13	SULFATE (SO4)	991.	18.55
IRON (FE)	7.60	0.52	NITRATE (AS N)	0.04	0.15
MANGANESE (MN)	.93	0.03	FLUORIDE (F)	1.44	0.08
SILICA (SiO2)	17.8		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS	13.85	TOTAL ANIONS	18.96
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STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA)

LABORATORY PH	3.50	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	624.42
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	19.2 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS		SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.28
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT		RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	1598.	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	22.	CONDUCTVY, FIELD MICROMHOS	1233.
FIELD PH	3.34	ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	43.3
NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	.92	SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	.002
LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	<.04	BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	.04
STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L-SR)	.42	CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	.015
TITANIUM, DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.022	CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L-CR)	.014
VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	.009	COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.090
ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	4.04	LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.087
ZIRCONIUM, DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.003	MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L-MO)	.02
SELENIUM, DISS (UG/L-SE)	.8	ACIDITY, TOT (MG/L-CACO3)	342.

REMARKS: FLOW BY SUBTRACTION FROM CF-03 WEIR (DF-01=CA.15 GPM) \*  
MORE COMPACT FLOC-USED ? FILTERS  
LAB: HF 6.90 MG/L GIVES 20.1 MEQ CATIONS GIVES -2.9 SIGMA

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L = MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER, FT = FEET, MT = METERS, (M) = MEASURED, (R) = ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED, TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
LAST EDIT DATE: 19-FEB-82 BY: TP \*JKS  
PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
56.7 37.2 5.2 1.0 1.0 99.0 0.0 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 81Q1514 p-11

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)494-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
 LAB NO. B1Q1515

STATE	MONTANA	COUNTY	CASCADE
LATITUDE-LONGITUDE	47°19'23"N 111°09'05"W	SITE LOCATION	18N 5E 7SCAA
UTM COORDINATES	7 N E	HRMG SITE	CF 16
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	STOCKETT 7 1/2'	STATION ID	471923111090501
GEOLOGIC SOURCE	*	SAMPLE SOURCE	STREAM
DRAINAGE BASIN	BR	LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE	3855. FT 10
AGENCY & SAMPLER	HRMG*JLS	WATER FLOW RATE	350.0 GPM
BOTTLE NUMBER	CF-16	FLOW MEAS METHOD	WFIR
DATE SAMPLED	28-AUG-81	STAFF GAGE	
TIME SAMPLED	18:00 HOURS	STREAM STAG	
LAB & ANALYST	HRMG*FNA	DEPTH TO SAMPLE	
DATE ANALYZED	29-SEP-81	TOTAL DEPTH OF WATER	0.6 FT (M)
SAMPLE HANDLING	4220	STREAM WIDTH	
METHOD SAMPLED	GRAB		

WATER USE UNUSED

SAMPLING SITE COTTONWOOD CREEK \* BELOW BILL SHIRLEY FARM  
 DRAINAGE BASIN MISSOURI RIVER BETWEEN MARIAS RIVER AND LITTLE PRICKLY PINE

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	56.7	2.83	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	285.	4.67
MAGNESIUM (MG)	34.1	2.81	CARBONATE (CO3)	0.	
SODIUM (NA)	11.4	0.50	CHLORIDE (CL)	3.7	0.10
POTASSIUM (K)	3.1	0.08	SULFATE (SO4)	49.1	1.02
IRON (FE)	.30	0.02	NITRATE (AS N)	5.33	0.30
MANGANESE (MN)	.032	0.00	FLUORIDE (F)	.57	0.03
SILICA (SiO2)	8.4		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS	6.23	TOTAL ANIONS	6.21
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STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA) 0.10

LABORATORY PH	8.26	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	281.94
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	21.4 C	TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	233.75
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS	313.13	SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.30
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT	457.73	RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	3.50
LAB SPEC. COND. (MICROMHOS/CM)	417.6	LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	0.80

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	20. C	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	970.
ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L-AL)	.31	NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	.02
SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	<.002	LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	<.04
BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	<.02	STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L AS SR)	.27
CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	<.002	TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	.003
CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CR)	<.002	VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	<.001
COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	<.002	ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	.013
LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.008	ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	<.003
MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L AS MO)	.04	SELENIUM, DISS (UG/L-SE)	.6
SELENIUM, TR (UG/L AS SE)	.6		

REMARKS: WATER IS MURKY, SOME FE-HYDROXIDE PRECIPITATES\*MUDDY COLOR\*REQUIRED FILTERS\*BELOW CONE OF STREAM THRU SHIRLEY RANCH AND ACID STREAM DRAINING RESERVOIR\*PH HIGHLY UNSTABLE \* ELECTRODE POISONS\*CROSS REF B1Q161

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L = MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER. FT = FEET, M = METERS. (M) = MEASURED, (E) = ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED. TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE, TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA  
 OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
 LAST EDIT DATE: 25-NOV-81 BY: TP \*TP  
 PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27 MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PIPER PLOT)  
 CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
 45.6 45.2 8.0 1.3 1.3 17.6 30.6 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: B1Q1515 D-12

MONTANA BUREAU OF MINES AND GEOLOGY  
BUTTE, MONTANA 59701 (406)496-4101

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS  
LAB NO. 81R1517

STATE MONTANA COUNTY CASCADE  
LATITUDE--LONGITUDE 47D23'21"N 111D08'21"W SITE LOCATION 19N SE 19\*ACD  
UTM COORDINATES Z N E HBMG SITE DF-01  
TOPOGRAPHIC MAP SOUTHEAST GREAT FALLS 7 1 STATION ID 472321111082101  
GEOLOGIC SOURCE \* \* \* SAMPLE SOURCE STREAM  
DRAINAGE BASIN BR LAND SURFACE ALTITUDE 3464. FT  
AGENCY + SAMPLER HBMG\*JLS WATER FLOW RATE 15. GPM  
BOTTLE NUMBER DF-01 FLOW MEAS METHOD ESTIMATED  
DATE SAMPLED 27-AUG-81 STAFF GAGE  
TIME SAMPLED 10:30 HOURS STREAM STAGE  
LAB + ANALYST HBMG\*FNA DEPTH TO SAMPLE  
DATE ANALYZED 12-OCT-81 TOTAL DEPTH OF WATER  
SAMPLE HANDLING 4220 STREAM WIDTH  
METHOD SAMPLED GRAB

WATER USE UNUSED

SAMPLING SITE SAND COULEE CR\*UPSTREAM FROM COTTONWOOD CR  
DRAINAGE BASIN MISSOURI RIVER BETWEEN MARIAS RIVER AND LITTLE PRICKLY P

	MG/L	MEQ/L		MG/L	MEQ/L
CALCIUM (CA)	33.2	1.66	BICARBONATE (HCO3)	155.2	2.54
MAGNESIUM (MG)	30.	2.47	CARBONATE (CO3)	0.	
SODIUM (NA)	8.	0.35	CHLORIDE (CL)	2.8	0.00
POTASSIUM (K)	3.4	0.09	SULFATE (SO4)	94.	1.96
IRON (FE)	.076	0.00	NITRATE (AS N)	.05	0.00
MANGANESE (MN)	.022	0.00	FLUORIDE (F)	.51	0.03
SILICA (SIO2)	4.0		PHOSPHATE TOT (AS P)		

TOTAL CATIONS 4.56 TOTAL ANIONS 4.61

STANDARD DEVIATION OF ANION-CATION BALANCE (SIGMA) 0.26

	LABORATORY PH	7.96	TOTAL HARDNESS AS CaCO3	206.38
FIELD WATER TEMPERATURE	25.0 C		TOTAL ALKALINITY AS CaCO3	127.29
CALCULATED DISSOLVED SOLIDS	252.51		SODIUM ADSORPTION RATIO	0.24
SUM OF DISS. CONSTITUENT	331.26		RYZNAR STABILITY INDEX	7.79
LAB SPEC.COND.(MICROMHOS/CM)	412.0		LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX	0.09

PARAMETER	VALUE	PARAMETER	VALUE
TEMPERATURE, AIR (C)	22.0 C	CONDUCTIVITY, FIELD MICROMHOS	370.
FIELD PH	8.41	ALUMINUM, DISS (MG/L--AL)	.28
NICKEL, DISS (MG/L AS NI)	.02	SILVER, DISS (MG/L AS AG)	<.002
LEAD, DISS (MG/L AS PB)	<.04	BORON, DISS (MG/L AS B)	<.02
STRONTIUM, DISS (MG/L--SR)	.55	CADMIUM, DISS (MG/L AS CD)	<.002
TITANIUM DISS (MG/L AS TI)	<.001	CHROMIUM, DISS (MG/L--CR)	<.002
VANADIUM, DISS (MG/L AS V)	<.001	COPPER, DISS (MG/L AS CU)	.002
ZINC, DISS (MG/L AS ZN)	.006	LITHIUM, DISS (MG/L AS LI)	.007
ZIRCONIUM DISS (MG/L AS ZR)	.003	MOLYBDENUM, DISS (MG/L--MO)	<.02
SELENIUM, DISS (UG/L--SE)	.4	SELENIUM, TR (UG/L AS SE)	.3

REMARKS: USED 6 FILTERS - 80-100 ML/FILTER \* GEL-LIKE PPT. ON FILTER (SOAP?) \*  
CROSS REF. 81R1839 \*

EXPLANATION: MG/L = MILLIGRAMS PER LITER, UG/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER, MEQ/L  
MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER. FT = FEET, MT = METERS, (H) = MEASURED, (E) =  
ESTIMATED, (R) = REPORTED. TR = TOTAL RECOVERABLE. TOT = TOTAL.

OTHER AVAILABLE DATA QW WA S2 WI OW PW AT OTHER  
OTHER FILE NUMBERS:

PROJECT: COST:  
LAST EDIT DATE: 25-NOV-81 BY: TP \*TP  
PROCESSING PROGRAM: F1730P V2 (11/3/81) PRINTED: 27-MAY-83

PERCENT MEQ/L (FOR PAPER PLOT)  
CA MG NA K CL SO4 HCO3 CO3  
36.3 54.1 7.6 1.2 1.7 42.7 55.5 0.0

NOTE: IN CORRESPONDENCE, PLEASE REFER TO LAB NUMBER: 81R1517 D-13  
Ready

D-7

DAILY DISCHARGE DATA AND STREAMFLOW HYDROGRAPHS

Stations:

AF01  
CF02  
CF03





STATION AF0181			STRAIGHT CREEK NEAR SAND COULFE, MT.									
WATER YEAR FROM SEPT 1980 TO OCT 1 1981			T 19N R 04E SEC 12 D0D0					LAT 0 0 0 N LONG 0 0 0 W				
MEAN DISCHARGE, CFS												
DAY	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1	#####	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	7.504	1.685	6.067	3.433	0.701	0.347
2	#####	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.003	1.668	5.391	2.442	0.673	0.293
3	#####	#####	0.000	0.004	0.000	0.000	3.455	1.523	5.041	2.015	0.551	0.293
4	#####	#####	0.000	0.003	0.000	0.137	1.890	1.523	5.214	3.100	0.663	0.325
5	#####	#####	0.000	0.004	0.000	0.031	1.801	1.720	5.070	2.948	0.610	0.325
6	#####	0.099	0.000	0.017	0.000	0.000	1.660	1.989	4.935	2.574	0.610	0.312
7	#####	0.109	0.000	0.015	0.000	0.000	1.562	2.010	4.688	2.175	0.606	0.293
8	#####	0.101	0.000	0.017	0.000	0.000	1.500	4.805	4.607	1.252	0.618	0.274
9	#####	0.071	0.000	0.043	0.000	0.000	1.122	1.969	4.935	2.104	0.610	0.283
10	#####	0.064	0.055	0.006	0.000	0.000	1.417	1.791	4.688	2.067	0.583	0.283
11	#####	0.049	0.190	0.008	0.000	0.000	1.326	1.905	4.527	1.577	0.575	0.274
12	#####	0.028	0.051	0.011	0.000	0.000	1.276	2.400	5.031	1.577	0.568	0.264
13	#####	0.004	0.029	0.009	0.018	0.000	1.184	2.236	4.449	1.994	0.549	0.264
14	#####	0.000	0.080	0.008	0.378	0.000	1.163	2.067	6.958	1.660	0.534	0.254
15	#####	0.000	0.214	0.005	0.344	0.000	1.206	2.772	3.879	0.955	0.520	0.254
16	#####	0.001	0.034	0.000	0.270	0.000	1.229	2.760	3.198	0.949	0.448	0.254
17	#####	0.010	0.000	0.002	0.069	0.000	1.326	3.235	3.078	0.883	0.427	0.245
18	#####	0.009	0.000	0.121	0.012	0.000	1.352	6.579	2.793	1.009	0.444	0.236
19	#####	0.007	0.000	0.136	0.000	0.000	1.406	6.414	4.294	0.962	0.448	0.236
20	#####	0.004	0.000	0.064	0.000	0.000	1.434	6.515	4.527	0.911	0.461	0.227
21	#####	0.037	0.000	0.027	0.000	0.000	1.500	9.559	5.084	0.899	0.450	0.236
22	#####	0.000	0.000	0.007	0.000	0.000	1.685	10.026	7.337	0.896	0.409	0.227
23	#####	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.053	1.530	7.975	5.020	0.808	0.394	0.210
24	#####	0.033	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.053	1.554	7.701	4.738	0.800	0.400	0.210
25	#####	0.000	0.324	0.000	0.000	0.460	1.463	7.434	4.607	0.883	0.431	0.342
26	#####	0.011	0.318	0.000	0.000	0.893	1.585	7.518	4.708	0.880	0.431	0.231
27	#####	0.050	0.086	0.000	0.000	1.835	1.554	6.489	4.419	0.835	0.389	0.199
28	#####	0.049	0.002	0.000	0.000	1.764	1.523	6.338	4.769	0.813	0.336	0.195
29	#####	0.024	0.003	0.000	0.000	2.495	1.685	5.923	4.449	0.795	0.336	0.151
30	#####	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.713	1.651	5.734	3.699	0.749	0.451	0.314
31	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	8.450	0.000	7.490	0.000	0.699	0.436	0.000
TOTAL	#####	#####	1.385	0.507	1.090	20.892	56.553	151.753	142.171	45.706	15.781	7.654
MEAN	#####	#####	0.045	0.016	0.039	0.674	1.835	4.895	4.739	1.474	0.509	0.262
MAX	0.000	0.109	0.324	0.136	0.378	8.450	7.504	10.026	7.337	3.433	0.701	0.347
MIN	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.122	1.523	2.793	0.699	0.336	0.151
AC-FT	#####	#####	2.747	1.006	2.163	41.439	112.172	300.997	281.993	90.657	31.302	15.578

## DISCHARGE, CFS ##



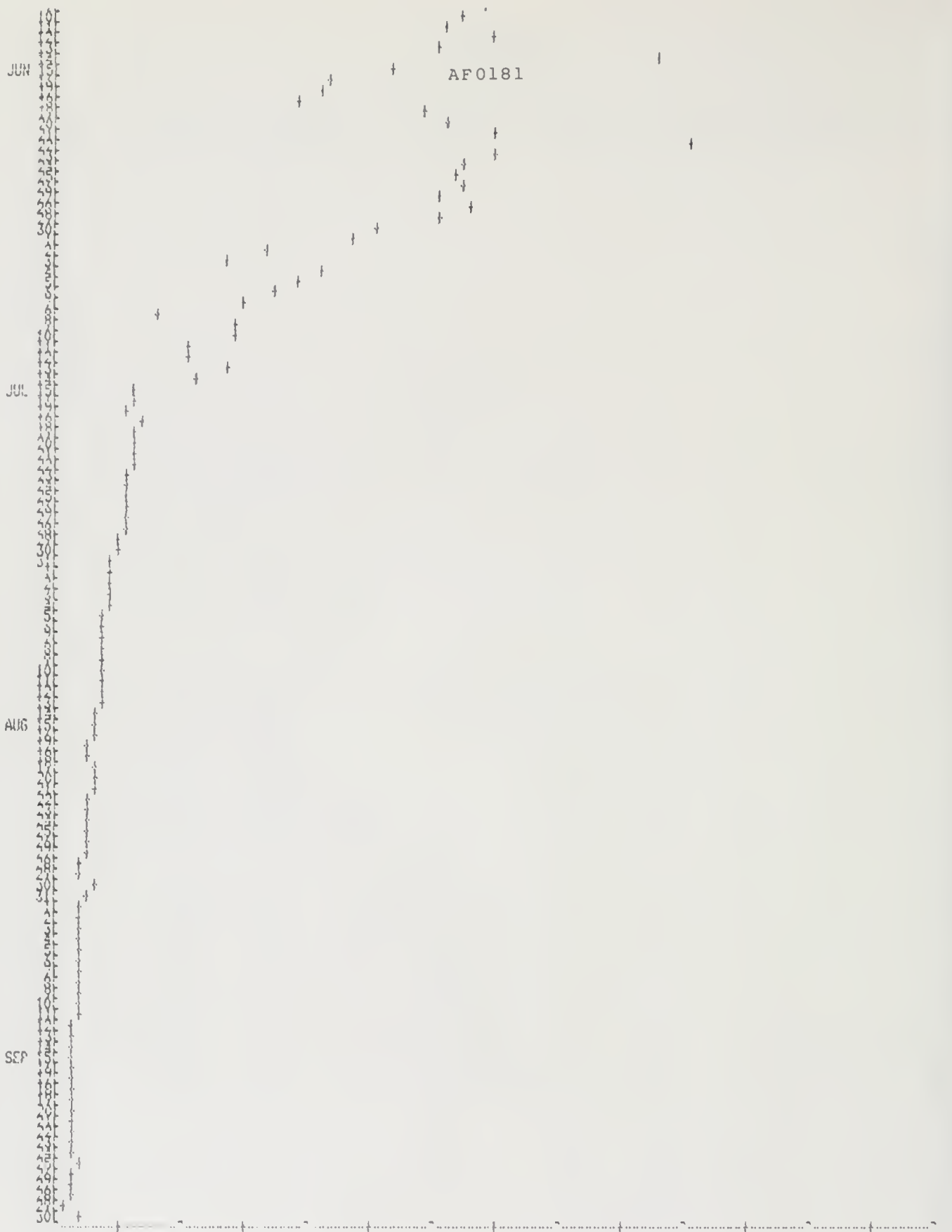
FEB

MAR

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MAY





\*\* DISCHARGE, CFS \*\*  
 0.00 1.43 2.86 4.30 5.73 7.16 8.59 10.03  
 STOR  
 Reads

STATION AF0182			STRAIGHT CREEK NEAR SAND COULEE, MT.									
WATER YEAR FROM SEPT 1981 TO OCT 1 1982			T 19N R 04E SEC 12 DCDC					LAT 0 0 0 N LONG 0 0 0 W				
MEAN DISCHARGE, CFS <sup>1</sup>												
DAY	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1	0.304	0.374	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.325	0.062*	0.038*	0.097*	0.158*	*****
2	0.304	0.359	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.119	0.073*	0.040*	0.099*	0.160*	*****
3	0.314	0.347	0.026	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.040	0.083*	0.042*	0.101*	0.162*	*****
4	0.293	0.306	0.047	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.110	0.094	0.044*	0.103*	0.164*	*****
5	0.389	0.549	0.058	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.148	0.012	0.046*	0.105*	0.166*	*****
6	0.274	0.641	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.263	0.162	0.046*	0.107*	0.168*	*****
7	0.269	0.597	0.072	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.003	0.105	0.050*	0.109*	0.170*	*****
8	0.210	0.358	0.032	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.166	0.070	0.052*	0.111*	0.172*	*****
9	0.155	0.254	0.033	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.316	0.130	0.054*	0.113*	0.174*	*****
10	0.259	0.228	0.031	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.736	0.109	0.056*	0.115*	0.176*	*****
11	0.391	0.162	0.014	0.000	0.000	0.092	1.664	0.016	0.058*	0.117*	0.178*	*****
12	0.701	0.116	0.017	0.000	0.000	0.106	0.795	0.004	0.060*	0.119*	0.180*	*****
13	0.667	0.087	0.030	0.000	0.000	0.127	0.809	0.001	0.062*	0.121*	0.182*	*****
14	0.602	0.210	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.104	0.587	0.003*	0.064*	0.123*	0.184*	*****
15	0.572	0.344	0.024	0.000	0.000	0.038	0.476	0.005*	0.066*	0.125*	0.186*	*****
16	0.513	0.194	0.010	0.000	0.000	0.008	0.657	0.007*	0.068*	0.127*	0.188*	*****
17	0.485	0.202	0.073	0.000	0.000	0.009	0.328	0.009*	0.070*	0.129*	0.190*	*****
18	0.458	0.186	0.124	0.000	0.000	0.003	0.277	0.011*	0.072*	0.131*	0.192*	*****
19	0.456	0.202	0.137	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.321	0.013*	0.074*	0.133*	0.194	*****
20	0.490	0.253	0.056	0.000	0.000	0.099	0.431	0.015*	0.076*	0.135*	*****	*****
21	0.373	0.214	0.054	0.000	0.000	0.054	0.261	0.017*	0.078*	0.137*	*****	*****
22	0.330	0.219	0.010	0.000	0.000	0.260	0.069	0.019*	0.080*	0.139*	*****	*****
23	0.419	0.269	0.013	0.000	0.000	0.290	0.033	0.020*	0.082*	0.141*	*****	*****
24	0.573	0.263	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.136	0.034*	0.022*	0.084*	0.143*	*****	*****
25	0.756	0.282	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.086	0.035*	0.074*	0.086*	0.145*	*****	*****
26	0.684	0.119	0.079	0.000	0.000	0.150	0.036*	0.026*	0.087*	0.147*	*****	*****
27	0.634	0.010	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.326	0.038*	0.028*	0.089*	0.149*	*****	*****
28	0.634	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.723	0.039*	0.030*	0.091*	0.151*	*****	*****
29	0.634	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.732	0.040	0.032*	0.093*	0.153*	*****	*****
30	0.542	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.354	0.051*	0.034*	0.095*	0.154*	*****	*****
31	0.450	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.293	0.000	0.036*	0.000	0.156*	*****	0.000
TOTAL	14.223	7.306	1.235	0.000	0.000	3.999	9.213	1.271	2.004	3.934	*****	*****
MEAN	0.459	0.246	0.040	0.000	0.000	0.129	0.307	0.041	0.067	0.127	*****	*****
MAX	0.781	0.641	0.137	0.000	0.000	0.732	1.664	0.162	0.095	0.156	0.194	0.000
MIN	0.155	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.003	0.001	0.030	0.097	0.158	*****
AC-FT	28.211	14.650	2.450	0.000	0.000	7.932	18.274	2.521	3.975	7.803	*****	*****

1) Record accuracy affected by siltation and corrosion of weir plate, worsening throughout year.

\* Interpolated value.

\*\* DISCHARGE, CFS \*\*



AF0182

178

MAR

20

51



AF0182

JUN

JUL

AUG

SEP

STOP 0.00  
Ready

0.24

0.40

\*\* DISCHARGE, CFS \*\*  
0.71

0.95

1.19

1.43

1.66

STATION CF0201			SAND CREEK NEAR TRACY, MT.									
WATER YEAR FROM SEPT 1980 TO OCT 1 1981			T 19W R 05E SEC 19 AAC					LAT 0 0 0 N LONG 0 0 0 W				
MEAN DISCHARGE, CFS												
DAY	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1	#####	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	14.818	1.857	1.698*	1.544*	1.385*	1.195
2	#####	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	14.176	1.852*	1.693*	1.539*	1.380*	0.959
3	#####	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	13.186	1.846*	1.687*	1.534*	1.375*	0.929
4	#####	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	11.286	1.841*	1.682*	1.528*	1.369*	0.929
5	#####	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	11.014	1.836*	1.677*	1.523*	1.364*	0.942
6	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	14.050	1.831*	1.672*	1.518*	1.359*	0.955
7	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	10.037	1.826*	1.667*	1.513*	1.354*	0.942
8	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.070	1.821*	1.662*	1.508*	1.349*	0.828
9	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	7.773	1.816*	1.657*	1.503*	1.344*	0.714
10	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.760	1.811*	1.652*	1.498*	1.339*	0.663
11	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.669	1.805*	1.646*	1.492*	1.333*	0.651
12	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.376	1.800*	1.641*	1.487*	1.328*	0.599
13	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.572	1.795*	1.636*	1.482*	1.323*	0.572
14	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.138	1.790*	1.631*	1.477*	1.318*	0.595
15	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.009	1.785*	1.626*	1.472*	1.313*	0.579
16	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.657	1.780*	1.621*	1.467*	1.308*	0.549
17	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.410	1.775*	1.616*	1.462*	1.303*	0.499
18	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.917	1.770*	1.610*	1.457*	1.298*	0.422
19	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.623	1.764*	1.605*	1.451*	1.292*	0.391
20	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.750	1.759*	1.600*	1.446*	1.287*	0.448
21	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.607	1.754*	1.595*	1.441*	1.282	0.478
22	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.361	1.749*	1.590*	1.436*	1.122	#####
23	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.883	1.744*	1.585*	1.431*	1.031	#####
24	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.658	1.739*	1.580*	1.426*	1.015	#####
25	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.523	1.734*	1.575*	1.421*	0.984	#####
26	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.672	1.728*	1.569*	1.416*	0.969	#####
27	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.282	2.793	1.723*	1.564*	1.410*	0.969	#####
28	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.879	2.424	1.718*	1.559*	1.405*	0.955	#####
29	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	7.951	2.350	1.713*	1.554*	1.400*	0.926	#####
30	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	16.109	2.056	1.708*	1.549*	1.395*	1.040	#####
31	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	13.896	0.000	1.703*	0.000	1.390*	1.824	0.000
TOTAL	#####	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	42.117	189.624	55.173	40.699	45.472	38.840	#####
MEAN	#####	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.359	6.321	1.780	1.623	1.467	1.253	#####
MAX	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	16.109	14.818	1.857	1.698	1.544	1.824	1.195
MIN	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.056	1.703	1.549	1.390	0.926	0.391
AC-FT	#####	#####	0.000	0.000	0.000	83.539	376.114	109.434	96.594	90.193	77.037	#####

1) Weir capacity exceeded

2) Weir washout, no record from 5-2 through 8-20

\* Interpolated value



FEB

MAR

APR

MAY





CF0281

JUN

JUL

AUG

SEP

STOP 0.00  
Ready

2.30

4.60

\*\* DISCHARGE, CFS \*\*  
6.90 9.21

11.51

13.81

16.11

D-25

STATION 00202 SAND CREEK CRICK NEAR TRACY, MT.  
 WATER YEAR FROM SEPT 1981 TO OCT 1 1982 T 19N R 05E SFC 15 WACA LAT 0 0 0 N LONG 0 0 0 W

DAY	MEAN DISCHARGE, CFS											
	GCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
1	0.000	0.000	0.025	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2	0.000	0.000	0.022	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
3	0.000	0.000	0.130	0.010	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
4	0.000	0.000	0.126	0.014	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
5	0.000	0.000	0.123	0.011	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
6	0.000	0.000	0.119	0.007	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
7	0.000	0.000	0.116	0.004	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
8	0.000	0.000	0.112	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
9	0.000	0.000	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.005	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
10	0.000	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.000	0.012	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
11	0.000	0.000	0.101	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.204	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
12	0.000	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.000	15.995	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
13	0.000	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.000	8.793	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
14	0.000	0.000	0.090	0.000	10.130	0.000	1.770	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
15	0.000	0.000	0.087	0.000	28.052	0.000	0.381	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
16	0.000	0.000	0.083	0.000	17.832	0.000	0.056	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
17	0.000	0.000	0.080	0.000	11.432	0.000	0.012	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
18	0.000	0.000	0.076	0.000	3.213	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
19	0.000	0.000	0.072	0.000	3.466	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
20	0.000	0.000	0.069	0.000	1.195	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
21	0.000	0.000	0.065	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
22	0.000	0.000	0.061	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
23	0.000	0.000	0.058	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
24	0.000	0.000	0.054	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
25	0.000	0.000	0.051	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
26	0.000	0.000	0.047	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
27	0.000	0.000	0.043	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
28	0.000	0.000	0.040	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
29	0.000	0.000	0.036	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
30	0.000	0.000	0.033	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
31	0.000	0.000	0.029	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
TOTAL	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.101	75.321	0.016	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
MEAN	0.000	0.000	0.003	0.003	2.690	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
MAX	0.000	0.000	0.130	0.025	28.052	0.012	15.995	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
MIN	0.000	0.000	0.029	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
AC-FT	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.201	149.397	0.032	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

- 1) Weir capacity exceeded.
  - 2) Weir washout 4-12, flow not measured accurately afterwards.
- \* Interpolated value.



FEB

MAR

APR

MAY



CF0282

JUN

JUL

AUG

SEP

DISCHARGE, CFS

0.00

4.01

8.01

12.02

16.03

20.04

24.04

28.05

Ready

10-29

STATION 00301 SAND CREEK NEAR CENTERVILLE, MT. WATER YEAR FROM SEPT 1980 TO OCT 1 1981 T 19N P 04C SEC 13 AAAA LAT 46 00 N LONG 112 00 W												
DAY	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MEAN DISCHARGE, CFS		MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP
						MAR	APR					
1	#####	0.219	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	75.166	2.413	49.458	11.507	13.11	1.077
2	#####	0.216	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	31.561	2.357	48.867	49.991	11.514	0.000
3	#####	0.267	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	25.364	2.253	48.266	39.329	11.220	0.004
4	0.097	0.202	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	22.812	2.191	47.671	29.000	11.772	0.004
5	0.074	0.202	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	22.333	2.191	47.075	29.204	10.737	0.004
6	0.071	0.184	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	24.376	2.765	46.479	28.600	10.142	0.004
7	0.063	0.167	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	23.412	3.393	45.984	28.013	9.540	0.022
8	0.060	0.200	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	22.447	9.668	45.288	27.417	8.958	0.767
9	0.060	0.186	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	21.483	10.462	44.692	26.821	8.359	0.001
10	0.105	0.188	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	20.518	11.437	44.096	26.226	7.759	0.001
11	0.136	0.204	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	19.554	11.194	43.501	25.630	7.163	0.000
12	0.150	0.241	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	18.589	15.344	42.905	25.034	6.567	0.000
13	0.142	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	17.625	16.004	42.309	24.430	5.972	0.567
14	0.124	0.043	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	16.660	14.430	41.714	23.842	5.376	0.581
15	0.343	0.035	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	15.696	15.344	41.118	23.247	4.780	0.507
16	0.527	0.058	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	14.731	32.346	40.522	22.651	4.185	0.507
17	0.908	0.057	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	13.767	51.139	39.927	22.056	3.589	0.507
18	0.740	0.066	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	12.802	51.139	39.331	21.460	2.992	0.556
19	0.451	0.055	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	11.838	51.139	38.735	20.864	2.398	0.556
20	0.716	0.017	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	10.872	51.139	38.140	20.269	1.802	0.556
21	0.261	0.042	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.909	56.010	37.544	19.673	1.200	0.507
22	0.322	0.005	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	8.944	55.415	36.948	19.077	0.604	0.507
23	0.293	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	7.930	54.819	36.352	18.481	0.000	0.507
24	0.278	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	7.015	54.223	35.757	17.886	0.000	0.537
25	0.283	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.051	53.628	35.161	17.290	0.000	0.856
26	0.312	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.124	5.086	53.032	34.565	16.694	0.000	0.920
27	0.330	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	11.095	4.122	52.436	33.970	16.099	0.763	0.930
28	0.290	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.483	3.157	51.841	33.374	15.503	0.866	0.700
29	0.264	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	20.754	2.635	51.245	32.778	14.907	0.870	0.703
30	0.245	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	37.557	2.606	50.649	32.183	14.312	0.871	0.714
31	0.236	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	32.681	0.000	50.053	0.000	13.716	1.160	0.700
TOTAL	#####	2.884	0.000	0.000	0.000	111.695	459.167	948.697	1224.604	792.192	159.267	21.610
MEAN	#####	0.096	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.603	15.306	30.603	40.820	27.651	5.150	0.707
MAX	0.908	0.241	0.000	0.000	0.000	37.557	35.166	56.010	49.458	31.507	13.11	1.077
MIN	0.060	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.606	2.191	32.183	13.716	0.000	0.556
AC FT	#####	5.721	0.000	0.000	0.000	221.543	910.743	1881.713	2428.968	1322.777	317.130	42.062

1) Weir capacity exceeded; washout occurred 5-21, repaired 8-21.

\* Interpolated value.



SEP

PMR

APR

SEP



CF0381

JUN

JUL

AUG

SEP

## DISCHARGE, CFS ##

STOP 0.00

0.00

16.00

24.00

32.00

40.00

48.00

56.00

Ready

D-33

STATION 070302 SAGE CREEK GREEN NEAR CENTERVILLE, KY.  
 WATER YEAR FROM SEPT 1901 TO OCT 1, 1902 T 10N R 04E SEC 13 4440 1.7 1.0 1.4 1.0 1.0 1.0

DAY	MEAN DISCHARGE, CFS											
	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG
1	0.407	0.500	0.398	0.074	0.000	0.000	0.073	1.073	1.010	1.751	1.671	1.053
2	0.407	0.503	0.388	0.064	0.000	0.000	0.366	1.071	1.000	1.740	1.653	1.053
3	0.407	0.503	0.382	0.053	0.000	0.000	0.117	1.069	1.000	1.741	1.657	1.053
4	0.407	0.579	0.371	0.042	0.000	0.000	0.134	1.067	1.004	1.743	1.661	1.053
5	0.507	0.573	0.361	0.032	0.000	0.000	0.282	1.065	1.007	1.741	1.670	1.053
6	0.572	0.500	0.350	0.021	0.000	0.000	0.340	1.063	1.000	1.740	1.672	1.053
7	0.556	0.559	0.339	0.011	0.000	0.000	0.003	1.060	1.798	1.730	1.675	1.053
8	0.527	0.552	0.329	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.058	1.796	1.728	1.673	1.053
9	0.513	0.545	0.318	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.056	1.794	1.724	1.671	1.053
10	0.531	0.539	0.308	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.438	1.054	1.792	1.732	1.669	1.053
11	0.804	0.532	0.297	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.524	1.057	1.790	1.730	1.667	1.053
12	0.736	0.525	0.286	0.000	0.000	0.000	23.283 <sup>2</sup>	1.050	1.788	1.728	1.665	1.053
13	0.729	0.518	0.276	0.000	0.000	0.000	15.539	1.048	1.786	1.726	1.663	1.053
14	0.722	0.511	0.265	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.515	1.046	1.784	1.724	1.661	1.053
15	0.713	0.504	0.255	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.905	1.044	1.782	1.722	1.659	1.053
16	0.709	0.490	0.244	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.903	1.042	1.780	1.720	1.657	1.053
17	0.702	0.491	0.233	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.901	1.040	1.778	1.718	1.655	1.053
18	0.695	0.484	0.223	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.099	1.038	1.776	1.716	1.653	1.053
19	0.688	0.477	0.212	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.097	1.036	1.774	1.714	1.651	1.053
20	0.681	0.470	0.202	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.095	1.034	1.772	1.712	1.649	1.053
21	0.675	0.464	0.191	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.093	1.032	1.770	1.710	1.647	1.053
22	0.668	0.457	0.180	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.091	1.030	1.768	1.708	1.645	1.053
23	0.661	0.450	0.170	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.089	1.028	1.766	1.706	1.643	1.053
24	0.654	0.443	0.159	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.087	1.026	1.764	1.704	1.641	1.053
25	0.647	0.436	0.149	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.085	1.024	1.762	1.702	1.639	1.053
26	0.641	0.430	0.138	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.083	1.022	1.760	1.699	1.637	1.053
27	0.634	0.423	0.127	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.081	1.020	1.758	1.697	1.635	1.053
28	0.627	0.416	0.117	0.000	0.000	0.256	1.079	1.018	1.756	1.695	1.633	1.053
29	0.620	0.409	0.106	0.000	0.000	1.770	1.077	1.016	1.754	1.693	1.631	1.053
30	0.613	0.402	0.095	0.000	0.000	1.137	1.075	1.014	1.752	1.691	1.629	1.053
31	0.607	0.000	0.085	0.000	0.000	0.677	0.000	1.012	1.750	1.689	1.627	0.000
TOTAL	19.774	15.037	7.553	0.797	0.000	3.793	81.705	57.114	53.429	53.307	112.111	112.111
MEAN	0.630	0.501	0.244	0.010	0.000	0.122	2.774	1.847	1.781	1.720	1.672	1.672
MAX	0.736	0.600	0.396	0.074	0.000	1.770	23.283	1.873	1.810	1.760	1.687	1.687
MIN	0.513	0.407	0.085	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.012	1.752	1.689	1.651	1.651
AC-FT	39.221	29.815	14.901	0.509	0.000	7.523	162.660	113.283	105.975	95.733	112.111	112.111

1) Recorder inoperable 2-6 through 3-21.

2) Weir washout occurred 4-12, partial flow measurement only.

\* Interpolated value.

\*\* DISCHARGE, CFS \*\*

0.00

3.03

6.05

9.08

12.10

15.13

18.16

21.19

OCT

NOV

DEC

JAN

— 25 —

40  
 11

164



CF0382

JUN  
JUL  
AUG  
SEP

\*\* DISCHARGE, CFS \*\*

STOP 0.00 3.31 5.65 9.98 13.30 16.63 19.96 23.28  
Reads

## APPENDIX E

### PROPOSED AMD MITIGATION ALTERNATIVES

The MBMG proposed 5 alternative acid mine drainage treatment measures for field testing to the Montana Department of State Lands in March, 1983. A description of the theory and proposed tests of each alternative are contained in this appendix.

#### E.1 State-of-the-Art in AMD Control

Lime and limestone treatment of acid mine drainage is a proven mitigation technique (Kim, et al., 1982; Bituminous Coal Research Institute, 1971; Hydrometrics, 1982). While lime ( $\text{Ca(OH)}_2$ ) is more effective at neutralization per unit weight than limestone, several factors favor usage of limestone in crushed or pulverized form, including low cost per unit neutralization, local availability, fewer safety problems in handling a less reactive reagent, lower potential for harmful effects on the body of water receiving the effluent and denser sludge. Diebold (1975) found that one-inch crushed limestone fragments provided effective neutralization of iron and copper loads in Montana acid mine drainage at Hughesville, but not of manganese, zinc and cadmium. Even if centralized neutralization facilities are effective, they require significant capital and maintenance investments and are not easily adaptable to treatment of a number of polluting mines over a wide area without a sophisticated collection system, such as is the case at Sand Coulee. In addition, such facilities must be operated continuously, under a variety of discharge and climatic conditions.

Centralized lime neutralization facilities produce large quantities of amorphous sludge which present major handling and disposal problems. Large neutralization facilities are operated successfully, however, in areas where active mining is ongoing, and trained personnel and equipment are available. The lack of mining operations and dispersed nature of AMD sources in the Sand Coulee area are a major impediment to centralized neutralization.

Hydrometrics (1982) list 22 effluent treatment techniques for AMD control at Sand Coulee. They rule out all but three for various reasons: streamflow regulation, evaporation ponds and neutralization facilities. They list 17 mine manipulation techniques, three of which were designated as being potentially applicable: dam and flooding, hydraulic seals and seals using mine backfill. Eight hydrologic system control methods were listed, two of which were deemed potentially applicable: overburden water removal by wells and vegetative evapotranspiration.

Hydrometrics gave a qualitative rating of the potentially applicable methods to 10 acid discharges in the Stockett-Sand Coulee area. The highest rating of any technique was "fair", given to dam and flooding of the AS04 adit (Brown Mine). Most ratings of success were poor, undetermined, no potential or variable. Overburden water removal methods were rated as poor for all sources, due to inadequate information on the aquifers involved and potentially large costs associated with well installation, maintenance, water pumping and piping. Evapotranspirational controls were rated poor or variable for various AMD sources, primarily due to insufficient information on recharge areas and no previous documentation of this technique for AMD control.

The U.S. Bureau of Mines (Kim, et al., 1982) has recently assessed the long-term success of various acid mine drainage treatments. Their recent inspections of wet, dry and hydraulic and/or bulkhead seals constructed over 10 years ago in West Virginia, revealed failures of 5 clay seals and continued discharge of acid water to a receiving stream. They indicated that mine sealing and flooding of 43,000 acres of old coal mines in Pennsylvania which are below the local drainage elevation, began over 30 years ago and that the water in some mine pools is now slightly alkaline. However, they state that in deep mines above the drainage elevation, "flooding is generally ineffective owing to seepage through fractures and the tendency of the water to migrate to other discharge points." The latter situation is the predominate case in the Stockett-Sand Coulee coal field.

The U.S. Bureau of Mines study briefly mentioned that overburden dewatering methods in the eastern U.S. have had limited success but are highly dependent on favorable hydrogeologic conditions. They made no reference to evapotranspirational control methods as a means of reducing infiltration to mines.

Results of this investigation generally support the findings of the previous studies. Mine sealing is one control technique which has been attempted in the Stockett vicinity. In one case, near the Giffen mine, sealing was performed successfully, but within a few months after sealing, a small seep had developed in the center of a nearby tract of agricultural land. Within a year, the seep had developed into a large marshy area discharging a flow reportedly not greatly different than that of the original spring. Because of the unpredictability of the effects of such sealing efforts, a number of local residents are

opposed to its use, as indicated by the results of the resident questionnaire carried out by Hydrometrics (1982).

#### E.2 Infiltration Control by Intensive Cropping Methods

Planting of water-consumptive crops such as alfalfa, sanfoin and safflower and the use of continuous cropping rotations has been shown to be effective in limiting the amount of infiltration allowed to recharge shallow saline-seep ground-water systems (Miller et al., 1981). It is conceivable that application of such cropping practices could reduce infiltration to mine adits that cause acid discharge. Saline-seep research has demonstrated that alfalfa sends roots to depths of 15 feet or more, utilizing 18 in. of water annually, whereas cereal grains root to only several feet and utilize 7 to 8 in. of water annually. Recropping of cereal grains when soil moisture permits will almost double the evapotranspirational water use over the former 2-year crop-fallow system (Brown and Miller, 1978).

A drawback with this approach is that some of the recharge to ground water occurs in the late winter (during snowmelt) or during spring rains, when most crops are not consuming large amounts of water and when direct evaporation is minimal. The soils on the benches are thin and permeable, so that soil moisture may not be retained long enough for it to be consumed by crops in the summer months. However, in this area intensive cropping will decrease the volume of excess infiltration to some extent, even if it does not eliminate it entirely. Other infiltration control methods, such as draining of leaky upland stock ponds or ephemeral natural potholes, may reduce infiltration substantially and should be considered.



Efforts to reduce infiltration by intensifying agriculture, would have to be monitored via observation wells in the Kootenai aquifer and measurement of AMD discharge for a number of years after implementation, before the degree of their success could be evaluated. Full root development and water use by alfalfa, for example, does not occur until the third year after planting.

Acid discharge sources fed primarily by local recharge areas currently in a crop-fallow rotation are the best candidates for testing this infiltration control method. Such areas include the cultivated benches above AS01, AS02, AS06, AS07, CS01 and CS02.

Effective implementation of cropping system changes for control of dryland saline seep has been shown to require technical assistance to the farmers involved (Dodge et al., in press). Long term adoption of intensive farming practices in the study area must prove to be practical and economical if wholesale reliance on subsidies is to be avoided.

### E.3 Horizontal Wells and Connector Wells

Installation and pumping of standard vertical wells to dewater the Kootenai aquifer, which is contributing leakage to abandoned mines, is a potential mitigation measure. However, the continued costs of pumping and maintenance appear to make this an undesirable and expensive alternative.

It is possible to take advantage of, or create, favorable differences in hydraulic head within wells, to gravity drain water from one aquifer to another or to the surface. The two well designs possible for use in dewatering the Kootenai aquifer are the connector

well and the horizontal well. The connector well would drain ground water from the basal Kootenai sandstone aquifer to the Madison group limestone which has a lower head, thereby preventing that water from draining into old mines and becoming acidized. The horizontal well would be drilled from a coulee into the basal Kootenai sandstone, just upgradient from old mine workings, and allow ground water to drain to the coulee before it leaks into the mines.

Connector wells have been used to dewater shallow aquifers in mining applications. A recent U.S. Geological Survey publication (Bush, 1983) describes the successful test of one connector well to recharge 50 gpm under gravity flow from a shallow sand aquifer to the underlying Floridan Limestone aquifer in central Florida. There is limited evidence to suggest that some domestic wells in the Stockett-Sand Coulee area may act as connector wells. A drillers log on a private well in T. 19 N., R. 4 E., sec. 23, indicates that ground water was encountered in the basal Kootenai sandstone, but that drilling continued 356 feet into the Madison limestone where a cavity was encountered. The total well depth was 586 feet, 71 feet below the cavity level and the well was uncased below 20 feet. The reported static water level was 515 feet below ground surface, just at the level at the bottom of the cavity. Ground water from the Kootenai aquifer may flow down the well bore to the level of the cavity in the Madison. The instances of contaminated Madison wells mentioned in section 2.2.5.1 also illustrates the connector well principle. If applied to the AMD problem, the connector wells would inject fresh Kootenai water into the Madison group limestone.

Horizontal drainage wells have been most frequently used in

dewatering of mining headwalls and highway road cuts. In the Stockett-Sand Coulee area, horizontal wells could be drilled into the sides of coulees upgradient from existing AMD sources as a test of this technique. Their obvious advantage is the use of gravity drainage and the elimination of long-term pumpage requirements. Secondly, the water removed through drainage would be typical alkaline Kootenai water and with a minimum of conveyance would be available for dilution of other AMD water in the receiving stream.

Favorable sites for horizontal well tests include several acid springs and mine discharges near Sand Coulee such as AS01, AS04, AS09, CS01 and CS02. The configurations of these coulees and predominantly local recharge sources create apparently favorable conditions for intercepting a sizeable portion of the ground-water flow field reaching the old mine workings.

The drilling distances would be variable, depending on the test site chosen and the quantities of water intercepted as the drilling progresses. It is estimated that a 500-1000 ft. hole would be attempted initially. The yield of a horizontal drainage well in the basal Kootenai sandstone is problematical, very much dependent on the quantity of saturated fractures encountered.

Vertical test wells would be drilled on the benches above these adits to the Morrison coal bed along the projected axis of the horizontal well. This will help confirm the extent of the old mine workings and provide elevation control on the basal Kootenai sandstone prior to drilling the horizontal wells.

The effectiveness of the horizontal wells in AMD control would be determined by measuring the discharge from the two adits with flumes or

weirs fitted with continuous recorders, both before and after operation of the drainage wells. The drainage well discharge would be measured continuously with recording flowmeters or flumes. Both adit and drainage well discharge would be sampled for water quality analyses during the flow tests.

#### E.4 Subsurface Injection of AMD

A potential AMD disposal and neutralization method may be gravity injection into the Madison limestone. The effectiveness and impacts of injection could be assessed with controlled field tests. The objectives of the tests would be to determine the effectiveness of AMD neutralization, porosity--permeability changes due to injection, extent of metal precipitation, and water quality impacts of AMD injection on the Madison aquifer.

Acid mine drainage leakage into the Madison aquifer is already occurring throughout the Stockett-Sand Coulee area in an uncontrolled fashion. There are several cases of Madison ground-water contamination reported by landowners and at least four additional suspected cases based on MBMG water quality data. AMD discharge in Sand Coulee, Number Five Coulee, Cottonwood Creek and Straight Creek is known to be lost to subsurface seepage, contaminating alluvial ground waters and probably the Madison as well. The results of controlled AMD injection tests would indicate whether such a procedure is preferable to uncontrolled leakage to several aquifers along the entire drainage network.

However, there is reason to question the applicability of such an injection program. As acid mine water is discharged into partially saturated zones of cavernous porosity in the Madison, several processes



will take place concurrently. If undiluted acid water comes in direct contact with limestone in the unsaturated portion of the Madison, it will tend to dissolve carbonates and may enhance porosity. As the pH rises above 4.5, both iron and aluminum will rapidly precipitate from solution as insoluble, amorphous hydroxides. As it reaches the saturated portion of the Madison, it may have little or no remaining acidity; what acidity remains will be buffered by the alkalinity of the Madison water, causing complete precipitation of the metal load down to the solubility of controlling metal hydroxide or carbonate species.

The major obstacle to the successful operation of such an injection well system would probably be the ability of the aquifer and well to resist becoming clogged with metal hydroxide precipitation products. Mines in the Sand Coulee area, those of poorest quality in the region, typically range from 600-1600 mg/L total dissolved metals, primarily iron and aluminum with much lesser quantities (<50 mg/L Zn, <10 mg/L Ni, Cu, Mo) of other metals. Assuming an average annual discharge of 40 gpm (2.5 liters per second (l/s)) for a hypothetical spring of typical water quality and metal load (TDS = 5000 mg/L; metals = 1.1 grams/L), and assuming a mean density of 3.0 g/cc for the metal precipitate (gibbsite - 2.4; ferric hydroxide - 3.3-4.3, depending on hydration), a total volume of 1024 ft<sup>3</sup>/year will precipitate from solution in the subsurface if the total discharge were to be injected into the Madison. Assuming a void ratio of 100 percent in this precipitate, approximately 1766 ft<sup>3</sup>/year would precipitate from injection water of just one spring. Such volumes could potentially clog even a large zone of cavernous porosity in the Madison over the period of a few years.

However, there are some factors which would support the feasibility-



ity of injection. First of all, the water would most likely be injected into the upper Madison which is partially unsaturated, and before it reaches the water table it may dissolve a significant volume of carbonates due to the water's high acidity, enhancing porosity and permeability. Secondly, our results indicate that acid streamflow is probably currently leaking into the underlying Madison in the Sand Coulee-Stockett area. Therefore, the injection concept may prove practical, provided that zones of cavernous porosity are present in the Madison to accommodate the anticipated metal load.

Certainly, however, the water quality impacts of such injection would have to be predicted and evaluated. Acid water injected into the aquifer would become neutralized with respect to metals and acidity. The Madison aquifer may, however, be degraded by the higher sulfate levels (2000-8000 mg/L) in the acid water, or by an increase in  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  and  $\text{Mg}^{2+}$  concentrations due to carbonate and dolomite dissolution.

Many Stockett-Sand Coulee residents have abandoned alluvial wells for deeper Madison aquifer wells. Any acid water injection proposal would have to be sanctioned by residents and carefully monitored to determine overall impacts. We have proposed one possible approach to conducting controlled field tests and evaluation of the injection technique.

Initial well drilling, logging and testing would be conducted to locate a favorable site. The vertical gradient must be downward, and there should be some initial solution or cavernous permeability in the upper unsaturated Madison group limestone.

An initial 10-day injection test would be run. Following a favorable evaluation of the first test, a second 100-day test would be

conducted. Water quality analyses of the observation wells, injection well and mine discharge would be made three or more times throughout the tests. Field pH, S.C. and alkalinity measurements would be made frequently. Continuous water level data would be collected throughout the test periods. The nearest private Madison well would be sampled before and after the test periods.

Following the tests, geophysical logs would be run again on the injection well and observation well changes in porosity and permeability caused by metal hydroxide deposition and carbonate dissolution. Aquifer pumping tests or slug tests would be re-run to determine permeability changes. Two new wells would be drilled to determine the extent of metal deposition and obtain samples.

The results of field sampling would be used as input to hydro-chemical modeling of the injection test. Analytical calculations and computer modeling would be employed to estimate the mechanisms and rate of acid neutralization and metal precipitation over time. The extent of porosity, permeability and water quality effects on the Madison aquifer would be evaluated. Recommendations regarding the long-term hydrogeologic feasibility and impacts of AMD injection to the Madison Group rocks would be made.

#### E.5 Flyash Neutralization

Flyash residue from coal-fired electric power plants is rich in calcium and has been tested and found to be effective in neutralizing pyrite induced acidity. Sonderegger and Donovan (1982) conducted acid titration and batch leach laboratory experiments with various mixtures of flyash and pyrite mine tailings and found that flyash has both

short-term and long-term buffering capacity. A one to ten, flyash to tailings mixture, was estimated to maintain a buffering capacity exceeding 100 years. Iron mobility in column leach tests with flyash was reduced by up to three orders of magnitude.

It is believed that small volumes of acid mine drainage water could be effectively neutralized by short-term retention and mixing with flyash in a small pit. An investigation would be needed to test the effectiveness and maintenance requirements of small flyash pits as a means to neutralize the numerous small acid water discharges in the Stockett-Sand Coulee area.

Pits of about 200 ft<sup>3</sup> in size would be excavated and filled with flyash. Acid inflows would be injected through the bottom of pits, where neutralization occurs prior to being discharged from the top of the downstream side of the pit. Water quality sampling and field testing of pH, S.C. and alkalinity of inflows and outflows would be done to document the rate of neutralization, bulk neutralization capacity of the flyash in the pit and affects on overall water chemistry and metals concentrations. The pit would be profiled afterwards, and maintenance and operation feasibility assessed.

#### E.6 Kootenai Water Neutralization

A simple and possibly effective AMD neutralization technique would be to mix alkaline ground water from the Kootenai aquifer with small volumes of acid mine drainage water. The mixing would occur in a pit where metals would be allowed to precipitate prior to discharge of the effluent.

Typical ground water from the lower Kootenai formation has an

alkalinity of 200 to 350 mg/l as  $\text{CaCO}_3$ . Assuming a mix of 2500 mg/l (as  $\text{CaCO}_3$ ) acid mine water, a 10:1 volumetric ratio of Kootenai to AMD water is required theoretically to achieve neutralization.

A several month test would be conducted to evaluate the effectiveness and field procedures associated with utilization of Kootenai ground water in neutralizing acid mine drainage in the Sand Coulee area.

Water quality samples and field pH, S.C. and alkalinity data would be collected at inflows and outflows to document the effectiveness of the technique.

The flyash and Kootenai ground-water neutralization experiments would be conducted with the purpose of determining the minimal field installation required for non-mechanical but effective treatment of the numerous small and ephemeral acid seeps in the study area. Such an alternative could be adopted by individual residents at low cost to assist regional AMD clean up efforts.

#### E.7 Treatments in Combination

There will probably never be a single mitigation technique feasible for controlling all acid mine drainages. Once implementation and testing of the previously discussed techniques on an individual basis is completed, various combinations may enhance AMD control.

If the head and permeability characteristics of the basal Kootenai sandstone aquifer prove conducive for horizontal wells, this technique could be combined with mine flooding and bulkheading. The two treatments could complement each other. The horizontal well will provide a hydraulic pressure release mechanism, maintaining hydrodynamic equilib-

rium and helping prevent unplanned seepage. The flooding will slow acid producing reactions in the old mines and may increase head in the overlying sandstone, thereby improving yields from the horizontal well at the expense of mine flow. The discharge of alkaline ground water from a horizontal well may provide an opportunity to neutralize the remaining acid flow in a pit below the source as indicated in the previous section.

Reductions in acid mine baseflows and total volume from intensive farming methods in recharge areas may allow installation of retention ponds or neturalization pits (using flyash or limestone) to treat the remaining acid flow. Mine flooding and bulkheading could be combined with injection of surplus water to a deeper receiving zone such as the Madison group limestone. A closed system overflow pipe could siphon surplus mine pool water in a relatively unoxygenated state to a deeper receiving aquifer. If acid-forming reactions could be minimized in the mine and rapid injection of ground-water recharge slugs accomplished, the injection water may be of better quality than typical AMD water. Mine pool water injected in this manner may result in water quality impacts to the Madison aquifer less than those currently being experienced.





11/23/27